

RAW Image Processing, Viewing and Editing Software

Digital Photo Professional

Ver. 3.0

Instruction Manual

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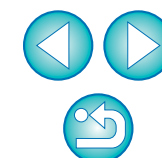
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● Content of this Instruction Manual

- DPP is used for Digital Photo Professional.
- In this manual, the windows used in the examples are from Mac OS X 10.4.
- ▶ indicates the selection procedure of the menu.
Example: [Digital Photo Professional] menu ▶ [Quit Digital Photo Professional].
- Square brackets are used to indicate items such as menu names, button names and window names that appear on the computer screen.
- Text inside < > indicates a key on the keyboard.
- ** indicates a reference page.
Click to move to the relevant page.
- ? : Marks helpful information when a problem arises.
- : Marks tips for using the software skillfully.
- : Marks information that should be read before use.
- : Marks additional information you may find helpful.

● Switching Between Pages

- Click on arrows on the bottom right of the screen.
 - : next page
 - : previous page
 - : return to a page you had previously displayed
- Click on the chapter headings on the right side of the screen to switch to the contents page of that chapter. Also, click the item you want to read about on the table of contents to move to the relevant page.

● Help and Shortcut Keys

- For information about using DPP, refer to Help from the [Help] menu.
- Refer to the “Shortcut Key List” in the Help for a list of shortcut keys which are helpful for quick operation.

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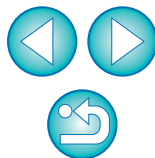
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Introduction

Digital Photo Professional (hereinafter, “DPP”) is high-performance RAW image processing, viewing and editing software for EOS DIGITAL cameras. It is often thought that RAW images are difficult to handle compared with ordinary JPEG images, but using DPP, you can perform advanced edits and print RAW images with ease.

RAW Images and Their Features

What is a RAW Image?

A RAW image is image data that has recorded output data of imaging sensor. Because image processing does not occur inside the camera when a photo is taken and the photo has been recorded in the special form of “RAW image data + Image processing conditions information at the time of shooting”, special software is needed to view or edit the image.

* “RAW” means “in a natural condition” or “not processed or refined”.

What is RAW Development?

If described in terms of film, the concept of a RAW image is a shot image not yet developed (latent image).

With film, the image appears for the first time when it is developed. And as for the RAW image, too, you cannot view it as an image on your computer unless you perform subsequent image signal processing.

Therefore, even though it is digital, this processing is called “development” and with EOS DIGITAL is performed using DPP.

With DPP, you can view, edit and print RAW images without having to be particularly conscious of the development processing.

What Advantages Does a RAW Image Have?

RAW images are recorded in the format “RAW image data + Image processing conditions information at the time of shooting”. When you open an image in DPP, the image is instantly developed and you can view the image as an image to which image processing conditions at the time of shooting have been applied.

Even if you perform various adjustments to the image you have opened (it undergoes automatic development processing each time), only the image processing conditions (development conditions) change and the “original image data itself” remains unaffected. Consequently, image deterioration is not a problem and it is the perfect image data for users who want to get creative with their images after they have been shot. In DPP, the “Image processing conditions information” that can be adjusted is called a “Recipe”.



RAW image data

Image processing conditions information

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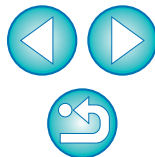
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Main Features of DPP

Following are the main tasks you can perform with images you have downloaded to your computer.

- **View and organize RAW images**
- **Real-time adjustment of a RAW image**
 - Various image adjustments while maintaining the original image
 - Freely apply a Picture Style
 - View your image before and after adjustment in the same window
- **Trim an image and change its size**
- **Automatic/manual dust erasure processing**
- **Convert from a RAW image to a JPEG or TIFF image and save**
 - Process large numbers of RAW images in batches
 - Transfer the image to image editing software
- **Print a RAW image**
- **View and organize JPEG and TIFF images**
- **Real-time adjustment of JPEG and TIFF images**
 - Various image adjustments while maintaining the original image
- **Print JPEG and TIFF images**
- **Color management compatibility**
 - CMYK simulation for commercial printing

System Requirements

OS	Mac OS X 10.3 to 10.4
Computer	Macintosh with one of the above OS installed
CPU	Minimum 400MHz, PowerPC G3, G4, G5 or Intel processor
RAM	Minimum 512MB
Display	Resolution : 1024 × 768 or more Colors : Thousands or more

- This software program is not compatible with UFS (UNIX File System) formatted disks.
- DPP also runs comfortably on Intel-based Macintosh since it is a Universal application.

Supported Images

This software supports the following image types.

	Image type/Camera used	Extension
RAW images	EOS-1D Mark III EOS-1D Mark II N EOS-1Ds Mark II EOS-1D Mark II EOS 5D EOS 30D EOS 20D/20Da EOS DIGITAL REBEL XT/400D DIGITAL EOS DIGITAL REBEL XT/350D DIGITAL EOS D6000* EOS D2000*	.CR2
	EOS-1Ds EOS-1D	.TIF
	EOS 10D EOS DIGITAL REBEL/300D DIGITAL EOS D60 EOS D30	.CRW
JPEG images	Exif 2.2 or 2.21-compatible JPEG images	.JPG, .JPEG
TIFF images	Exif-compatible TIFF images	.TIF, .TIFF

* Images converted to RAW images that have the “.CR2” extension in CR2 Converter. For information on CR2 Converter, refer to Canon’s web site.

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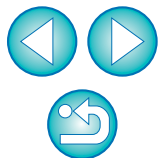
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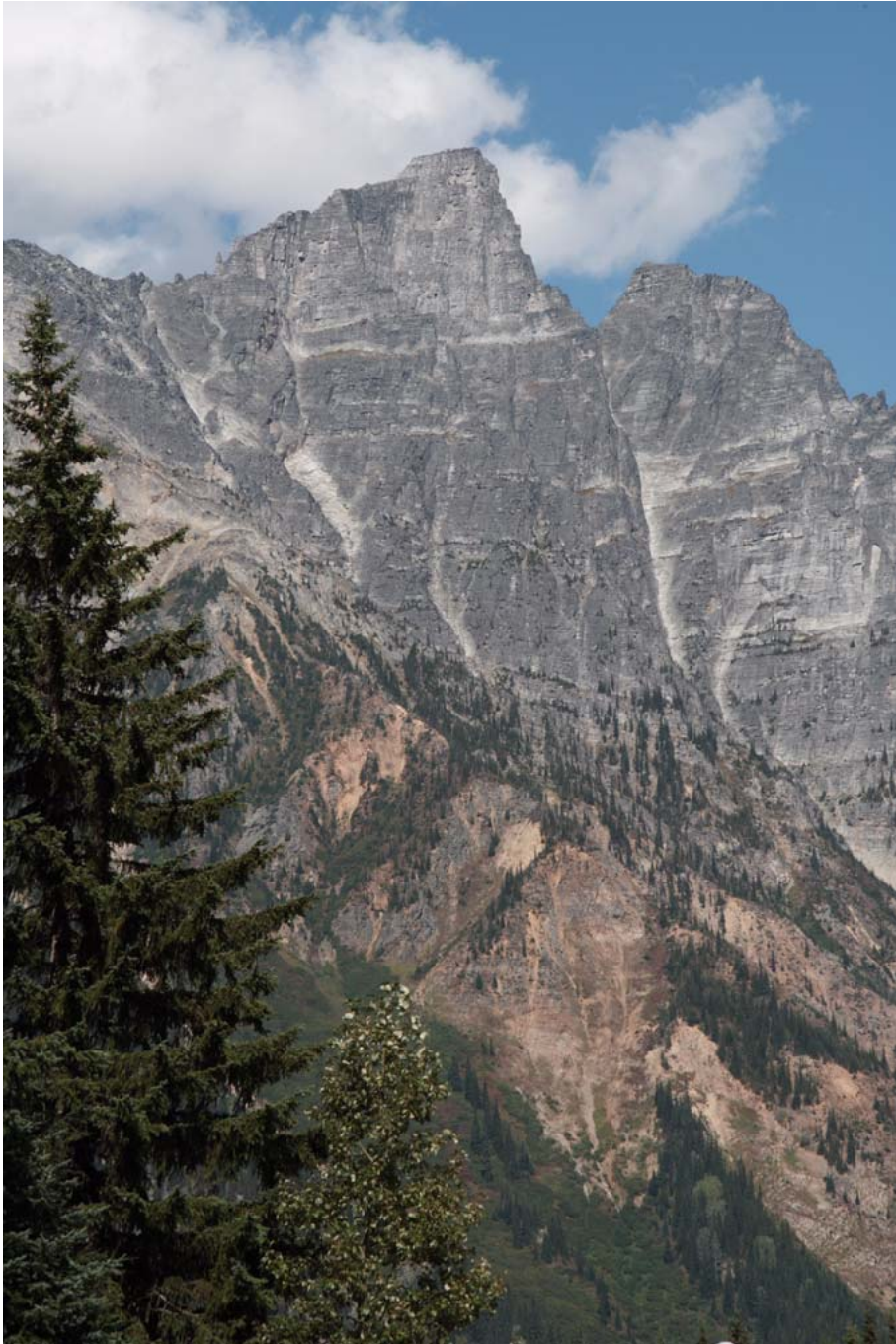
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1 Basic Operation



The basic operational flow – from how to download to your computer images shot with a camera to checking, editing, saving and printing a downloaded RAW image – is explained here.

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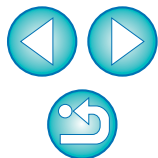
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Starting up DPP

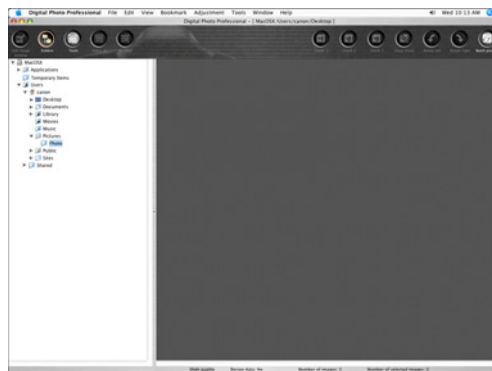
Click the Dock icon.



→ DPP starts up and the main window appears.



Main window

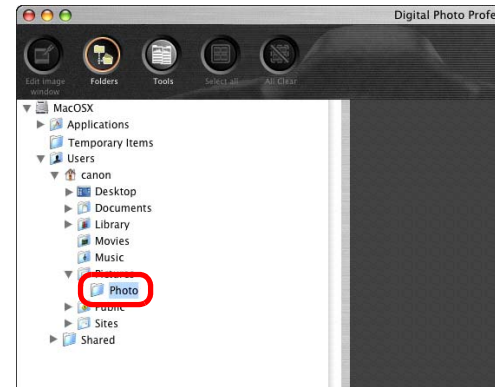


Downloading an Image to Your Computer

Connect the camera and computer with the cable provided and download the images saved on the memory card inside the camera. For downloading images, start up the camera software “EOS Utility” from DPP and use.

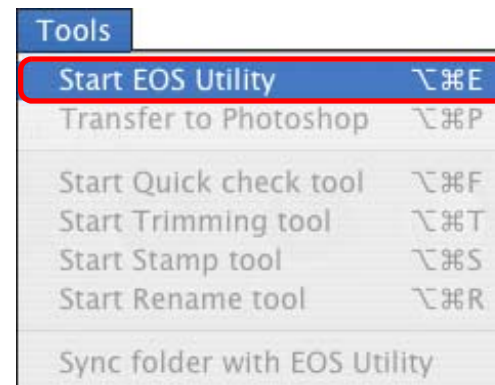
1 Select the save destination for the images.

- Select the save destination in the folder area on the left of the main window.
- When creating a folder, refer to [p.39](#).



2 Start up EOS Utility.

- Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start EOS Utility].



→ EOS Utility starts up.

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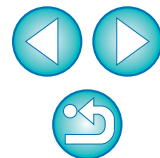
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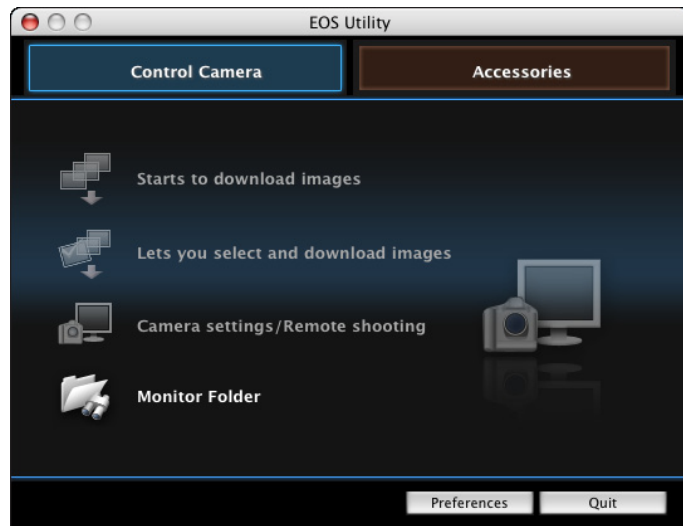
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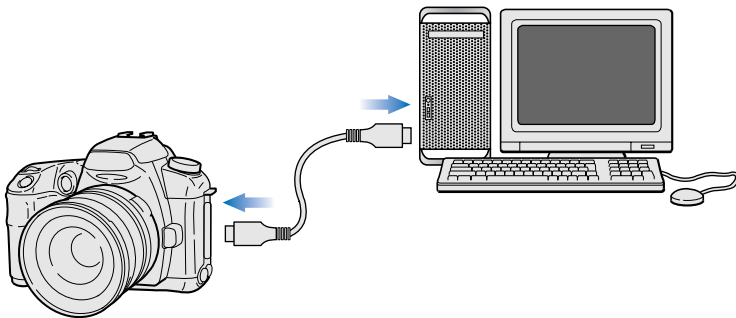


EOS Utility



3 Connect your camera and computer and turn the camera on.

- Connect the camera and your computer with the interface cable provided with the camera and turn the camera on.
- For detailed instructions on connecting your camera and computer, refer to the “EOS Utility Instruction Manual” (PDF electronic manual).



4 Download images.



Click

- Downloading of images begins.
- The downloaded images are saved in the folder selected in step 1 and are displayed in the main window of DPP.
- The downloaded images are sorted by date into folders and saved.

Advantages of using EOS Utility to download images

Using EOS Utility to download images makes it easier to organize your images as they are downloaded, sorted and saved into folders by date.

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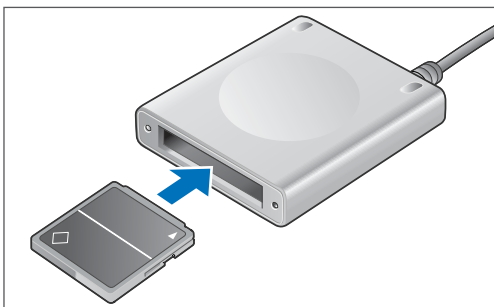
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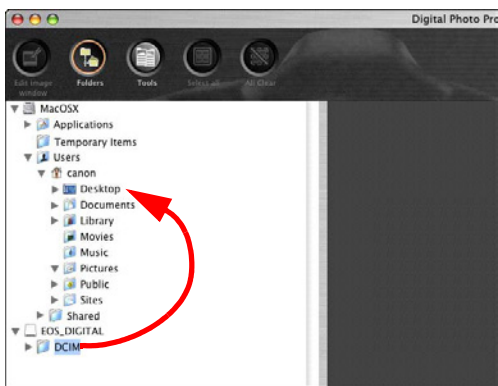
Downloading Images Using Your Card Reader

You can also download images to the computer using a third-party card reader.

1 Load the memory card into the card reader.



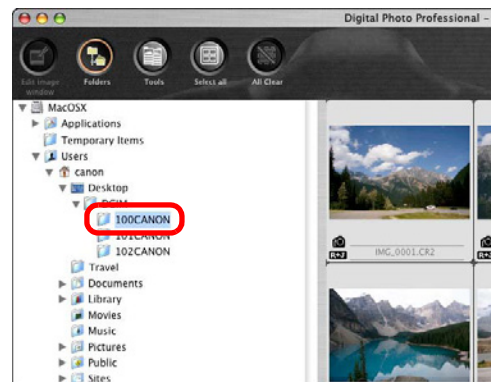
2 Open a removable disk icon in the folder area and move the [DCIM] folder inside to a suitable place such as to the [Desktop].



- The [DCIM] folder is downloaded to your computer.
- All images are saved in folder units inside the [DCIM] folder.

3 Display the images downloaded to your computer.

- In the [DCIM] folder copied to your desktop, select the folder where the shot images are saved.



→ Images in the folder are displayed in the main window of DPP.

💡 Checking before downloading images

By selecting the memory card folder directly in DPP, the images in the folder are displayed in DPP and you can check the shot images.

- Copying to your computer may take time when there is a large number of shot images saved in the memory card.
- For details on the [DCIM] folder structure and the file names of shot images, refer to “Folder Structure and File Names in the Memory Card” in the “EOS Utility Instruction Manual” (PDF electronic manual).

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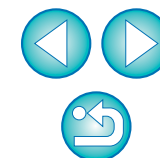
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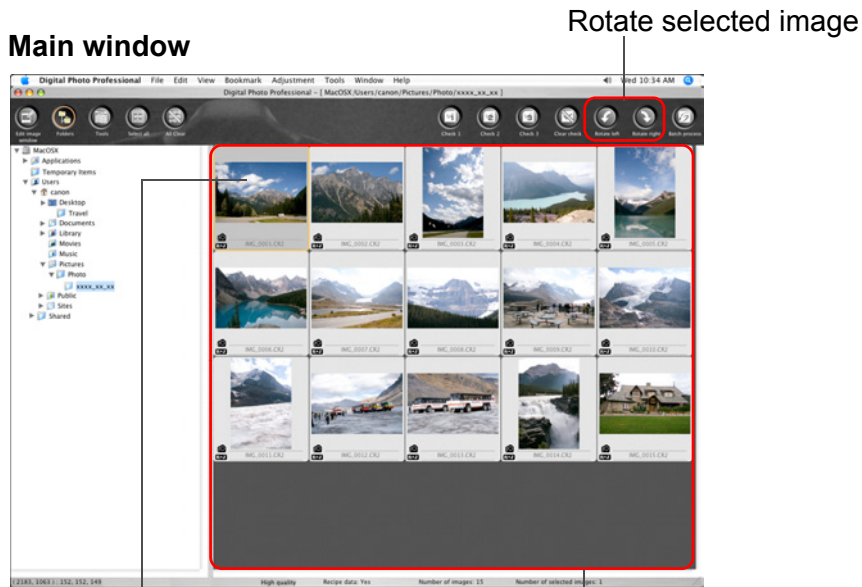
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Viewing an Image

Images downloaded to your computer are displayed as a thumbnails list in the main window. You can double-click an image to open the edit window and display the image at large size.

View Images as Thumbnails in the Main Window

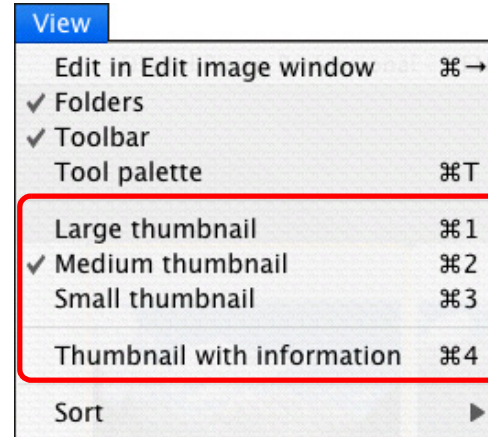


Display thumbnails of all the images inside the folder selected in the folder area on the left

Changing the Size of Images

You can change the size of the thumbnail images displayed in the main window and display them with shooting information attached.

Select the [View] menu ▶ desired item.



→ The display changes to the selected item.



- When aspect ratio information is attached to the shot image with a camera where you can set the aspect ratio, the image is displayed as a trimmed image (p.31, p.77).
- For a list of main window functions, refer to p.87.

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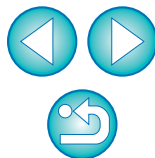
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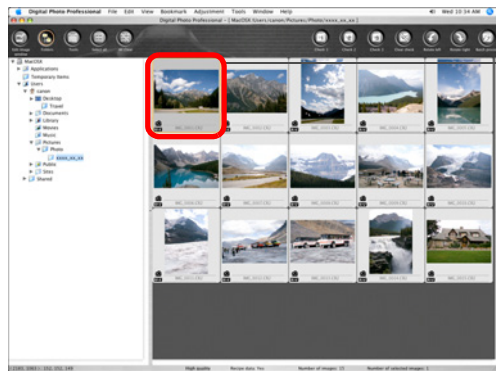
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Enlarge and View an Image in the Edit Window



Double-click

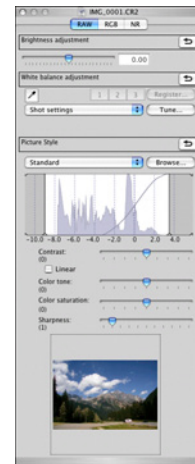
→ The edit window appears.



Edit window



Tool palette



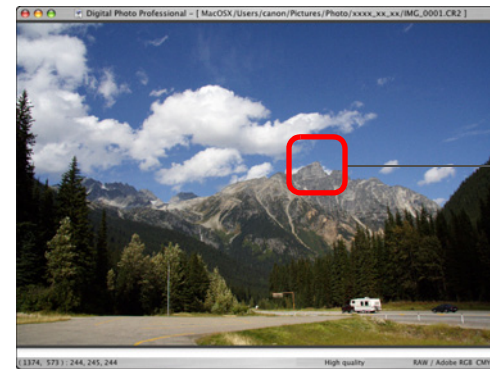
→ It may take time for the image to redraw itself.

- Click the [⊗] in the upper left of the window to close the edit window.

 For a list of edit window functions, refer to [p.89](#).

Enlarging and Viewing a Specific Area

Double-click the area you want to enlarge.

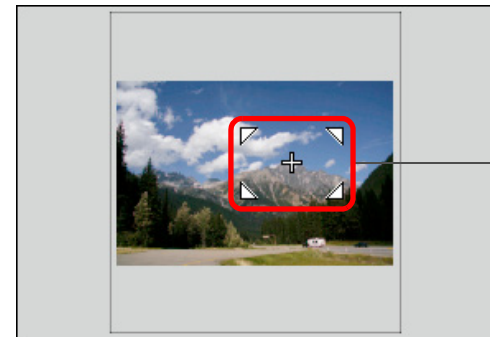


Double-click


→ The area you double-clicked is enlarged to 100% (actual pixel size). If you wait for a while, it changes to a clearer display.

- Double-click again to revert to the full view.
- To change the display position, drag on the image or drag the enlargement display position of the tool palette.

Tool palette enlargement display position



Change the enlargement display position by dragging

 **To display an image in an enlargement ratio other than 100%**

Select the [View] menu ▶ [200% view] or [50% view].

 You can change the enlargement ratio when you double-click ([p.58](#)).

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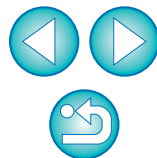
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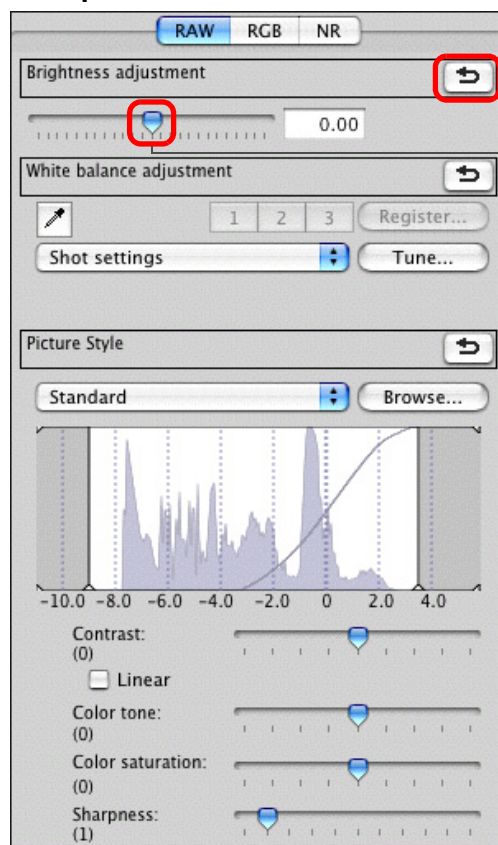


Adjusting an Image

You can perform a variety of image adjustments, such as adjusting the brightness or changing the Picture Style of an image using the tool palette of the edit window. You can easily restore an image to its original settings with the [↶] button even if you have made the wrong adjustment. Try out the various adjustments.

As an example, the procedure to adjust the brightness of an image is explained here.

Tool palette



Reverts the image to the original settings

Drag the slider left or right

→ The image brightness changes in real time according to the amount of adjustments.

? The tool palette does not display

Select the [View] menu ▶ [Tool palette].

About the Tool Palette

You can adjust images with the tool palette by switching between the [RAW], [RGB] and [NR] tab sheets according to your editing requirements.

Because adjustment made with the tool palette (it undergoes automatic development processing each time) only changes the image processing conditions, the “original image data itself” remains unaffected.

Therefore, there are no problems with image deterioration that arise with editing and you can readjust your images any number of times.

See Chapter 2 onwards for more detailed information on the various functions of the tool palette.

About Recipes

In DPP, all the adjustment contents (image processing conditions information) made with the tool palette is saved to an image as data called a “Recipe” (p.62).

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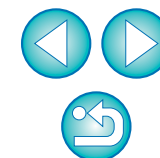
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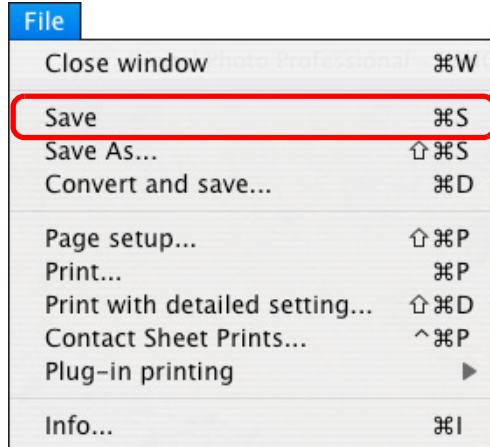


For a list of tool palette functions, refer to p.90.

Saving an Image

If you perform the save operation described here, you can save all the adjustment contents (recipe) made with the tool palette to the RAW image.

Select the **[File]** menu ▶ **[Save]**.



→ Your adjustment contents (recipe) are saved to the image.

Saving

With DPP, you can perform the following types of saving according to your requirements. For detailed information on each saving method, refer to Chapter 2 onwards.

- **Save** (p.33)
Add adjustment contents (recipe) made with the tool palette to a RAW image and save.
- **Save as** (p.33)
Add adjustment contents (recipe) made with the tool palette to a RAW image and save as a separate RAW image. The original RAW image remains unaffected.
- **Add thumbnail to image and save*** (p.20)
Create a new thumbnail image for the main window and save to each image.
The quality of images in the main window improves and images redraw themselves more quickly.
- **Convert and save** (p.34)
Convert adjusted RAW image to a JPEG or TIFF image and save.
The original RAW image remains unaffected.
- **Batch process*** (p.65)
Convert in batches adjusted multiple RAW images to JPEG or TIFF images and save.
The original RAW images remain unaffected.

You can save * in the main window.

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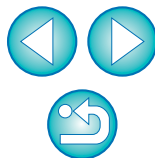
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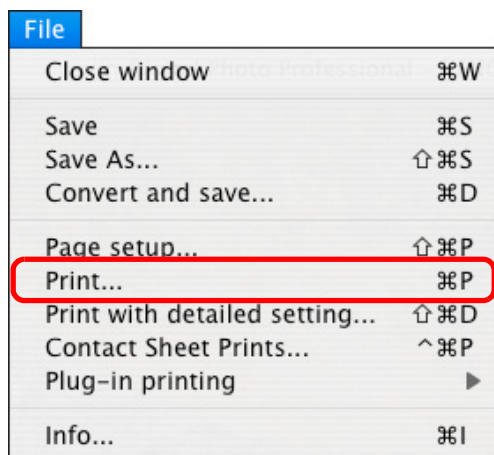
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Printing an Image

You can print images with a printer. As an example, the procedure to print one image on one sheet of paper is described here.

1 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Print].



→ The [Print] dialog box appears.

2 Print.

- Specify the optimum settings for photograph printing in the printer's print settings dialog box and click the [Print] button.
- Printing begins.

To change the paper size

To set the paper size etc., select the [File] menu ▶ [Page setup].

Printing

With DPP, you can perform the following types of printing according to your requirements. For detailed information on each printing method, refer to Chapter 2 onwards.

- Print one image (p.38)
- Print with a PIXMA/BJ printer (p.35, p.55)
- Print with shooting information (p.53)
- Printing a thumbnail list (contact sheet printing) (p.54)

Quitting DPP

In the main window, select the [Digital Photo Professional] menu ▶ [Quit Digital Photo Professional].



→ DPP quits.

Quitting DPP without saving adjustments to images

A confirmation dialog box for saving the images appears. Select [Yes to all] to save the adjustment contents (recipe) to all the images adjusted.

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2 Advanced Operation

A more advanced operation – from efficiently checking multiple images, to various ways of editing an image, printing a RAW image with a Canon printer and sorting images – is explained here.

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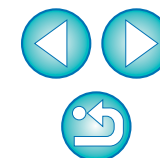
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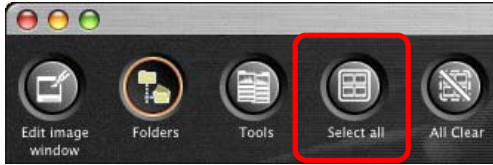
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Efficiently Checking/Sorting Images

You can enlarge images displayed as thumbnails in the main window and efficiently check each image. You can attach check marks and sort images into three groups.

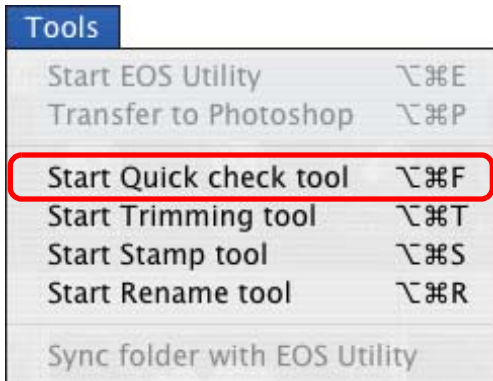
1 Click the [Select all] button on the toolbar.



→ The color of the image frame around all the images changes.

2 Display the quick check window.

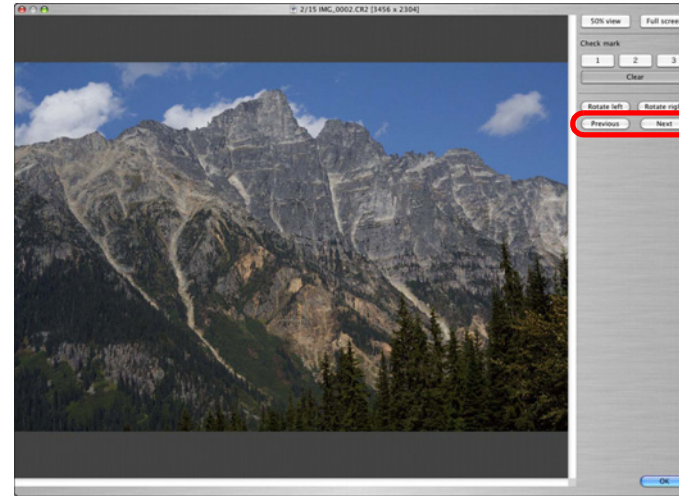
• Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Quick check tool].



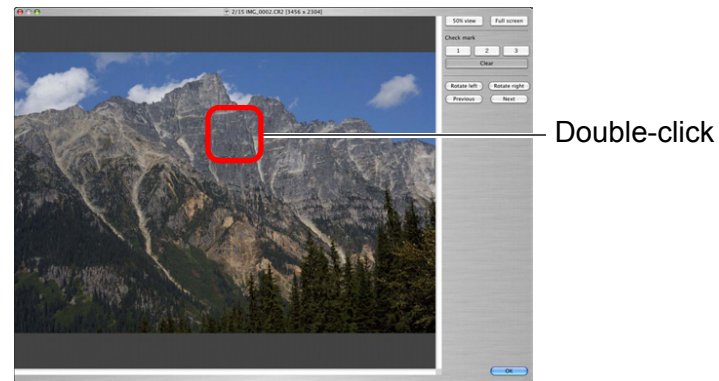
→ The quick check window appears.

3 Click the [Next] or [Previous] button to switch between images to be checked.

Quick check window



4 Double-click the area you want to enlarge.



→ The area you double-clicked is enlarged to 50% view.

• Double-click again to revert to the full view.

• To change the display position, drag on the image.

• To quit, click the [OK] button.

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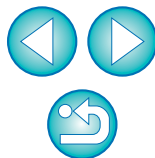
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Convenient functions of the quick check window

- **To check all the images, do not select an image in the main window**

When step 2 is performed with no image selected in the main window, you can check in the quick check window all the images that were displayed in the main window.

- **Switch between images using the keyboard**

You can also switch between images by pressing the <→> or <←> keys on the keyboard.

- **Switch between screens using the keyboard**

You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <⌘> + <F11> keys.

- **Operate using the menu**

Each operation can also be performed with the menu which appears by clicking on the image while holding down the <control> key.



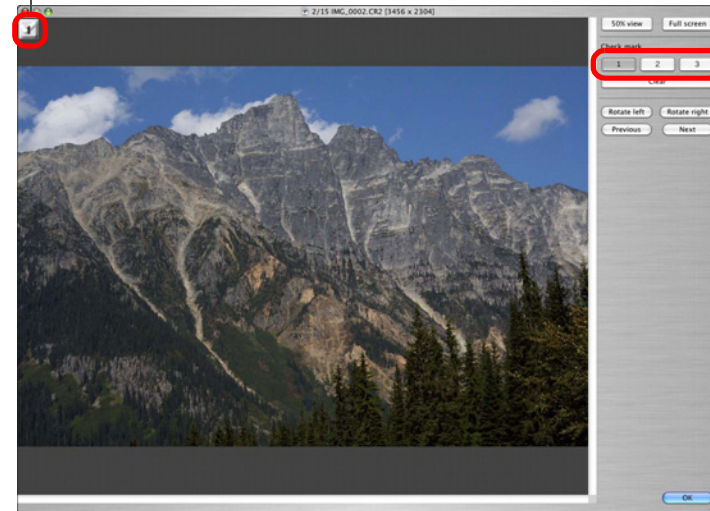
- The enlargement ratio when an image is enlarged is half (50%) of the actual pixel size (100%).
- For a list of quick check window functions, refer to [p.92](#).

Sorting Images

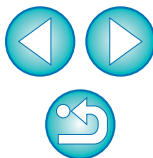
You can sort images by attaching three types of check marks for each subject or theme.

Attach check marks for sorting.

Check mark



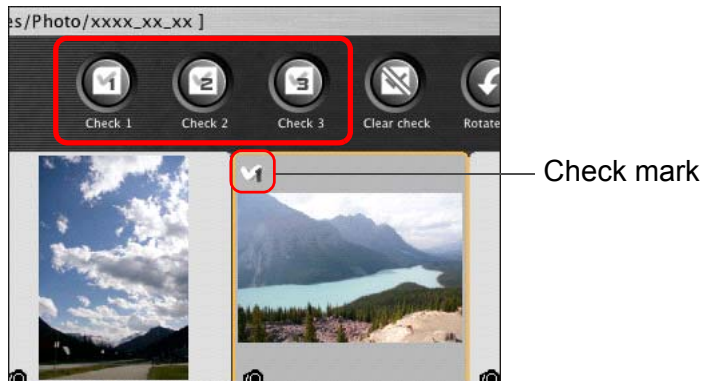
- The selected check mark appears in the upper left of the window.
- Click the [Clear] button to remove the check marks.



Sorting Images in the Main Window

You can sort images by attaching three types of check marks in the main window.

In the main window, select the images you want to sort and attach a check mark for sorting.



- The selected check mark appears in the upper left of the image frame.
- Click the [Clear check] button to remove the check marks.



To select multiple images in the main window

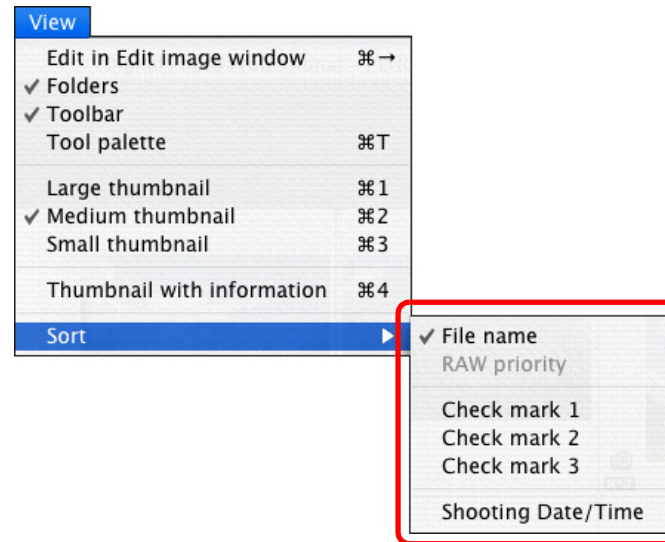
Click on desired images while holding down the <⌘> key. To select multiple consecutive images, click on the first image, and then click on the last image while holding down the <shift> key.

Arranging Images in the Main Window

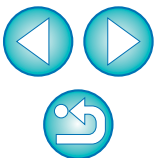
You can arrange images in the order of the types of check marks you have attached to images, or in the order of date and time at which the images were shot. You can also freely arrange images by moving them individually.

Arranging by Type

Select the [View] menu ▶ [Sort] ▶ desired item.



- The images are arranged in the order according to the selected item.



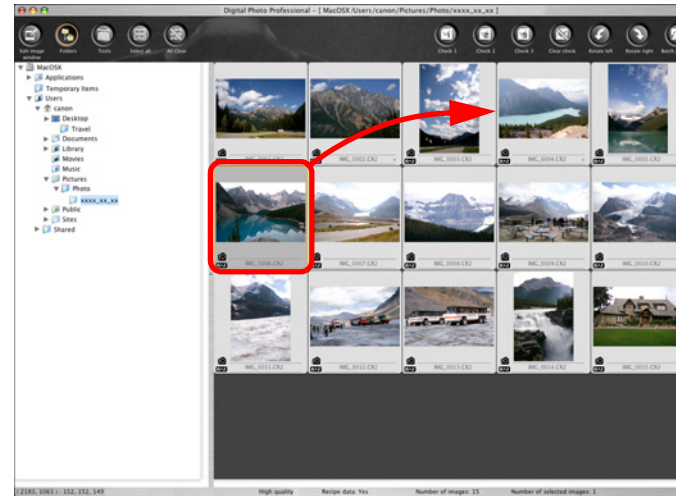
Sort item	Description
Check mark1 - Check mark3	Images with check marks take priority and are sorted in number order.
Shooting Date/Time	Images are sorted by shooting date and time from the earliest.
File name	Images are sorted by file name in alphanumeric order (0 to 9 → A to Z).
RAW priority	Images are sorted in the following order: RAW images → JPEG images → TIFF images

Check mark order

When you have attached check marks 1 to 3, the images are sorted as follows: If you select 1, the order is 1→2→3; if you select 2, the order is 2→1→3; if you select 3, the order is 3→2→1.

Arranging Freely

Drag and drop the image to the desired location.



- The image moves to the desired location.
- You can also select multiple images (p.17) and move them.
- The order is maintained until you quit DPP or until another folder is selected in the folder area (p.87).

Maintaining the order of arranged images

You can maintain the order by changing the file name with the rename function (p.67).

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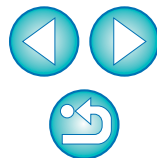
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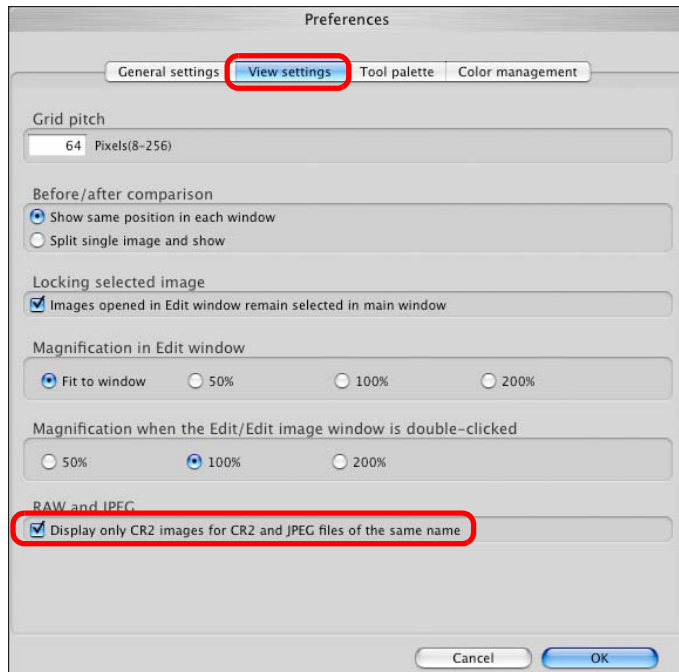
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Displaying a RAW Image and JPEG Image as a Single Image

You can display and handle a RAW image and JPEG image shot simultaneously as a single image. In particular, you can halve the number of images displayed in the main window and you can streamline the checking of a large number of images shot simultaneously.

- 1 Select the [Digital Photo Professional] menu ▶ [Preferences].
- 2 Select the [View settings] tab sheet and checkmark [Display only CR2 images for CR2 and JPEG files of the same name].



→ The main window display updates and the simultaneously shot RAW image and JPEG image are displayed as a single image with the [R+J] mark (p.88).

? RAW images with the extension “.CR2” can be displayed as a single image

Images that can be displayed as a single image are images shot with a camera that shoots RAW images with the extension “.CR2” and JPEG images simultaneously. Images that have been simultaneously shot with a camera that shoots RAW images with the extension “.CRW” or “.TIF” cannot be displayed as a single image.

💡 When a single image is displayed

- **Image displayed**
The RAW image is displayed in all windows.
- **Edited image**
When adjustment is performed with the tool palette, only the RAW image is adjusted. However, deleting (p.38), moving and copying (p.39) will affect both images.

📄 In step 2, if you uncheck [Display only CR2 images for CR2 and JPEG files of the same name], the RAW image and JPEG image are displayed as separate images.

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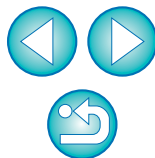
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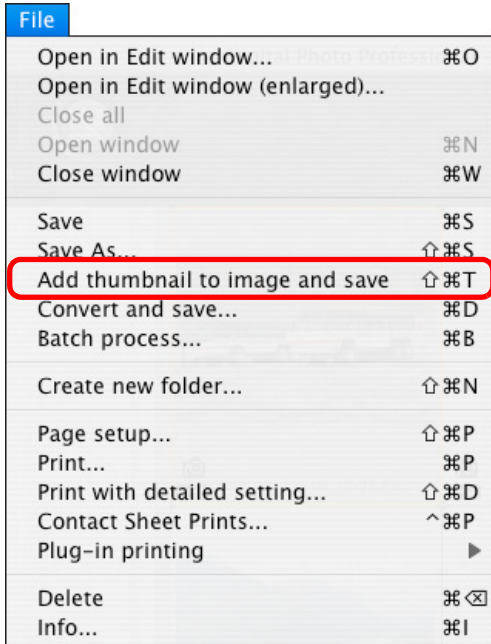


Improving the Quality of an Image in the Main Window

Create a new thumbnail image for the main window and save to each image.

The quality of images in the main window improves and images redraw themselves more quickly.

With all the images selected, select the [File] menu ▶ [Add thumbnail to image and save].



The extent of the improvement in quality

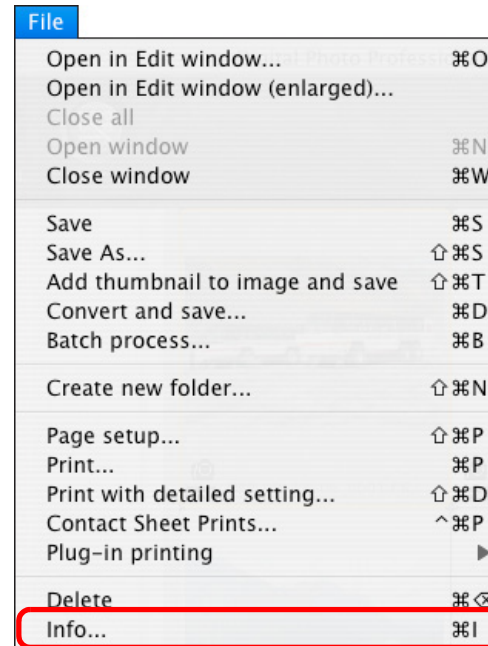
The quality improves the most when [Large thumbnail] (p.9) is selected. When [Medium thumbnail] or [Small thumbnail] is selected, the improvement in quality may be hard to tell due to its size. The quality also improves for JPEG and TIFF images.



A large number of images may take some time to add.

Checking Image Shooting Information

- 1 Select the image for which you want to check the shooting information.
- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Info].



→ The image information window appears.



Convenient uses in the main window

- **Switching displays**
If a different image is selected in the main window when the image information window is displayed, the shooting information for that image will be displayed.
- **Difference with the [Thumbnail with information]**
Detailed shooting information for each image is displayed in the image information window. However, if you want to only check the main shooting information, you can check it for each image in [Thumbnail with information] (p.9).

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Editing an Image

This section explains how to adjust an image using the tool palette in the edit window.

You can easily restore an image to its original condition with the [↶] button even if you have made the wrong adjustment. Try out the various adjustments.

How to make adjustments using the [RAW] tool palette functions, and how to adjust automatically with the [RGB] tool palette are explained in this section.

About the RAW Tool Palette

You can adjust images with the tool palette by switching between the [RAW], [RGB] and [NR] tab sheets according to your editing requirements.

Adjustments similar to those that can be performed with the functions of your camera can be performed using the functions of the [RAW] tool palette. When the camera settings were incorrect during shooting, or when the shooting result is not what you visualized, you can get closer to what you envisaged with the [RAW] tool palette which is similar to the camera.

All functions other than [RGB] tool palette automatic adjustment, and each function of the [NR] tool palette are explained in Chapter 3.

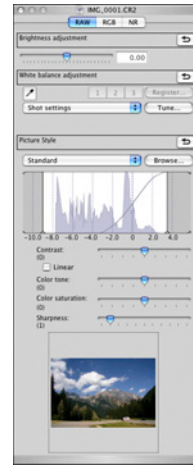
Editing with the Tool Palette in the Main Window

By clicking the [Tools] button (p.87) in the toolbar on the main window, the same tool palette that appears in the edit window is displayed and you can edit images.

Edit window



Tool palette



- The image changes in real time according to adjustments performed with the tool palette.
- To revert to the condition before the last operation performed on the tool palette, press the <⌘> + <Z> keys.



- You can rotate an image in the [Adjustment] menu.
- You can adjust an image while comparing the image before and after adjustment (p.42).
- You can synchronize multiple images and edit while comparing them (p.43).
- Refer to p.89 for a list of edit window functions, and p.90 for a list of tool palette functions.

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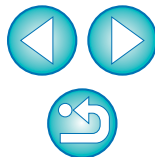
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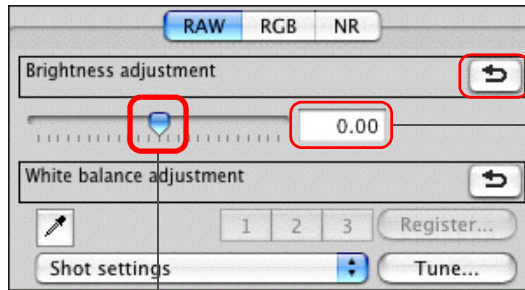
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Adjusting Brightness

Brightness of an image can be adjusted. Move the slider to the right to make an image brighter and to the left to make an image darker.



Reverts the image to the original settings

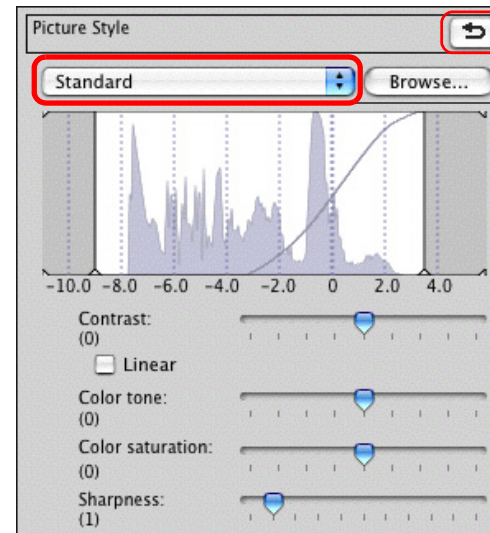
Enter a numerical value

Drag the slider left or right

Changing a Picture Style

If the image you shot is different to what you visualized, you can change the Picture Style to get closer to what you envisaged.

Even if you select [Monochrome] and have saved (p.33) the image, you can always revert to a color image by selecting a Picture Style other than [Monochrome].



Reverts the image to the original settings

Select

? Change [Contrast], [Color tone], [Color saturation] and [Sharpness] individually

In DPP, even if you change the Picture Style, the [Contrast], [Color tone], [Color saturation] and [Sharpness] settings do not change. Change each one individually.

- Even if the RAW image is from a camera that does not have Picture Style settings, you can still set a Picture Style as long as the RAW image is compatible with DPP (p.3).
- [Contrast], [Color tone], [Color saturation] and [Sharpness] set for each Picture Style item can be memorized for each image (p.58).

The adjustment range is -2.0 to $+2.0$ (in 0.01-stop increments when entering a value).

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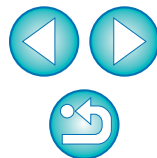
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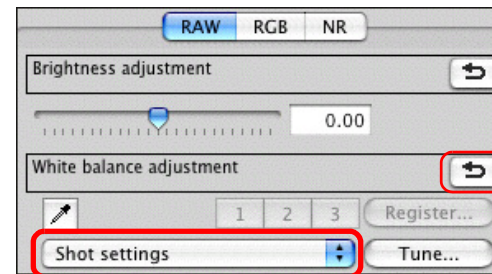
Picture Style	Description
Standard	The image looks vivid. Ordinarily, this setting is suitable for most images.
Portrait	For nice skin tones. Effective for close-ups of women and children. By changing the [Color tone], you can adjust the skin tone (p.25).
Landscape	For vivid blues and greens. Effective for making images of landscapes impressive.
Neutral	For natural colors and subdued images. Effective for base images which are to undergo adjustment.
Faithful	When the subject is photographed under a color temperature of 5200K, the color is adjusted colorimetrically to match the subject's color. Effective for base images which are to undergo adjustment.
Monochrome	For black and white images. You can also adjust with [Filter effect] or [Toning effect] (p.26).
(Picture Style file registered in the camera)	Displayed when selecting an image shot with the Picture Style file registered in the camera. In the list, the name of the Picture Style file is displayed in ().
[Picture Style file applied in DPP]	The name of the Picture Style file applied in DPP is displayed in [].

Picture Style File

A Picture Style file is an extended function of Picture Style. It is a file that offers effective image characteristics for an image shot in an extremely limited scene. Refer to p.45 for how to use Picture Style files.

Adjusting Color Tone by Changing White Balance

If the color tone of the photographed image does not appear natural, change the white balance to make it appear natural. You can make the color tone natural by setting the light source at the time of shooting an image of, for example, pale-colored flowers.



Select

Reverts the image to the original settings

? The color tone does not become more natural even when the white balance is changed

If the color tone of the image does not appear natural after changing the white balance, adjust the white balance using click white balance (p.24).

💡 Tune with color tone

To make further fine adjustments to color tone after adjusting the white balance, you can use [Color tone] (p.25) to get closer to your requirements.

📖 Refer to your camera's Instruction Manual for details on each white balance setting.

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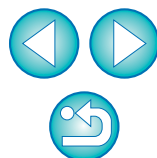
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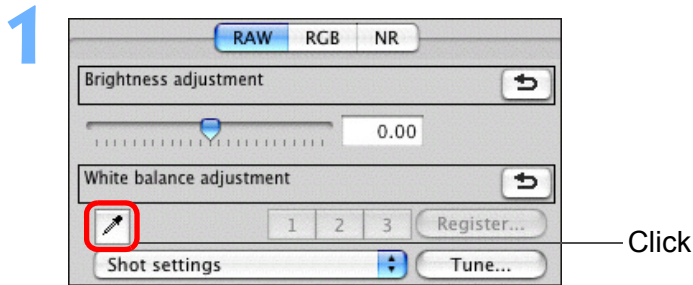
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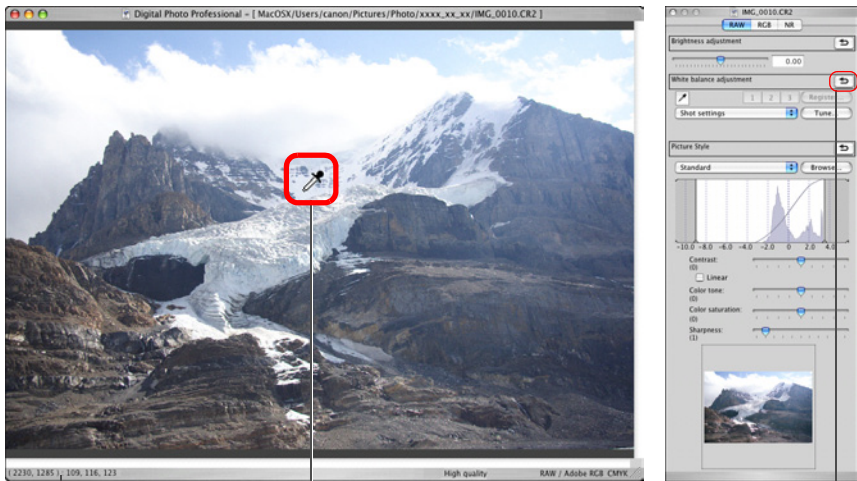


Adjusting Color Tone Using Click White Balance

You can adjust white balance using a selected part of an image as the standard for white to make the image appear natural. Using click white balance is effective when using it in parts of an image where white color tone has changed under the influence of a light source.




2 Click on a point that is to be the standard for white.




Click
The coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion)

Reverts the image to the original settings

- The color of the image is adjusted with the point you selected as the standard for white.
- If you click on another point in the image, the white balance is adjusted again.
- To finish click white balance, click the  button again.

? When there are no white areas in your image

When there are no white areas in your image, you can adjust the white balance by clicking on a neutral grey point of the image in step 2. This has the same adjustment result as selecting a white point.

 The image is adjusted based on the average value of 5 × 5 pixel range from the clicked point.

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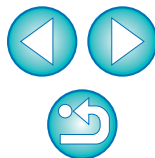
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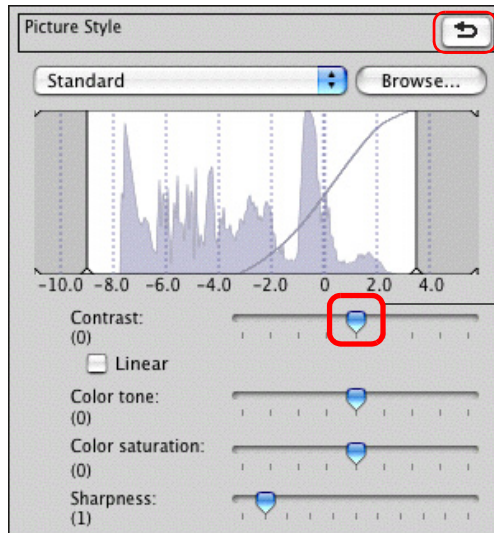
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Adjusting Contrast

Modulation and degree of contrast can be adjusted. Move the slider to the right to make contrast stronger and to the left to make contrast weaker.

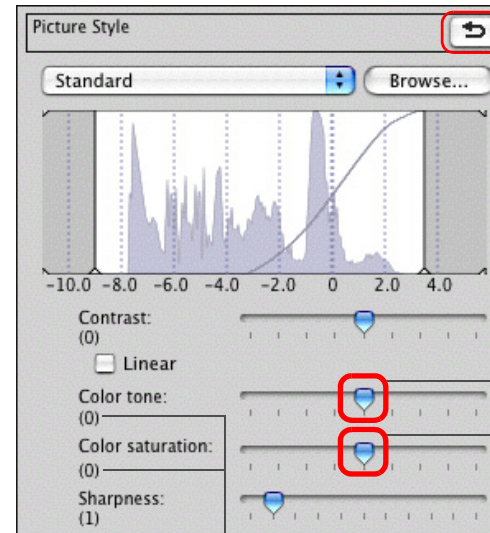


Reverts the image to the original settings

Drag the slider left or right (9 steps)

Changing Color Tone and Color Saturation

Skin tone and overall color saturation can be adjusted. If Picture Style (p.22) is set to [Monochrome], [Color tone] and [Color saturation] switch to [Filter effect] and [Toning effect] (p.26).



Reverts the image to the original settings

Drag the sliders left or right

Display the values of the settings

- **Color tone:** Mainly used for adjusting skin tones. Move the slider to the right to make skin tones more yellow, and to the left to make skin tones redder.
- **Color saturation:** The overall color depth of the image is adjusted with color saturation. Move the slider to the right to make the color deeper, and to the left to make the color weaker.



[Linear] - A function for advanced adjustment

Use [Linear] when you will be adjusting separately using image editing software that has advanced editing functions. Note that when [Linear] is checkmarked, the image will become dim.



The adjustment range is -4 to +4 (in 1-stop increments).

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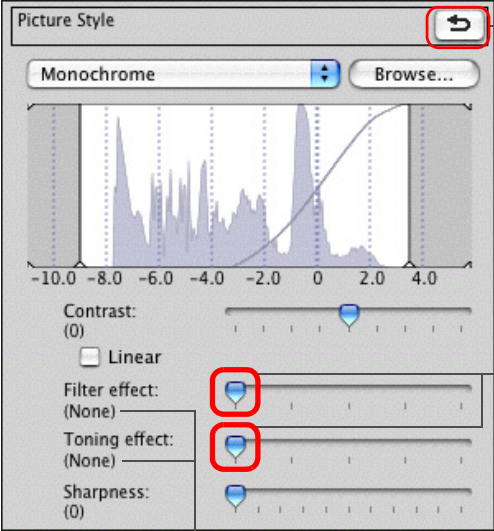


Adjusting Monochrome

When the Picture Style (p.22) is set to [Monochrome], you can create monochrome photographs with effects similar to filtering and with the look of a single-color photograph.

1 Select [Monochrome] in the [Picture Style] list box (p.22).

2



Reverts the image to the original settings


Drag the sliders left or right

Display the values of the settings

- **Filter effect:** Creates an image where the white of clouds and the green of trees are emphasized in the same monochrome photograph.

Filter	Example of effect
None	Ordinary monochrome image without filter effect.
Yellow	Blue sky is reproduced more naturally and white clouds emerge clearly.
Orange	Blue sky becomes somewhat darker. The brightness of the setting sun increases further.
Red	Blue sky becomes quite dark. Autumn leaves become clear and bright.
Green	Human skin tones and lips become softer. The green leaves of trees become clear and bright.

- **Toning effect:** You can create a single-color monochrome photograph to which color has been added. You can choose from [None], [Sepia], [Blue], [Purple] and [Green].

 **Increase the [Contrast] to emphasize the filter effect**

To emphasize the filter effect, set the [Contrast] (p.25) slider closer to the right.

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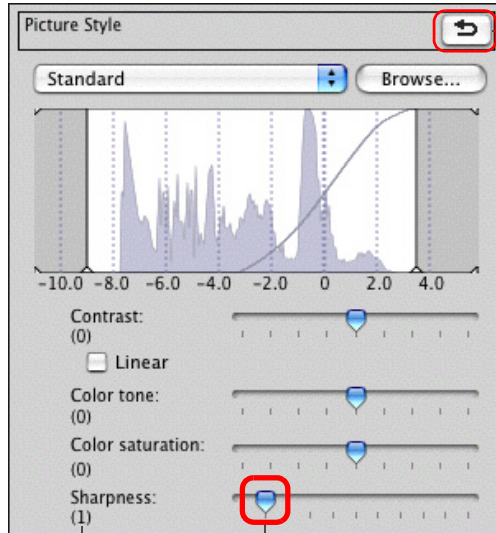
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Adjusting Sharpness

You can make the overall atmosphere of an image harder or softer. Move the slider to the right to make an image harder and to the left to make an image softer.



Reverts the image to the original settings

Drag the slider left or right

Display the value of the setting

? Sharpness is unnatural

Adjust sharpness with the window view set to [100% view], [50% view] or [200% view]. If the view is set to [Fit to window] (full view), the sharpness will seem unnatural.

The adjustment range is 0 to 10 (in 1-stop increments).

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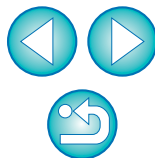
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Editing Efficiently

The thumbnail display and the edit window are combined and images can be edited efficiently while quickly switching between images to be edited. Images to be edited are selected beforehand in the main window.

1 In the main window, select the images you want to edit.

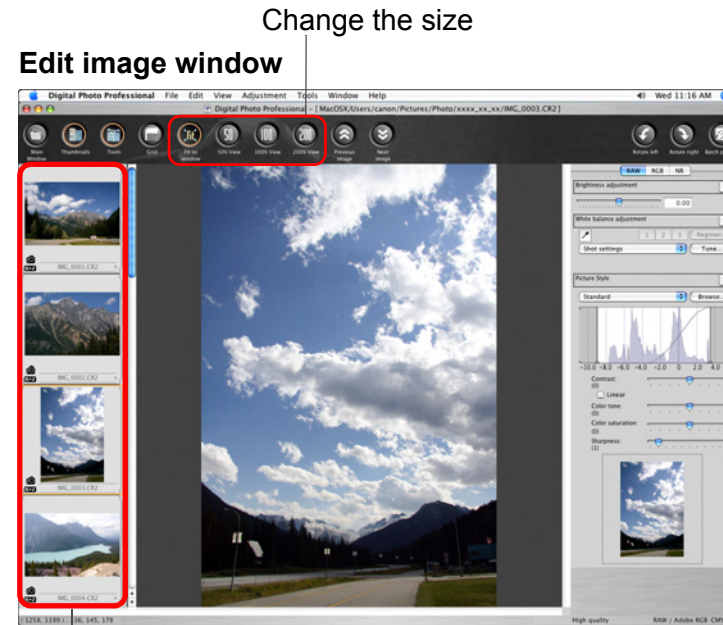
2 Switch to the edit image window.



Click

→ The main window switches to the edit image window.

3 Edit in the edit image window.



Select the image to be edited

The selected image is displayed as an enlargement in the middle of the window

→ It may take time for the image to redraw itself.

- The same tool palette as in the edit window is displayed and you can edit the image.
- To revert to the condition before the last operation performed on the tool palette, press the $\text{⌘} + \text{Z}$ keys.

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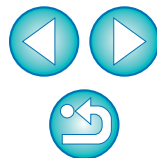
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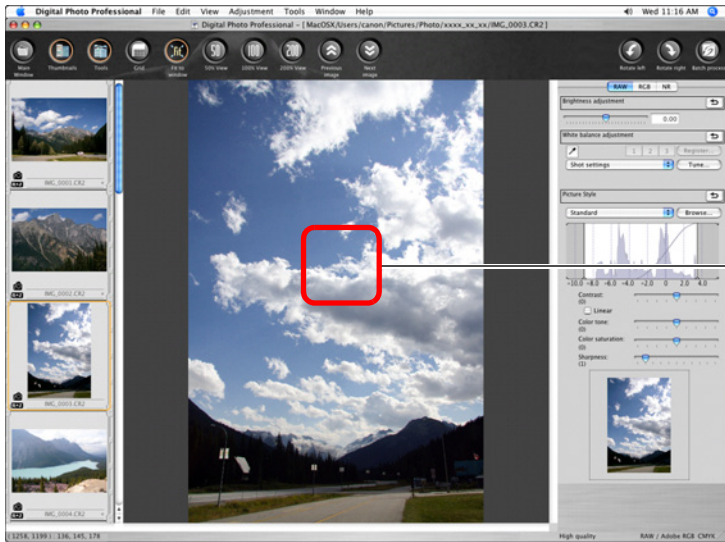
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4 Double-click the area you want to enlarge.



Double-click

- The area you double-clicked is enlarged to 100% (actual pixel size). If you wait for a while, it changes to a clearer display.
- Double-click again to revert to the full view ([Fit to window]).
- To change the display position, drag on the image or drag the enlargement display position (p.90) of the tool palette.
- To return to the main window, click the [Main window] button on the toolbar.

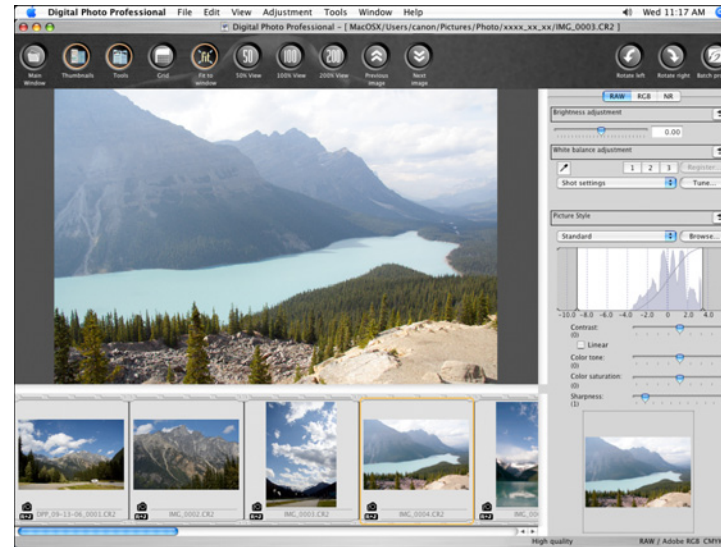
 **To display an image in an enlargement ratio other than 100%**

Click the [50% view] or [200% view] on the toolbar.

- You can change the way the tool palette is displayed (p.58).
- You can change the enlargement ratio when you double-click (p.58).
- For a list of edit image window functions, refer to p.93.

Changing the Thumbnail Display Position to a Horizontal Position

Select the [View] menu ▶ [Change thumbnail position].



- If you select [Change thumbnail position] again, the thumbnail display reverts to the vertical position.

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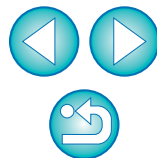
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? About trimmed images

- **The trimmed range can be reverted to its original condition at any time**
A trimmed image is displayed or printed as a trimmed image. However, since the image is not actually trimmed, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Reset] button in the trimming window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.35).
- **Display of the trimmed image in each window**
 - Main window: The frame showing the trimming range is displayed on the image, and the [□] mark is displayed (p.88).
 - Edit window: The image is displayed in its trimmed condition.
 - Edit image window: The thumbnail image is the same as the main window display, and the enlarged image is the same as the edit window display.
- **Printing a trimmed image**
You can print as a trimmed image by printing it in DPP.
- **The image becomes a trimmed image when converted and saved**
The trimmed RAW image actually becomes a trimmed image when converted to a JPEG or TIFF image and saved (p.34).
- **Images that have aspect ratio set display as trimmed images**
When aspect ratio information is attached to the shot image with a camera where you can set the aspect ratio, the trimming range is displayed based on the aspect ratio information. However, since the image is not actually trimmed, you can change the trimming range or revert to the condition before trimming.



Convenient functions of the trimming window

- **Switch between screens using the keyboard**
You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <⌘> + <F11> keys.
- **Operate using the menu**
Each operation can also be performed with the menu which appears by clicking on the image while holding down the <control> key.
- **Apply the trimmed range to another image**
You can apply the trimmed range to another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the trimmed range, displaying another image and then clicking the [Paste] button.
To batch apply a copied trimming range to multiple images, select the trimmed image and the multiple images to which you want to apply the trimmed range in the main window, and display the trimming window. With the trimmed image displayed, click the [Copy] button and then click the [Apply all] button. This will apply the trimming range to all the images selected when the trimming window is displayed.



For a list of the trimming window functions, refer to [p.95](#).

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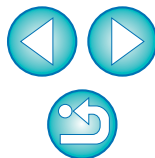
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Applying Adjustment Contents to Other Images

You can copy the image adjustment contents (recipe) adjusted with the tool palette and apply it to other images.


You can efficiently adjust multiple images by adjusting one image and applying the results of this to multiple images shot in similar shooting environment.

1 Select the adjusted image and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Copy recipe to clipboard].

→ The recipe is copied.

2 Select the image to which the recipe is to be applied and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Paste recipe to selected image].

→ The recipe is applied to the image.

 The recipe (p.62) can be saved as a separate file from the image and loaded and applied to another image (p.63).

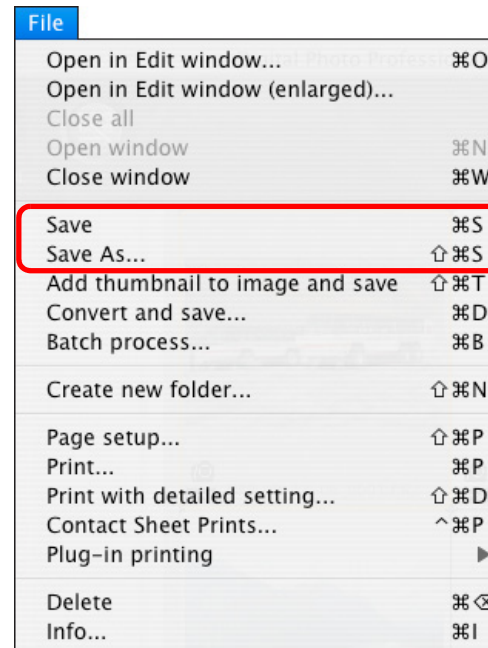
Saving Editing Results

Saving Editing Contents to a RAW Image

All the contents (recipe) adjusted with the tool palette as well as the trimmed (p.31) range information can be saved to a RAW image or to a separate RAW image.

Also, each adjustment made with the tool palette (p.44) and dust erase contents (p.49 to p.52) explained in Chapter 3 can also be saved to a RAW image.

Select the [File] menu ▶ desired item.



→ Your adjustments are saved to the image.

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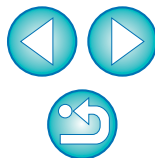
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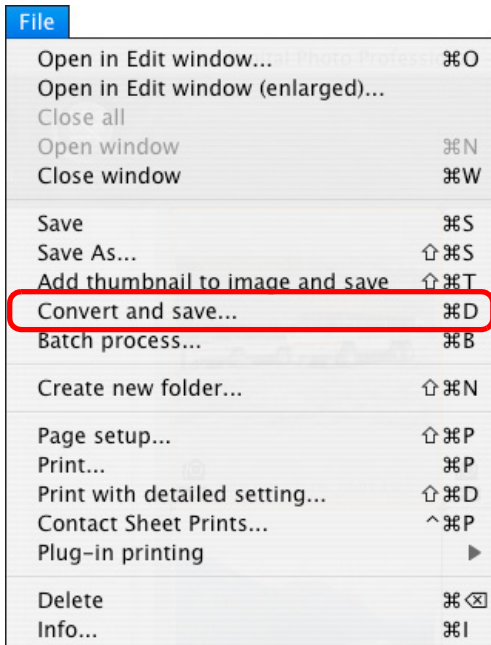
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Saving as a JPEG or TIFF Image

To view, edit and print a RAW image with software other than DPP, convert to a more versatile JPEG or TIFF image and save. The image is saved as a separate image, so the RAW image remains unaffected.

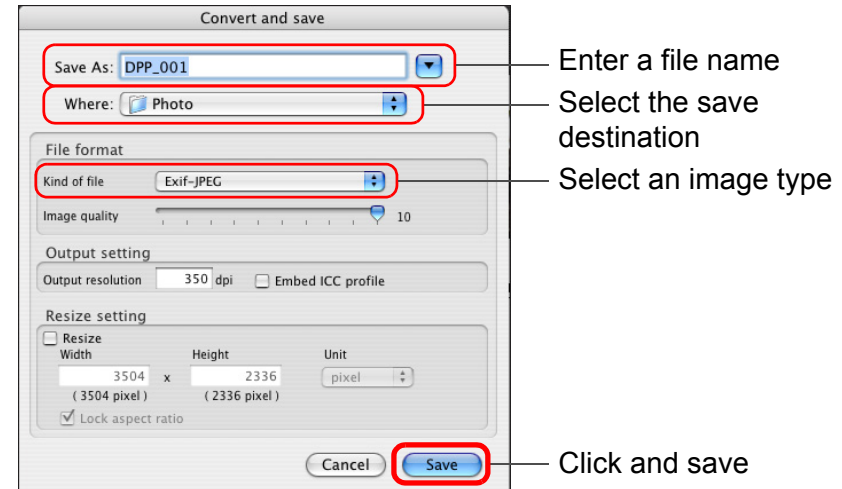
- 1 Select the image to be converted.
- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Convert and save].



→ The [Convert and save] window appears.

3 Specify the necessary settings, and then click the [Save] button.

- By default, the image is converted and saved to a JPEG image with the highest image quality, without changing the image size. Change the settings according to your requirements.



→ The RAW image is converted to a JPEG or TIFF image which is then saved as a new image in the specified save destination.

- By saving as explained on this page, a trimmed image (p.31) or dust-erased image explained in Chapter 3 (p.49 to p.52) actually becomes a trimmed image or dust-erased image.
- You can batch convert and save multiple images (p.65).
- For a list of [Convert and save] window functions, refer to p.94.

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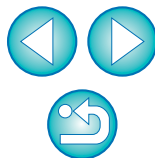
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Re-Editing an Image

Only the image processing conditions are changed in images adjusted with the tool palette (p.21), so the “original image data itself” remains unaffected. Also, the trimming range information of a trimmed image (p.31) is simply saved to the image.

For this reason, you can undo any adjustments saved (p.33) to the image, trimming information, and revert to the condition when last saved, or when the image was shot.

1 Select the image that is to be re-edited.

2 Select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ desired item.

Adjustment	
Rotate Left	⌘L
Rotate Right	⌘R
Add check mark1	⌘F1
Add check mark2	⌘F2
Add check mark3	⌘F3
Clear check mark	⌘F4
Apply Dust Delete Data	
Work color space	▶
Tone curve assist - Standard	
Tone curve assist - High	
Revert to last saved settings	⇧⌘Z
Revert to shot settings	⇧⌘Z

→ The image reverts to the conditions of the selected item.

Printing an Image

This section explains how to print high-resolution photographs easily with the PIXMA/BJ printers compatible with the Canon printing software, Easy-PhotoPrint. It also explains how to print photographs using other printers.

Printing Photographs with PIXMA/BJ Printers

You can perform the following types of photograph printing with the PIXMA/BJ printers compatible with the Easy-PhotoPrint:

- Simple printing of RAW images
- Printing with faithful colors
- High quality printing using the color reproduction range of Adobe RGB and a PIXMA printer

To perform this printing, it is necessary to first install Easy-PhotoPrint version 2.1 or later on your computer.

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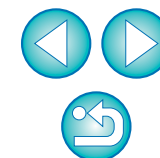
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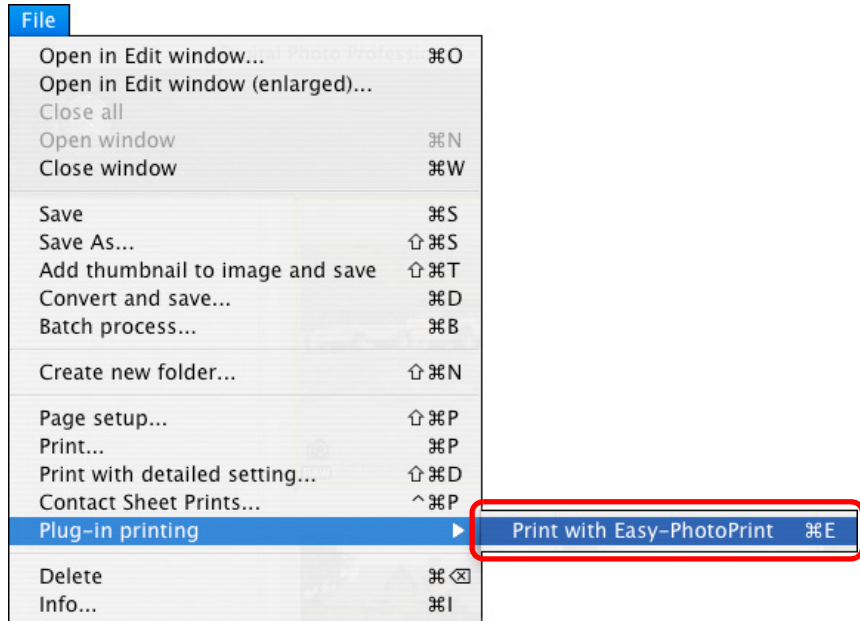
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1 Select the image to be printed.

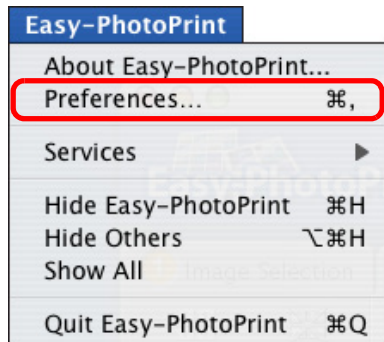
2 Start up Easy-PhotoPrint.

- Select the [File] menu ▶ [Plug-in printing] ▶ [Print with Easy-PhotoPrint].



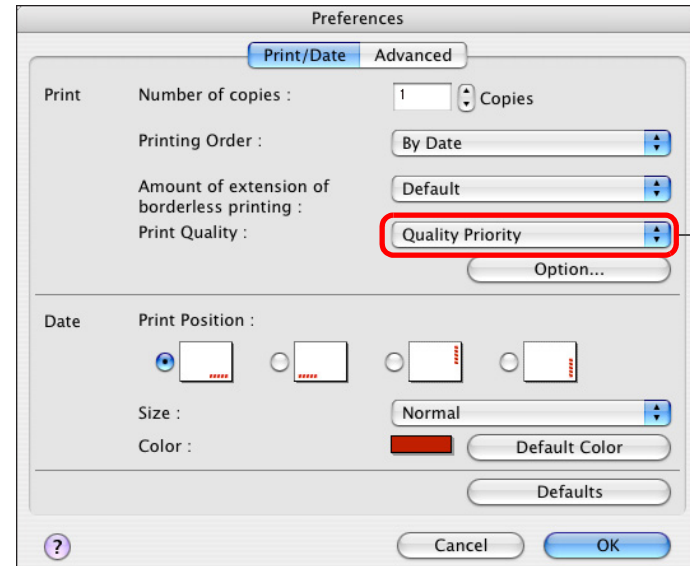
→ Easy-PhotoPrint starts up.

3 In the Easy-PhotoPrint window, select the [Easy-PhotoPrint] menu ▶ [Preferences].



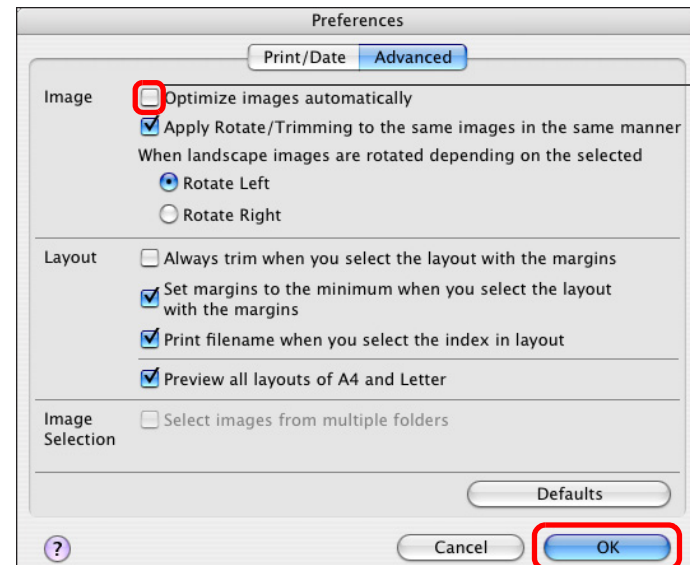
→ The [Preferences] window appears.

4 Select [Quality Priority] in [Print Quality].



Select Quality Priority

5 Select the [Advanced] tab sheet and cancel the Easy-PhotoPrint image compensation function.



Click to remove check mark

Click to close the window

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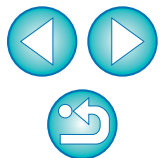
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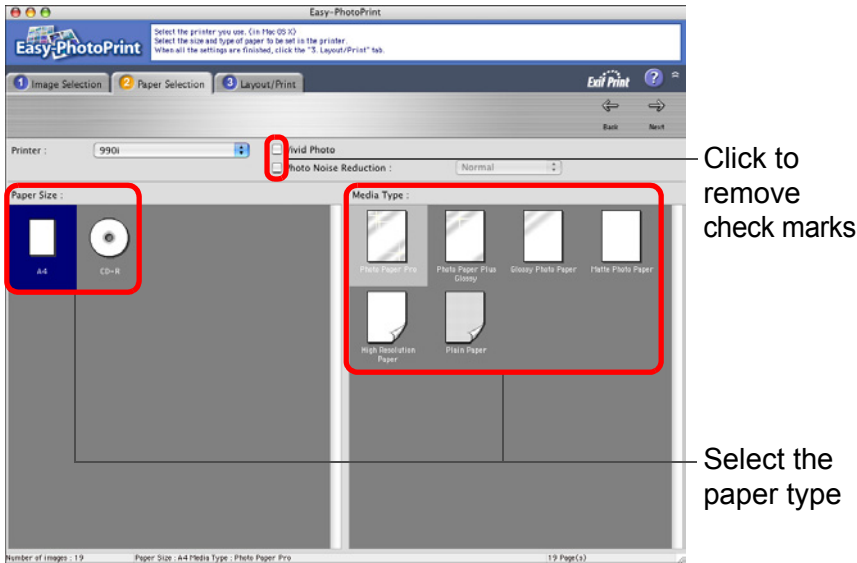
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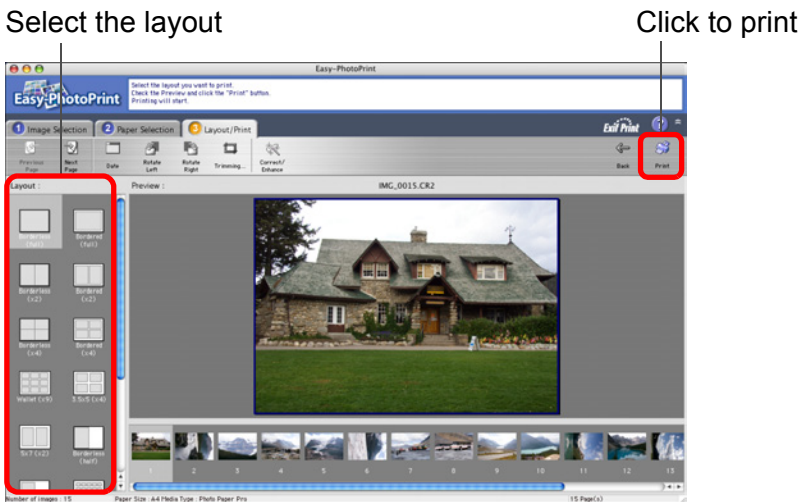
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6 In the [2 Paper Selection] tab sheet, cancel the image compensation function and select the paper type.



7 In the [3 Layout/Print] tab sheet, specify the layout and click the [Print] button.



→ Printing begins.

? Additional information

- **Print up to 1000 images at a time**
You can print up to 1000 images selected in DPP at a time. When printing more than 1000 images, divide the printing into several jobs.
- **The printed image's color is not what you expected**
Change the [Rendering intents when using Easy-PhotoPrint] to [Perceptual] (p.59, p.60) and print.

💡 Advantages of printing with Easy-PhotoPrint

- **Printing with faithful colors**
When the color space is set to sRGB or Adobe RGB (p.52, p.59, p.60), this color space is automatically transmitted from DPP to Easy-PhotoPrint, allowing you to print with faithful colors. If you set Apple RGB, ColorMatch RGB or Wide Gamut RGB, the image is printed with Adobe RGB color space.
- **Printing with a wide color reproduction**
When the color space (p.52, p.59, p.60) is set to Adobe RGB and the image is printed with the PIXMA printer, the color reproduction area widens, and green and blue in particular are reproduced vividly.

🖨️ DPP is also compatible for printing with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro (p.55).

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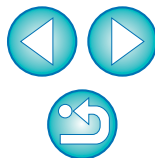
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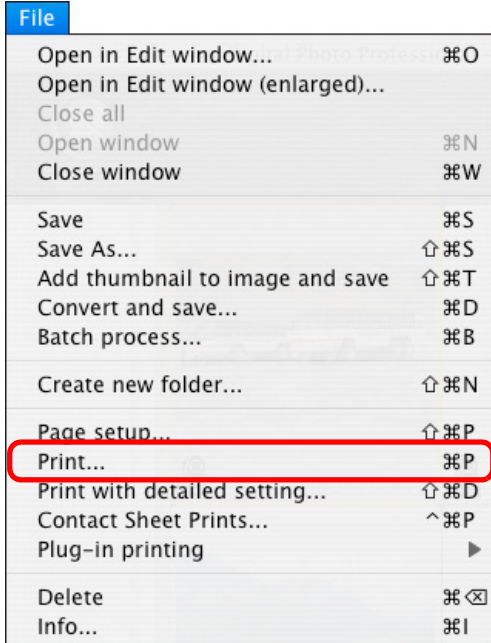


Printing Photographs with a Printer other than the PIXMA/BJ Printers

You can print one image on one sheet of paper.

1 Select the image to be printed.

2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Print].



→ The [Print] dialog box appears.

3 Set to photograph printing and print.

- Specify the optimum settings for photograph printing in the printer's print settings dialog box and click the [Print] button.
- Printing begins.

Organizing Images

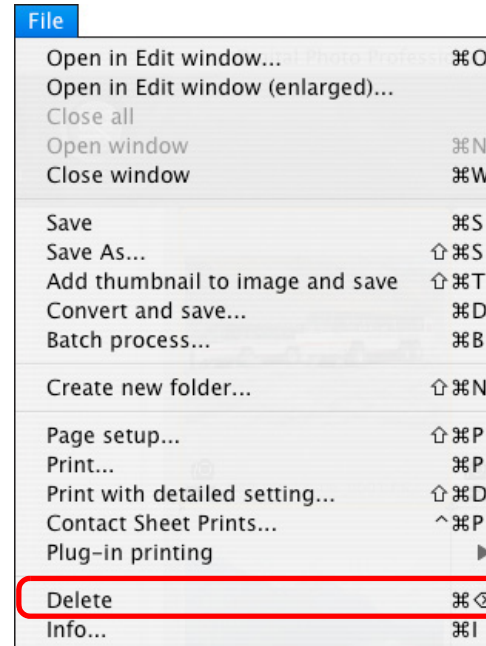
This section explains how to delete unwanted images, create folders for saving images, move or copy images, etc., and organize your images.

Deleting an Unwanted Image

Be aware that you cannot recover deleted images.

1 Select an unwanted image in the main window.

2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Delete].



- The image is moved to the [Trash] and is deleted from DPP.
- The images are deleted from your computer by selecting the [Finder] menu ▶ [Empty Trash] on the desktop.

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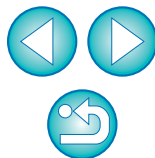
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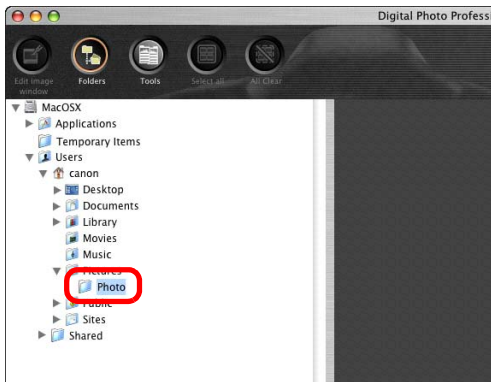
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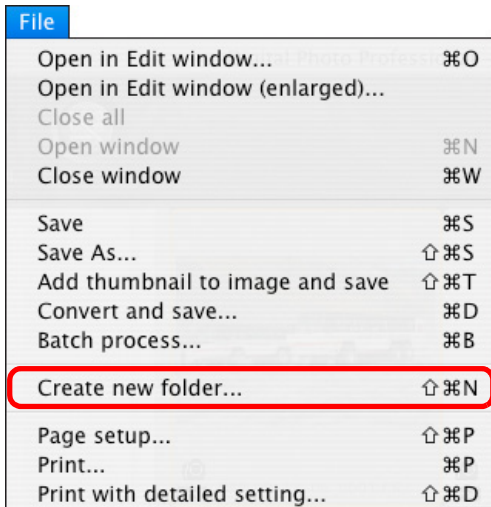
Creating a Folder for Saving Images

You can create a folder for sorting images.

- 1 In the folder area, select the location where the new folder is to be created.



- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Create new folder].



→ The dialog box for entering a folder name appears.

- 3 Enter a folder name and click the [OK] button.

→ The new folder is created in the folder selected in step 1.

Moving Images

You can move or copy images to a separate folder and sort by shooting date or themes.

Drag the image to be moved or copied.



→ The images are moved or copied to the destination folder.

- To move: Drag the image and release when the image is in the destination folder.
- To copy: Drag the image while holding down the <option> key and release when the image is in the destination folder.

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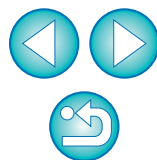
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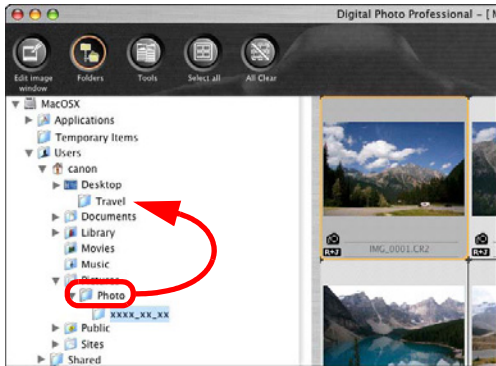
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Moving Images in Folders

You can move or copy folders that contain images, and sort the images by folders.

Drag the folder to be moved or copied.

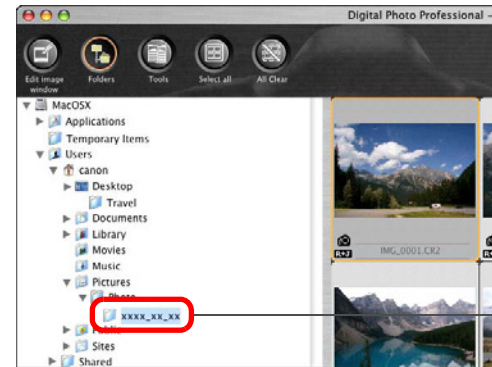


- The folders are moved or copied to the destination folder.
- **To move:** Drag the folder and release when the folder is in the destination folder.
- **To copy:** Drag the folder while holding down the <option> key and release when the folder is in the destination folder.

Registering Frequent-Use Folders (Bookmark Registration)

You can register frequently used folders in bookmarks. Registered folders appear by clicking the [Bookmark] menu.

1 Select the folder for which a bookmark is to be registered.



2 Select the [Bookmark] menu ▶ [Add].

- The folder selected in step 1 is registered in the [Bookmark] menu.
- Select a registered folder from the [Bookmark] menu to display images in the selected folder in the main window.

Organizing Bookmarks

You can change a folder name or delete a folder registered in [Bookmark].

Select the [Bookmark] menu ▶ [Organize].

- The [Sort bookmarks] window appears and you can change folder names or delete folders.

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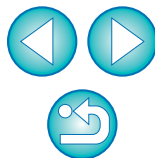
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3 Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Various preferences including advanced image adjustment, automatic dust erasure processing, various printing functions for printing out work, and color management are explained here, geared to the user who is competent in the handling of third-party image editing software.

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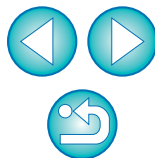
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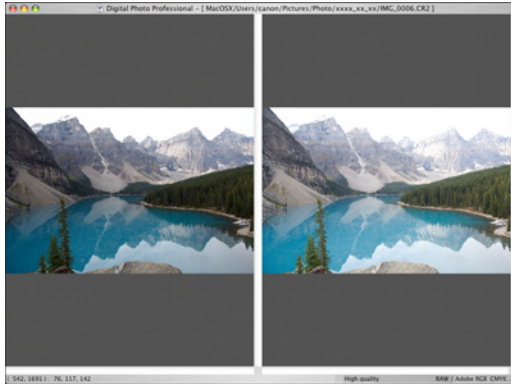
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Adjusting While Comparing with the Original Image

You can display before and after versions of an adjusted image in the same window and adjust while checking the adjustment results.

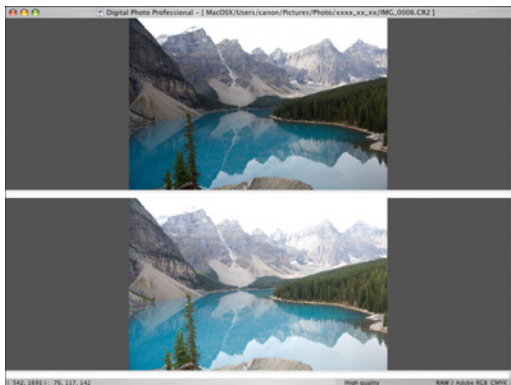
- 1 In the edit window, select the [View] menu ▶ [Before/after comparison].



- The image divides into a left and right window.
- The window on the right shows the image after editing.

- 2 Change the image display.

- Select the [View] menu ▶ [Change up/down/left/right].



- The arrangement of the two images changes to top and bottom.
- The bottom window shows the image after editing.

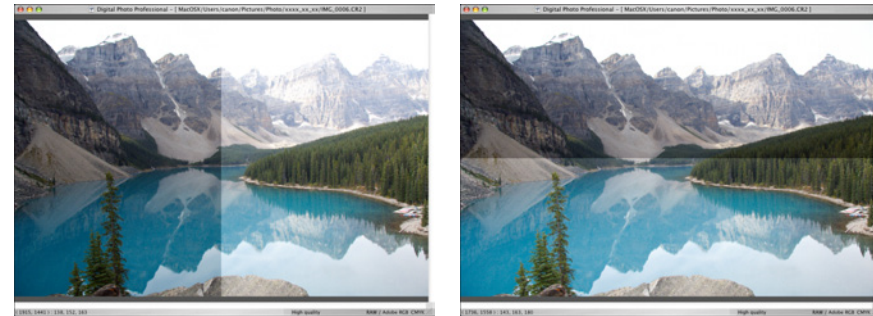


Images can also be displayed in the edit image window by the same operation.

Changing How the Window is Split

You can change the display of the image to a single image split in two.

- 1 Select the [Digital Photo Professional] menu ▶ [Preferences].
- 2 Select the [View settings] tab sheet.
- 3 Select [Split single image and show] from [Before/after comparison] and click the [OK] button.



- One image is divided and displayed on the left and right or top and bottom.
- To switch between top and bottom, and left and right, perform the same operation as step 2 on the left page.

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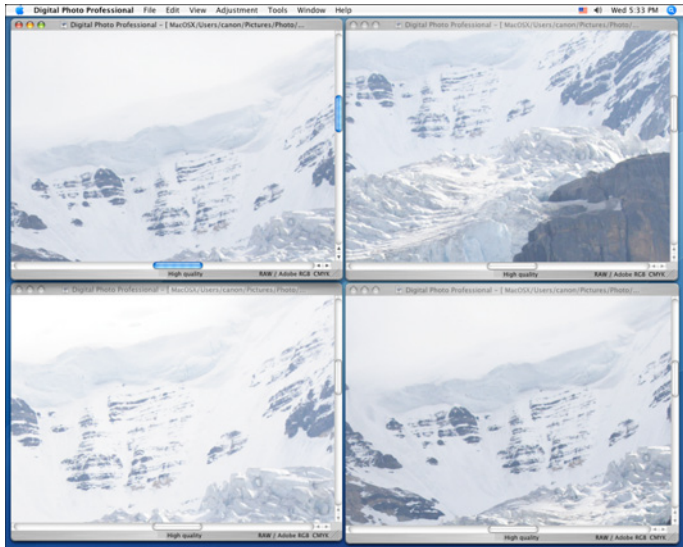
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Adjusting by Comparing Multiple Images

You can synchronize the display position of multiple edit windows and adjust images while comparing them with each other.

- 1 In the edit window, display the multiple images to be compared.**
- 2 Align the Images.**
 - Align the images for easy comparison.
- 3 Select the [Window] menu ▶ [Synchronize].**
- 4 Enlarge the image.**
 - Enlarge and display any of the edit windows.



→ The other edit windows will also be displayed in the same position/enlargement ratio.

5 Move the display position.

- If you move the enlargement display position in one of the edit windows, the enlargement display position will also change in the other edit windows.
- To cancel synchronization, select the [Window] menu ▶ [Synchronize] again.

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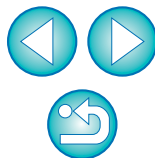
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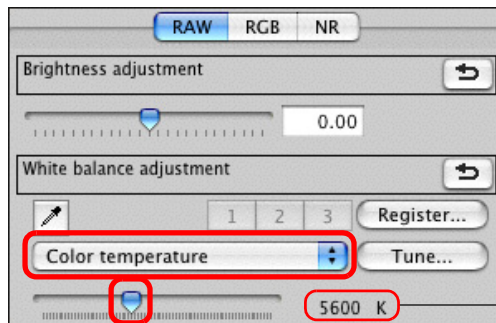
This section explains how to use the advanced adjustment function on the tool palette in the edit window.

Adjustments made using the high-level functions of the [RAW] and [RGB] tool palettes, as well as the functions of the [NR] tool palette are explained in this section.

Adjusting White Balance with Color Temperature

White balance can be adjusted by setting a numerical value for color temperature.

- 1 Select [Color temperature] from the [White balance adjustment] list box.
- 2 Set the color temperature.



Drag the slider left or right

Displays the value of the setting

Tuning White Balance with Color Wheel

White balance can be tuned by moving a cursor in the color direction shown in the color wheel.

- 1 In the [RAW] tool palette, click the [Tune] button.
- 2 Tune by dragging a point.



Drag

Enter the values to set

The adjustment range is 2800 to 10000K (in 100K units).

The adjustment range of color tone is 0 to 359 (1 unit in numerical value input), and the adjustment range of color saturation is 0 to 255 (1 unit in numerical value input).

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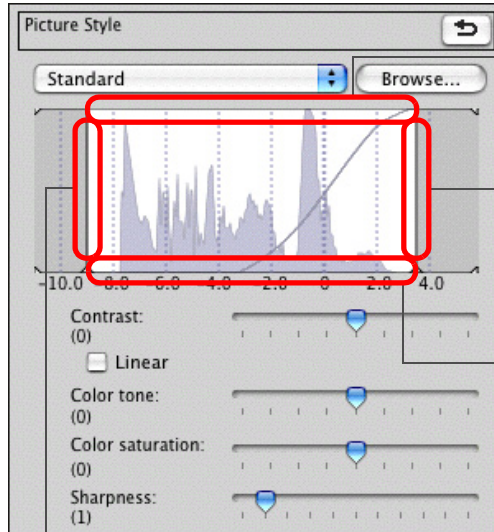
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Adjusting Dynamic Range

Dynamic range (width of gradation expression) from dark points to bright points in an image can be adjusted.



Move downwards
Output highlight points

Move to the left or right
Input highlight points

Move upwards
Output shadow points

Move to the left or right
Input shadow points

- The horizontal axis shows the input level and the vertical axis shows the output level.

Using a Picture Style File

A Picture Style file is an extended function of Picture Style. It is a file that offers effective image characteristics for an image shot in an extremely limited scene. With DPP, you can apply a Picture Style file to a RAW image.

For detailed information and types of Picture Style files available, refer to Canon's web site. Also, download the Picture Style file beforehand from the Canon's web site and save to your computer.

- 1 Select the image to which a Picture Style file is to be applied.**
- 2 Click the [Browse] button.**
→ The [Open] dialog box appears.
- 3 Select a Picture Style file.**
→ The Picture Style file you selected is applied to an image.



The Picture Style files that you can apply to the camera are files with the ".PF2" extension only. Furthermore, you cannot apply Picture Style files with the extension ".PSE" to an image; however if such a file is registered in the camera and the image is shot, the image will display correctly.

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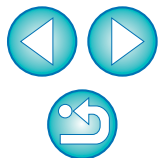
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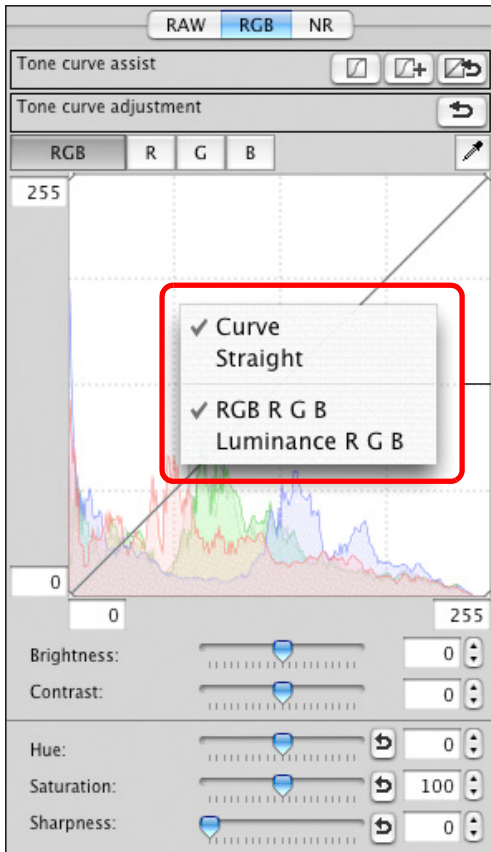
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Tone Curve Adjustment

You can adjust the brightness, contrast and color of a specific area by changing the tone curve (p.99).

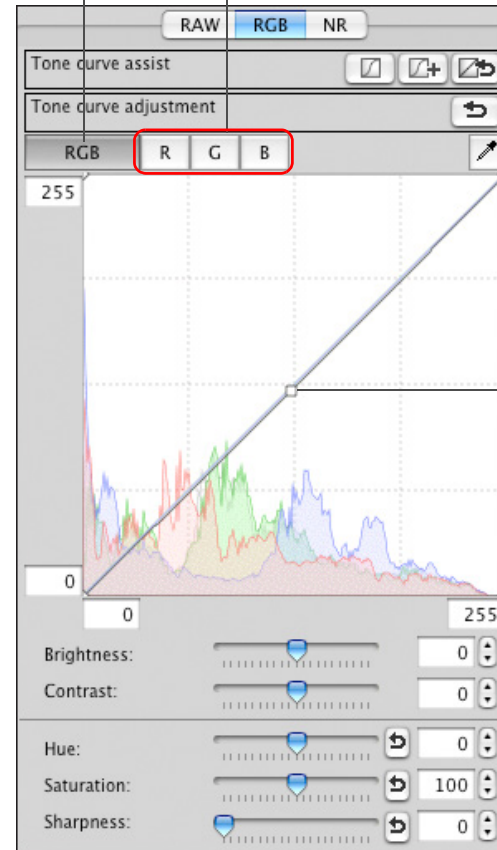
- 1 In the tool palette, select the [RGB] tab sheet.
- 2 Select the tone curve mode and interpolation method.



<control> + click inside the graph to display the menu

3 Make adjustments.

Batch adjusts RGB
Adjusts each channel



Click to add a [] (point)
Adjust by dragging []

- The horizontal axis shows the input level and the vertical axis shows the output level.
- The maximum number of [] is 8.
- To delete a [], double-click on the [].

- The histogram display changes according to adjustment. You can also fix the histogram display to the display before any adjustments (p.58).
- The tone curve mode and interpolation method for a tone curve can also be changed in [Preferences] (p.58, p.59).

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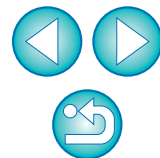
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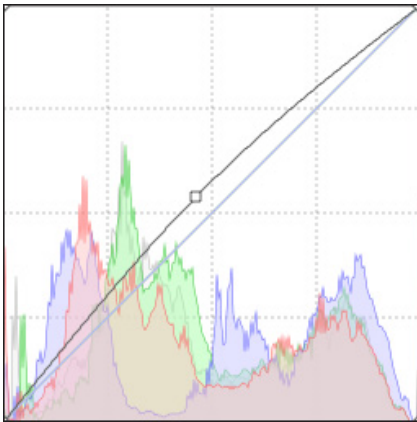
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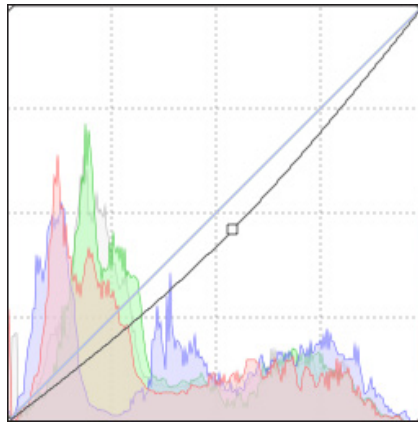


Example of a Tone Curve Operation

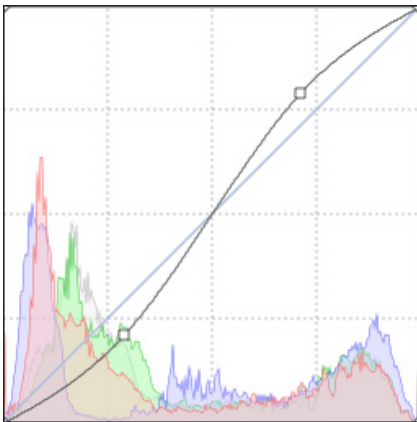
Makes medium tones brighter



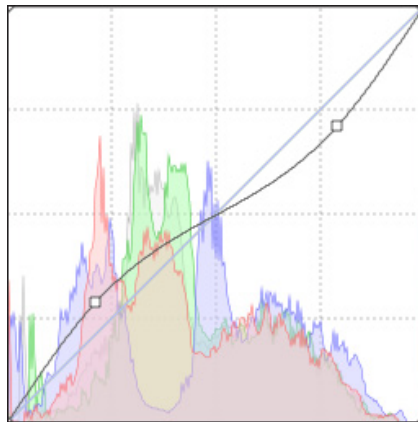
Makes medium tones darker



Makes tones harder



Makes tones softer



About the RGB Tool Palette

You can adjust images with the tool palette by switching between the [RAW], [RGB] and [NR] tab sheets according to your editing requirements.

The [RGB] tool palette functions are the same as ordinary image editing software, such as tone curve adjustment that is explained here, with which you can adjust RAW images.

However, because the adjustment width of the adjustment functions in the [RGB] tool palette is wider than [RAW] tool palette, the image color may be saturated, or the image quality may deteriorate if you adjust too much. Therefore we recommend for functions other than tone curve adjustment and automatic adjustment (p.28), that you adjust images using the same functions available in the [RAW] tool palette.

Refer to Chapter 5 for explanations on functions of the [RGB] tool palette other than tone curve adjustment.

Using the tool palette

We recommend that as a general principle you edit RAW images using the [RAW] tool palette. However, where the adjustment width with the [RAW] tool palette is not wide enough and you wish to use the special functions in the [RGB] tool palette, we recommend that you adjust your images at the necessary lowest limit with the [RGB] tool palette after having completed basic adjustment with the [RAW] tool palette.

Note that the [NR] tool palette (p.48) should only be used where noise reduction is required after necessary adjustments have been made with the [RAW] and [RGB] tool palettes.

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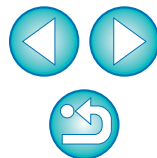
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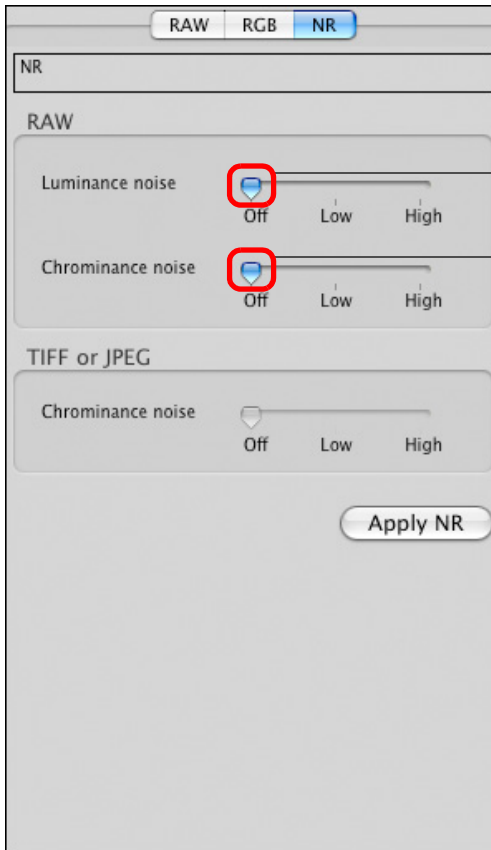
Reducing Noise

You can reduce noise that arises in RAW images that have been shot at night or with a high ISO speed.

[NR] is an abbreviation for “noise reduction”.

1 Select the [NR] tab sheet on the tool palette.

2 Adjust an image.



Drag the sliders right

3 Click the [Apply NR] button.

→ Noise reduction is applied to the image and the image is redisplayed.

4 The image is displayed enlarged in the [100% view] or [200% view].

→ You can check the noise reduction effect.

● In the [50% view] or [Fit to window] display, it is difficult to check the noise reduction effect, so noise reduction is not applied.

? Additional information

● **The noise reduction function does not work**

Noise reduction cannot be applied when [Viewing and saving RAW images] (p.57) is set to [High speed] in the [Preferences] window. Select [High quality] to reduce noise.

● **To check the noise reduction effect, enlarge the image and display it**

Noise reduction is applied when the image is displayed enlarged in the [100% view] or the [200% view] in the edit window or the edit image window. It is not applied in the [50% view] or the [Fit to window] display or any other window as the noise reduction effect is difficult to check.



- If [Luminance noise] has been set, resolution may be reduced along with reduction of noise.
- If [Chrominance noise] has been set, color bleeding may occur along with reduction of noise.
- For a list of tool palette functions, refer to p.91.

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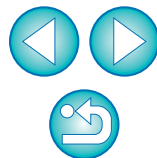
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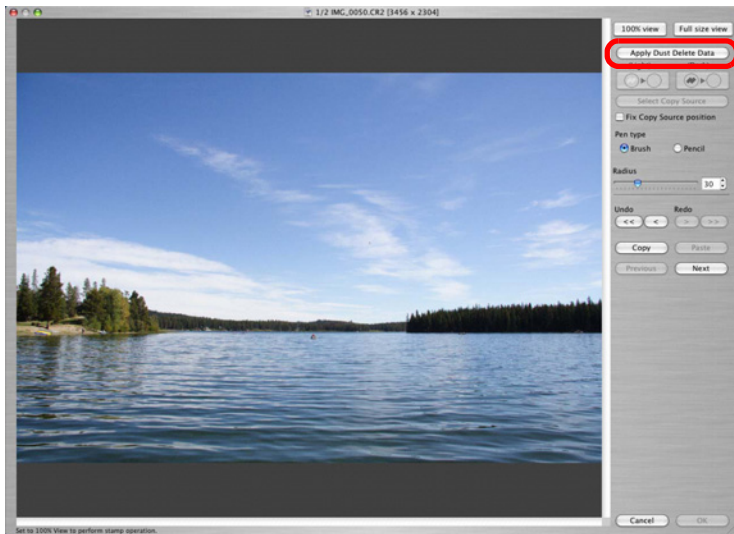
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Performing Automatic Dust Erasure Processing

The Dust Delete Data that is appended to images shot with the camera that can attach this data, can be used to automatically erase dust spots.

- 1 In the main window, select an image appended with Dust Delete Data.**
- 2 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Stamp tool].**
→ The copy stamp window appears.
- 3 When the image has redrawn itself, click the [Apply Dust Delete Data] button.**



→ Dust spots are erased in a single operation.

- 4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.**
→ The [📍] mark (p.88) is displayed on an image from which dust spots have been erased.

? About dust-erased images

- **The dust-erased image can be reverted to its original condition at any time**
A dust-erased image is displayed or printed as a dust-erased image. However, since the dust on the image is not actually erased, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Undo] button in the copy stamp window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.35).
- **Checking dust erasure in the copy stamp window**
Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window. Images before dust erasure are displayed in other windows and you will be unable to check them.
- **Printing dust-erased images**
You can print as a dust-erased image by printing it in DPP.
- **The [Apply Dust Delete Data] button cannot be clicked**
Even with an image that has Dust Delete Data attached to it in the camera, if there is no dust to remove by DPP from the image, the [Apply Dust Delete Data] button will be disabled.
- **To erase dust spots that cannot be erased with the automatic dust erasure processing**
In automatic dust erasure processing, dust spots are erased based on information relating to dust saved in the Dust Delete Data. However, there may be cases where you will not be able to erase dust spots depending on the type of dust. If this occurs, erase those dust spots using the repair function (p.51) or the copy stamp function (p.52).
- **The image becomes a dust-erased image when converted and saved**
The dust-erased RAW image actually becomes a dust-erased image when converted to a JPEG or TIFF image and saved (p.34).

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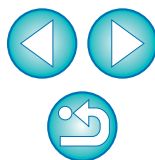
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Useful functions of the copy stamp window

● Checking the dust erased spots

After step 3, you can display and check in detail the erased dust spots one by one by pressing the <F> key. (Press the key to return to the previous dust spot.)

● Canceling a specified erased dust spot only

After step 3, you can press the <F> key or the key to display the erased dust spot, and then press the <delete> key to cancel only the erased dust spot displayed.

● Switch between full screen display/normal screen display using shortcut keys

You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Fn> + <F11> keys.

● Applying the dust erasure result to another image

You can apply dust erasure to the same place in another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the dust erasure results and then displaying the other image to which you want to apply the results and clicking the [Paste] button.



For a list of the copy stamp window functions, refer to [p.96](#).

Automatic Dust Erasure Processing in the Main Window

In the main window, you can also automatically erase dust spots in multiple images appended with Dust Delete Data.

Select multiple images appended with Dust Delete Data, and then select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ [Apply Dust Delete Data].

→ Dust spots in all the selected images are erased in a single operation.

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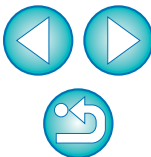
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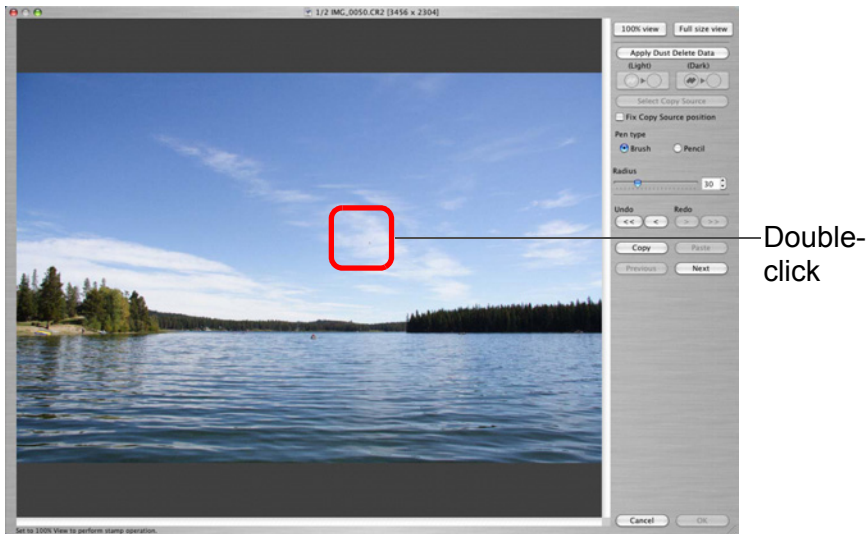
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Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function)

You can erase dust spots in an image by selecting them one by one.

- 1** In the main window, select the image you want to erase dust spots.
- 2** Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Stamp tool].
→ The copy stamp window appears.
- 3** When the image has redrawn itself, double-click the point from where dust is to be erased.

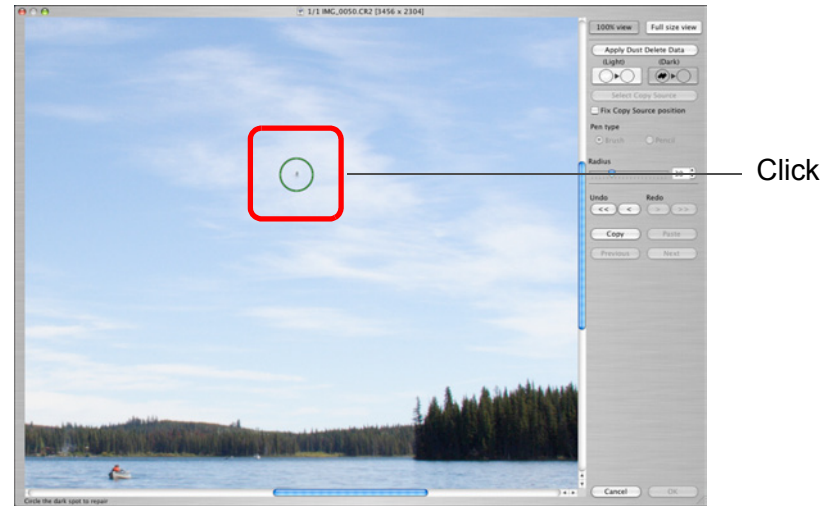


- The display changes to 100% view.
- The display position can be changed by dragging.

4 Click the button that matches the dust spot to be erased.

- If the dust spot is dark in color, click the [] button, and if the dust spot is light in color, click the [] button.
- When you move the cursor over the image, the dust erasure range appears as [].

5 Place the dust spot to be erased within the [] and click.



- The dust spot within the [] is erased.
- Click on another part of the image to continue to erase dust spots in the image.
- To erase dust in another part of the image, click the button clicked in step 4 again to cancel dust erasure processing and perform the operation again from step 3.
- When the dust spot cannot be erased, [] is displayed.

6 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.

- The [] mark (p.88) is displayed on an image from which dust spots have been erased.

? Additional information

- **Click several times when dust spots are not erased completely**
Where unwanted dust spots are not erased even after performing step 5 once, they may be erased completely when you click several times.
- **Mainly spots of dust can be erased with the repair function**
Spots of dust can be erased with the repair function. You may be unable to erase lines of dust. In this case, use the copy stamp function (p.52).

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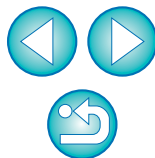
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Erasing Unwanted Parts of an Image (Copy Stamp Function)

You can correct an image by pasting a section copied from another part of the image to an unwanted part of the image.

- 1 Follow steps 1 to 3 in “Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function)” (p.51).**
- 2 Specify the section to be copied.**
 - Click on the section that is to be the copy source while holding down the <option> key.
 - To change the section that is to be the copy source, perform the operation above again.
 - To fix the position of the copy source, checkmark [Fix Copy Source position].
- 3 Correct the image.**
 - Click or drag on the section you want to correct on the image. [+] in the window indicates the copy source and [O] indicates the copy destination.
 - The copied image is pasted in the position to which it was dragged.
 - For [Pen type], you can select from [Brush] (the pasted image's borders simulate a brush) and [Pencil] (the pasted image's borders are sharp).
- 4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.**
 - The [👤] mark (p.88) is displayed on a corrected image.

Transferring a RAW Image to Photoshop

A RAW image can be converted to a TIFF image (16bit) and transferred to Photoshop.

Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Transfer to Photoshop].

→ Photoshop starts up and the transferred image is displayed.

? A single image can be transferred at a time

Only one image can be transferred at a time. To send multiple images at a time, refer to p.66.



- Compatible versions of Photoshop are CS2, CS and 7.0.
- Transferred images are automatically converted to TIFF images (16bit) to which an ICC profile is added. The ICC profile contains information about [Preferences] (p.59, p.60) or work color space set for each image as described below and the appropriate color information is relayed to Photoshop.

Setting Work Color Space

A different work color space from the default settings (p.59, p.60) can be set for each image.

Select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ [Work color space] ▶ color space to be set.

? A color space set individually does not change even when the default setting is changed

If you set an image with a color space different to the default setting and then subsequently change the default color space setting (p.59, p.60), this default setting will not be applied and the individually set color space will remain.



The color space of a RAW image can be changed freely as many times as required

Since only the image processing conditions information changes, the color space of a RAW image can be changed at any time.

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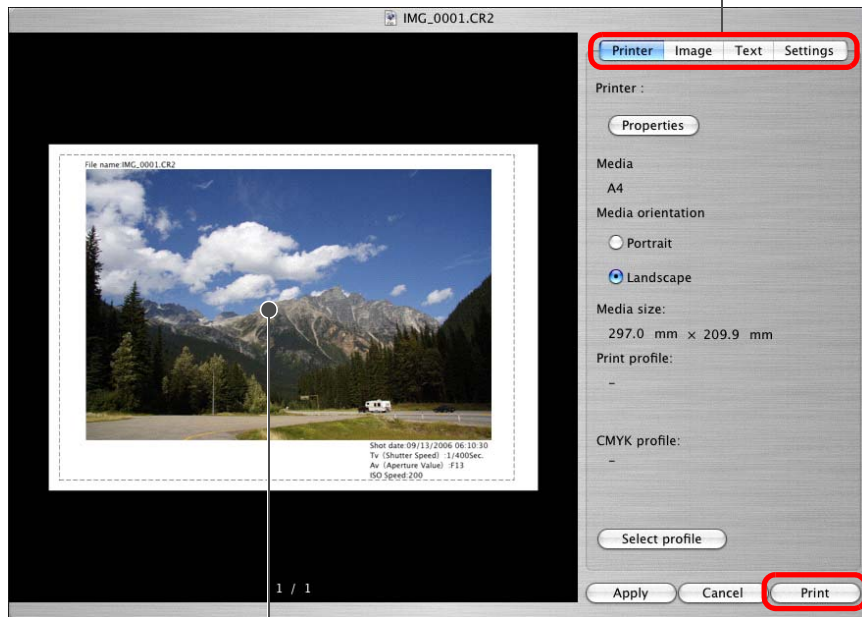


Printing with Shooting Information

You can freely lay out one image on one sheet of paper and print together with titles and shooting information, etc..

- 1 Select one image to be printed.
- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Print with detailed setting].
- 3 Specify the required settings for printing, and then click the [Print] button.

Switches the settings tab sheet



Print preview

- An image can be moved by dragging.
- Drag the four corners of the image to change the size.
- For the shooting information, click [i] on the [Text] tab sheet and select the necessary items in the window that is displayed.



To maintain the settings

The settings of each tab sheet in step 3 are memorized when the [Apply] button is clicked (excluding the contents of the [Text] tab sheet). The settings can be applied to another image when printing.



- You can set printer profiles (p.59, p.60).
- If CMYK simulation has been set, the image is printed in the set colors (p.59, p.60).

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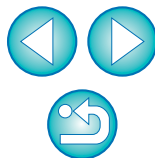
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Printing a Thumbnail List (Contact Sheet Printing)

You can print rows of multiple images on one sheet of paper.

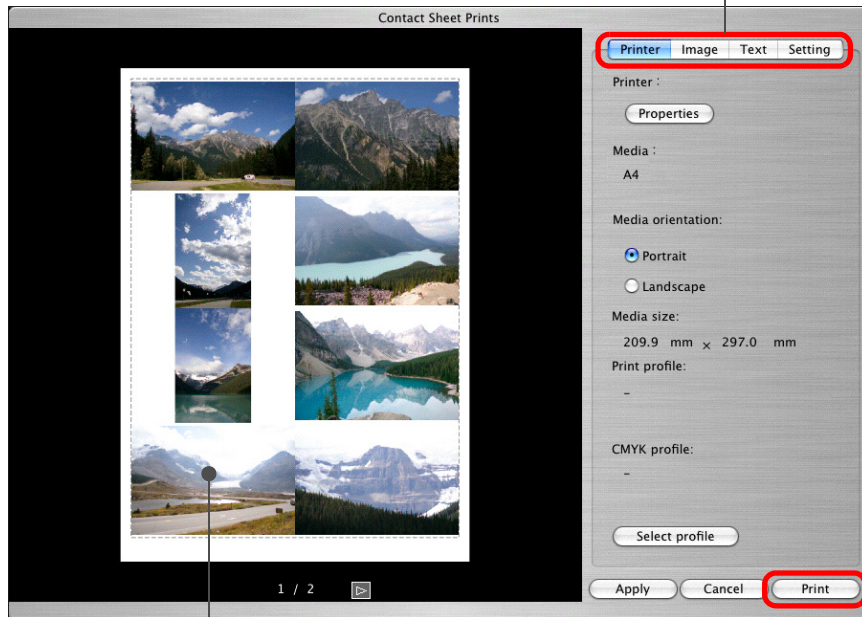
- 1 Select images to be printed in a thumbnail list.
- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Contact Sheet Prints].
- 3 Specify the required settings for printing, and then click the [Print] button.

To maintain the settings

The settings of each tab sheet in step 3 are memorized when the [Apply] button is clicked (excluding the contents of the [Text] tab sheet). The settings can be applied to another image when printing.

- You can set printer profiles ([p.59](#), [p.60](#)).
- If CMYK simulation has been set, the image is printed in the set colors ([p.59](#), [p.60](#)).

Switches the settings tab sheet



Print preview

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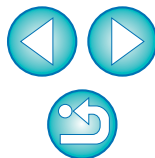
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Printing RAW Images on a High-End Canon Printer

Printing with a PIXMA Printer

For PIXMA printers that are compatible with the printing software Easy-PhotoPrint Pro, you can print with DPP by a simple operation that has the following features:

- Simple printing of RAW images
- Printing in faithful colors
- High quality printing using a wide color space of Adobe RGB, etc. and the wide color reproduction range of a PIXMA printer

To print with DPP, first install Easy-PhotoPrint Pro version 1.0 or later on your computer.

- 1 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Plug-in printing] ▶ [Print with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro].**
→ Easy-PhotoPrint Pro starts up.
- 2 Specify the required settings for printing, and then print.**

? Additional information

- **Print up to 1000 images at a time**
You can print up to 1000 images selected in DPP at a time. When printing more than 1000 images, divide the printing into several jobs.
- **Functions set in DPP that are not applied to printing**
Specified output resolution (p.57) and CMYK simulation (p.59, p.60) are not applied.

💡 Advantages of printing with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro

- **Printing with faithful colors**
When the color space is set to sRGB or Adobe RGB (p.52, p.59, p.60), this color space is automatically transmitted from DPP to Easy-PhotoPrint Pro, allowing you to print with faithful colors. If you set Apple RGB, ColorMatch RGB or Wide Gamut RGB, the image is printed with Adobe RGB color space.
- **Printing with a wide color reproduction**
When the color space (p.52, p.59, p.60) is set to Adobe RGB and the image is printed with the PIXMA printer, the color reproduction area widens, and green and blue in particular are reproduced vividly.

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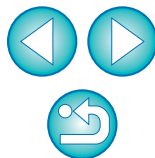
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Printing with a Large-Format Canon Printer

You can use DPP to print with the Canon large-format imagePROGRAF iP F5000 printer. To print with DPP, first install the imagePROGRAF Print Plug-In version 2.0 or later on your computer.

1 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Plug-in printing] ▶ [iPF5000 Print Plug-In].

→ The imagePROGRAF Print Plug-In starts up.

2 Specify the required settings for printing, and then print.

? Additional information

● A single image can be printed at a time

You can print a single image selected in DPP at a time. When printing multiple images, perform printing for each image individually.

● Functions set in DPP that are not applied to printing

Specified output resolution (p.57) and CMYK simulation (p.59, p.60) are not applied.

💡 Advantages of printing with the imagePROGRAF Print Plug-In

● Printing with faithful colors

When a color space is set (p.52, p.59, p.60), it is automatically transmitted from DPP to the imagePROGRAF Print Plug-In, allowing you to print with faithful colors.

● Printing with a wide color reproduction

When the color space setting (p.52, p.59, p.60) is set to a color space wider than sRGB (such as Adobe RGB), the color reproduction range of the imagePROGRAF iP F5000 printer is fully utilized and the image is printed with a wider color gamut than an image that has an sRGB color space, with green and blue in particular being reproduced vividly.

Specifying Preferences

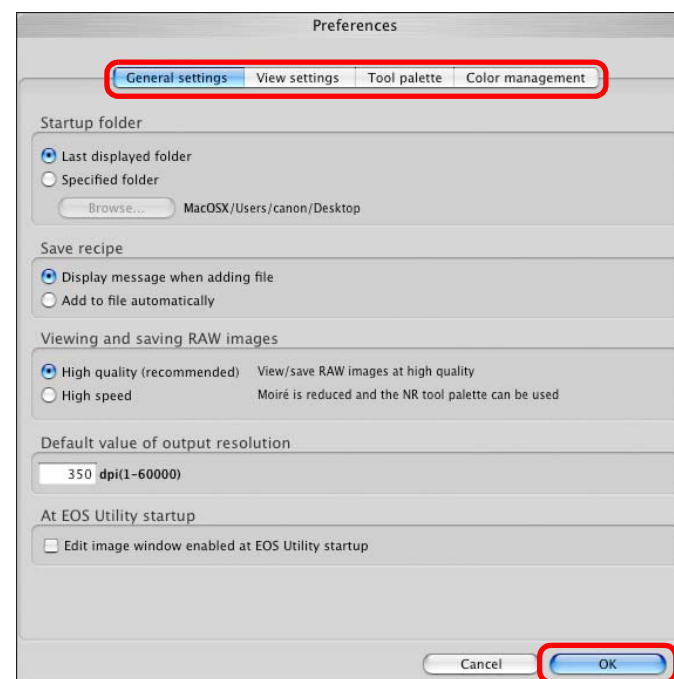
You can change the various functions of DPP in the Preferences window. Check the contents of each window and set.

However, depending on the item, a detailed explanation may be available, so refer to each window.

1 Select the [Digital Photo Professional] menu ▶ [Preferences].

→ The [Preferences] window appears.

2 Select the tab sheet, specify the settings, and then click the [OK] button.



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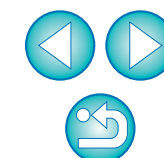
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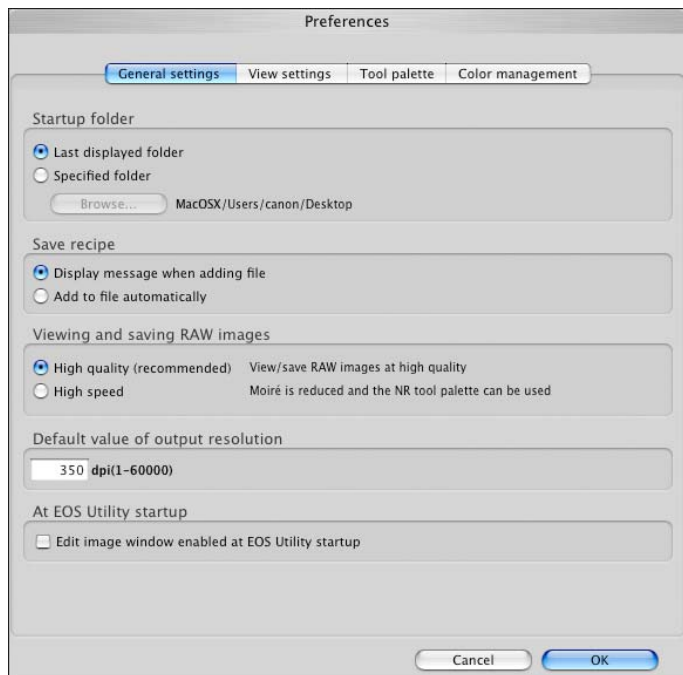
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General Settings

You can specify the folder that opens when DPP is started up, and image quality of displayed and saved RAW images.



● Default value of output resolution

You can set the resolution for RAW images converted and saved as JPEG or TIFF images (p.34, p.65).

● Viewing and saving RAW images

You can select from two types of image quality for displaying/saving RAW images: high image quality with false color reduction processing and noise reduction function (p.48) used, or high speed without false color processing and noise reduction function used.

[High quality]

- False color reduction processing is automatically applied, and the image can be displayed/saved as a false color reduced-high quality image. Furthermore, you can use the noise reduction function (p.48) to reduce the luminance noise and chrominance noise.
- You can check the effects of the false color reduction processing and noise reduction function in the edit window or the edit image window in the [100% view] or [200% view] enlargement display.
- In the [50% view] or [Fit to window] display of the edit window, edit image window, or any other window, the effect is difficult to check, so they are not applied.
- We recommend that you normally set [High quality] for a balance between image quality and display speed.

[High speed]

- Since false color reduction processing is not applied, the display speed of a RAW image in the edit window or the edit image window in the [100% view] or [200% view] enlargement display, and the time it takes to save a RAW image is less than in [High quality].
- You cannot use the noise reduction function (p.48).
- Depending on the image, it may be displayed/saved with false color or noise being noticeable.

? What is the difference between the [High quality] and [High speed] displays?

The display image quality of [High quality] and [High speed] is the same except when the image is displayed in the [100% view] or [200% view] enlargement display in the edit window or the edit image window.

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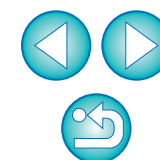
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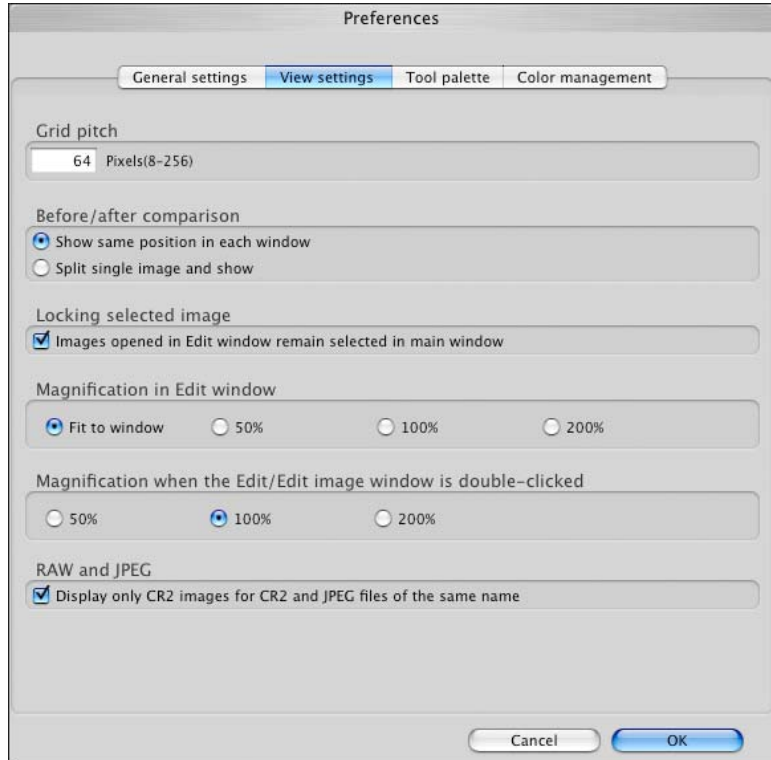
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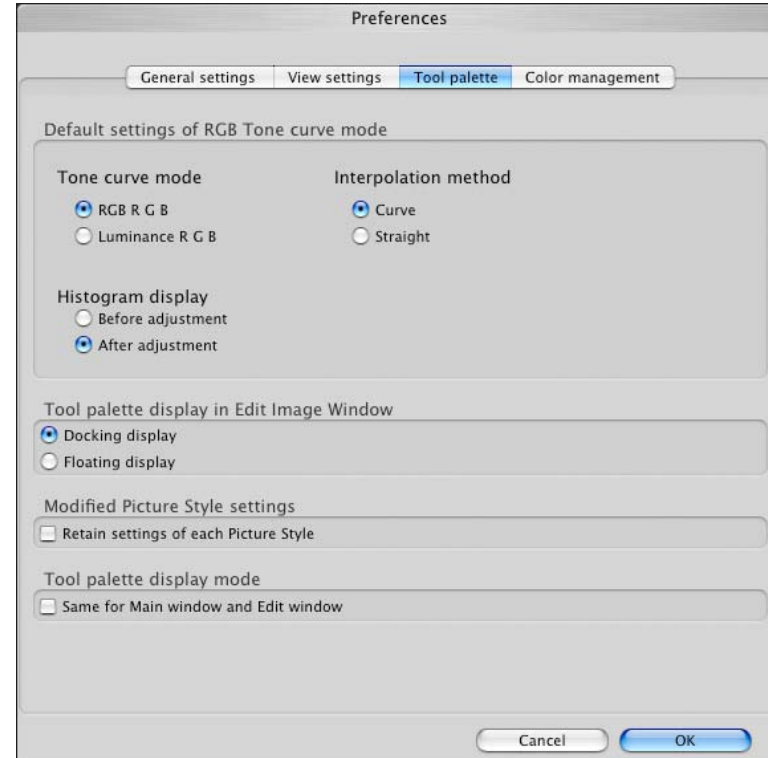
View Settings

You can specify settings relating to the display, such as the image display format (p.42) for before and after editing comparison.



Tool Palette

You can specify settings for the tool palette.



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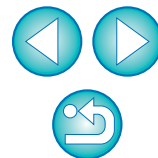
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● Default settings of RGB Tone curve mode

When the setting is changed, the setting will be applied when DPP is restarted.

? Changes are not applied to the edited image

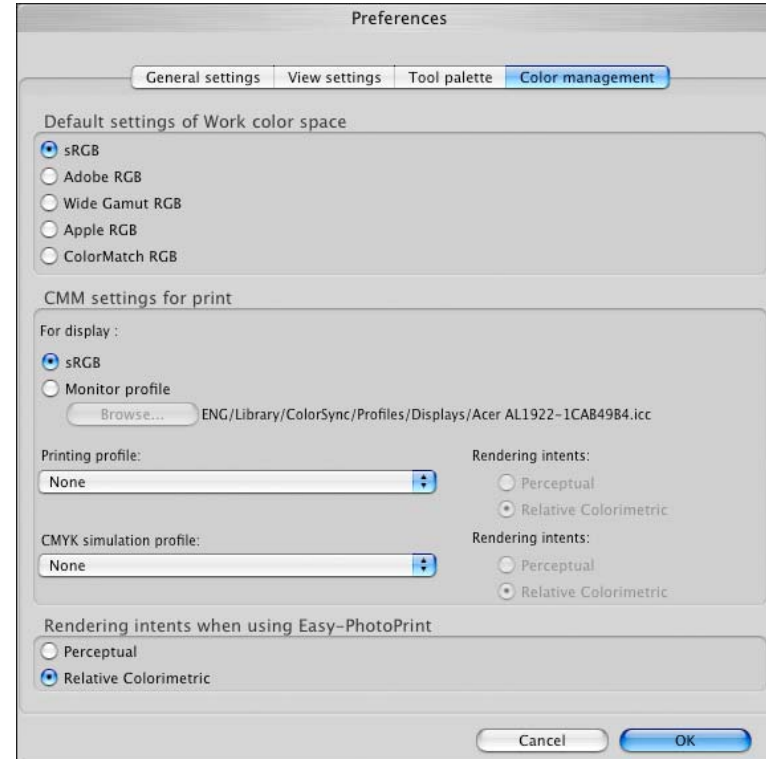
Even if the default setting is changed, the new default setting is not applied to edited (i.e., adjusted using the tool palette, trimmed, dust-erased) images. Change each one individually.

● Modified Picture Style settings

[Contrast], [Color tone], [Color saturation], and [Sharpness] set for each Picture Style item can be memorized for each image.

Color Management

You can specify settings relating to color management, such as settings for work color space, conditions for color matching, etc..



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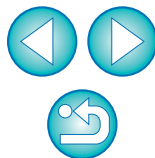
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● Default settings of Work color space

You can select from five types of color space (p.100) that is applied as a default setting in RAW images. Color space that has been set is applied as the color space when a RAW image is converted and saved (p.34, p.65) or printed (p.35, p.38, p.53 to p.56).

- If you have changed the setting, and you restart DPP, the new setting is applied as the default setting color space.
- You can check color space that has been set in an image in the edit window (p.89) and the edit image window (p.93).

? Changes are not applied to the edited image

Even if the default setting is changed, the new default setting is not applied to edited (i.e., adjusted using the tool palette, trimmed, dust-erased) images. Change each one individually.

 You can set a color space that is different from the default settings for each image (p.52).

● Display setting (color setting of the monitor)

Where a profile (p.99) is attached to the monitor you are using, you can display an image in more faithful colors by setting the profile.

- Check mark the [Monitor profile], click the [Browse] button and in the dialog box that appears, select a profile for your monitor.

Precise coloring with a third-party monitor color reader

If you use a profile created using a third-party monitor color reader, images can be displayed in even more precise colors.

● Setting of printing profile (color setting of the printer)

Where a profile (p.99) is attached to the printer you are using to print images, you can print an image and simulate the colors displayed on screen by setting the profile. The profile that has been set is applied to all printing (p.38, p.53, p.54) except for linked printing (p.35, p.55, p.56).

? The adjustment function of the printer driver should not be used

Even if you set a printer profile, if you use the color adjustment function of the printer driver, the image may print in colors different from those displayed on screen.

Automatic settings with linked printing

If you are printing with a Canon inkjet printer (p.35, p.55, p.56), a profile is set automatically even when the [Printing profile] setting is not performed. This allows you to print easily with faithful colors.

● Setting of CMYK simulation profile

You can select the color when printing in the CMYK environment of a printing machine, etc. from four types of profiles (p.100) and perform simulation on screen.

- When CMYK simulation has been set, [CMYK] appears (p.87, p.89, p.93) in the bottom of the main window, edit window and edit image window, and colors can be checked.
- To temporarily cancel CMYK simulation, press the <space> key.

● Rendering intents when using Easy-PhotoPrint

You can set a rendering intent (matching method) for printing with Easy-PhotoPrint (p.35).

- The rendering intent is ordinarily set to [Relative Colorimetric].
- When colors with [Relative Colorimetric] are not satisfactory, set to [Perceptual].

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4 Useful Functions for Processing Large Numbers of RAW Images



For users shooting a large amount of RAW images, the convenient function of batch processing large amounts of RAW images is explained here.

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Loading and Pasting Recipes	63
Copying a Recipe and Applying to Another Image	63
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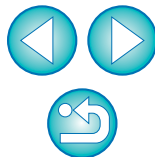
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Utilizing Adjustment Contents (Recipe)

All the adjustment contents (recipe) made using the tool palette can be saved as an individual recipe file (extension “.vrd”) and loaded and applied to another image.

You can edit images efficiently by selecting and adjusting one image from large numbers of images shot with the same shooting environment and batch applying the adjustment results to a large number of images.

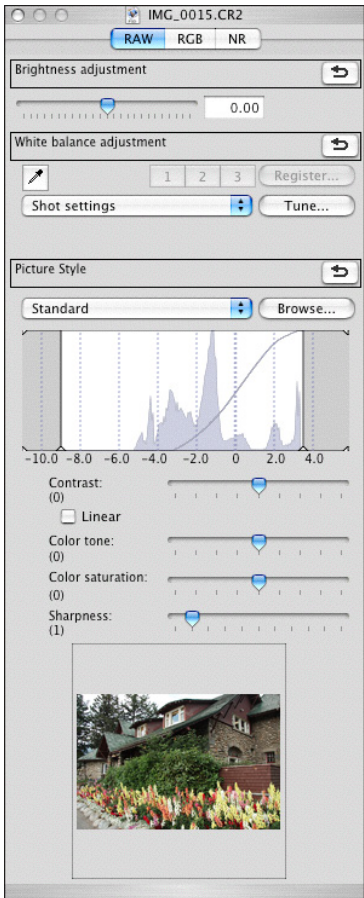


Image processing conditions information



Contents adjusted using the tool palette can be handled individually as a recipe file (extension “.vrd”).

? Additional information

- **Recipe data includes tool palette contents**
Recipe data includes adjustments made with the tool palette ([RAW], [RGB] and [NR]). For this reason, other editing content such as trimming or dust-erasure (copy stamp) is not included in the recipe data.
- **Recipes adjusted with the [RAW] tool palette can only be applied to RAW images**
Adjustments in the [RAW] tool palette, which can only be made for RAW images, are not applied to a JPEG or TIFF image even if they are pasted.

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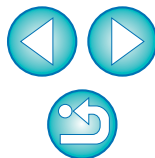
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Saving Recipes as a File

- 1 Select an edited image, and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Save recipe in file].**
→ The [Save] dialog box appears.
- 2 Select the destination folder, enter a file name, and then click the [Save] button.**

? Check the contents of a recipe file by pasting to an image

When you do not know the contents of a recipe file, paste it to an image and check the settings in the tool palette. When only a few settings are adjusted, we recommend you use a file name that describes the contents or that you separately record the adjustments as text information.

Loading and Pasting Recipes

- 1 Select the image to which a recipe is to be applied, and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Read and paste recipe from file].**
→ The [Open] dialog box appears.
- 2 Select a recipe and click the [Open] button.**
→ The recipe is applied to the image.

Copying a Recipe and Applying to Another Image

You can copy a recipe of an edited image and then apply it to another image.

- 1 Select the image from which a recipe is to be copied and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Copy recipe to clipboard].**
→ The recipe is copied.
- 2 Select the image to which the recipe is to be applied and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Paste recipe to selected image].**
→ The recipe is applied to the image.

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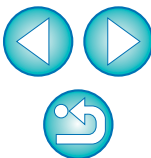
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Batch Apply White Balance to Images (Personal White Balance)

The white balance adjustments made to a RAW image shot in a specific shooting environment can be registered as personal white balance. You can then perform efficient white balance adjustment by applying this personal white balance to a large number of RAW images shot in the same shooting environment.

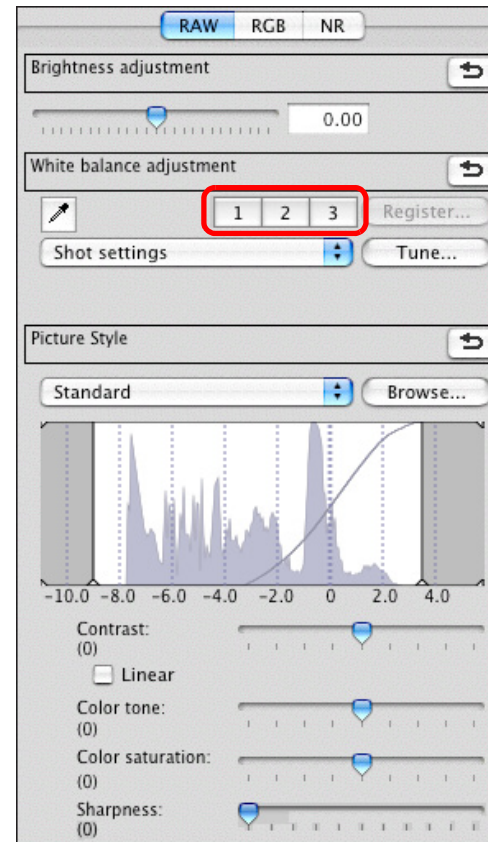
Registering Personal White Balance

- 1 Adjust the white balance (p.23, p.24, p.44).
- 2 In the [RAW] tool palette, click the [Register] button.
→ The [Register personal white balance] dialog box appears.
- 3 Select the button number to be registered from the list and click the [OK] button.



Applying Personal White Balance

- 1 In the main window, select the image to which white balance is to be applied.
- 2 Click the [Tools] button on the toolbar.
→ The tool palette appears.
- 3 Click the personal white balance number button that is to be applied.



→ Personal white balance is applied to all the selected images.

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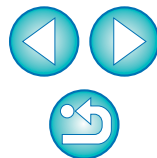
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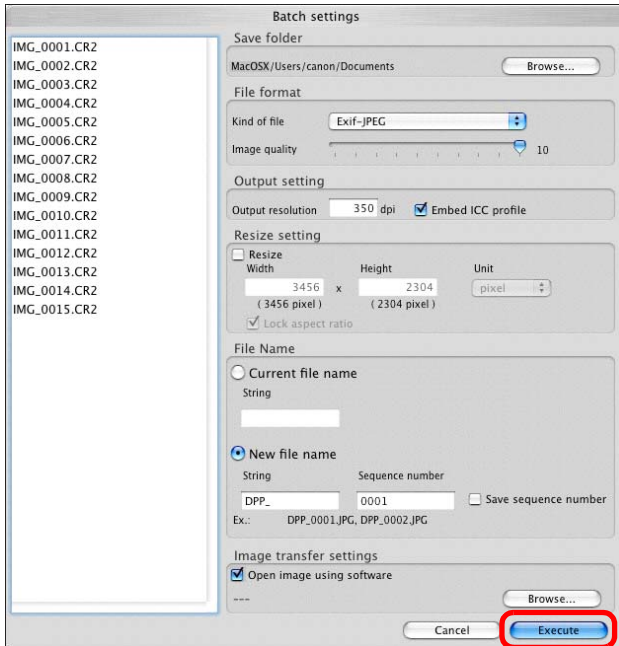


Batch Save as JPEG or TIFF Images (Batch Processing)

You can batch convert and save edited RAW images to highly versatile JPEG or TIFF images.

The images are saved as separate images, so the RAW images remain unaffected.

- 1 In the main window, select multiple images to be converted.
- 2 Click the [Batch process] button on the toolbar (p.87).
→ The [Batch settings] window appears.
- 3 Specify the required settings, and then click the [Execute] button.



- The processing dialog box appears and saving begins.
→ When all the images are saved, the [Terminate] button appears in the processing dialog box.

- 4 In the processing dialog box, click the [Terminate] button.

? [Save] cannot be performed

In the [Batch settings] window, you cannot perform [Save] or [Save As] (p.33, p.82) to edited RAW images.

💡 Skillful batch saving

- While saving is being performed, you can continue working in another window
Since the saving function operates independently in the background, you can continue with an operation in another window such as the main window or the edit window during the saving process.
- To convert all images and save, do not select an image in the main window
If you do not perform step 1 and perform step 2 with no image selected in the main window, all the images displayed in the main window will be converted and saved.

- If you have selected [New file name] in [File Name], [Sequence number] has to be set.
- By saving as explained on this page, a trimmed image (p.31, p.77) or dust-erased image (p.49 to p.52, p.79 to p.82) actually becomes a trimmed image or dust-erased image.
- For a list of [Batch settings] window functions, refer to p.97.

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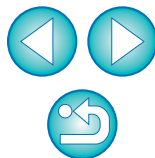
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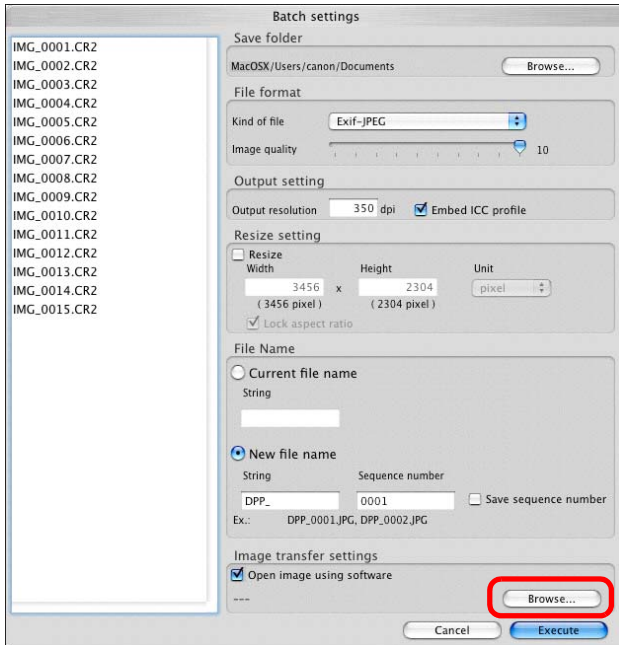
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Batch Transfer Images to Image Editing Software

You can transfer multiple images to image editing software. The software used here as an example is Adobe Photoshop CS.

- 1 In the main window, select multiple images to be transferred.**
- 2 Click the [Batch process] button on the toolbar.**
→ The [Batch settings] window appears.
- 3 Perform settings required for transferring (e.g. file format).**
- 4 Click the [Browse] button.**

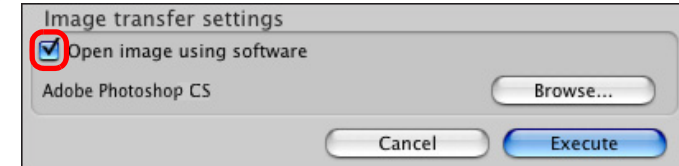


→ The [Open] dialog box appears.

5 Select Photoshop CS.

- In the [Open] dialog box, select Photoshop CS, and click the [Open] button.
- The [Open] dialog box closes and [Image transfer settings] in the [Batch settings] window is set to Photoshop CS.

6 Set a check mark.



7 Click the [Execute] button.

- The processing dialog box appears and batch transfer begins.
- When the first image has been transferred, Photoshop CS starts up and transferred images are displayed in transferred order.

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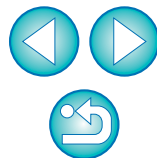
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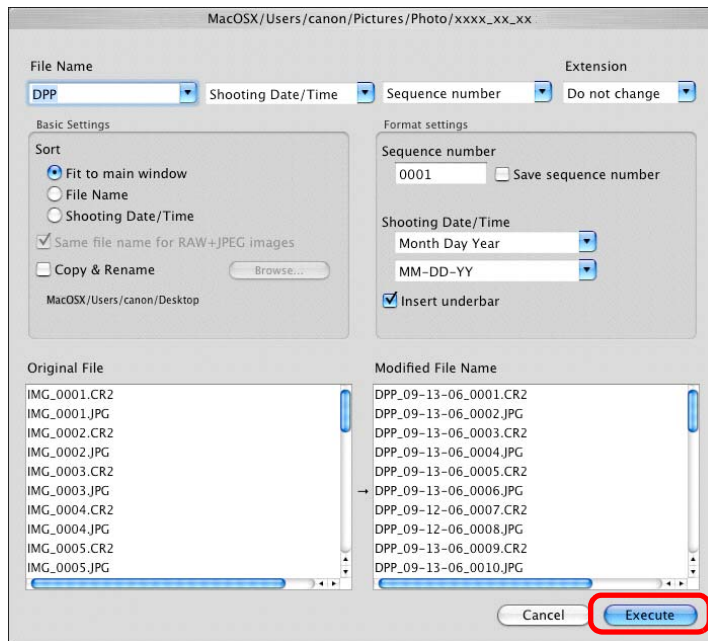
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Batch Change the File Name of Images

- 1 In the main window, select multiple images of which the file names are to be changed.
- 2 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Rename tool].
→ The rename window appears.
- 3 Specify the required settings and click the [Execute] button.



→ Processing begins and the file names are changed.

? Changes cannot be made when the file name is duplicated

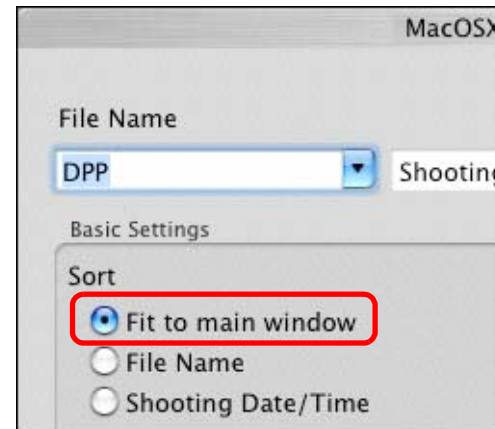
If a file name in red text has appeared in [Modified File Name], the file name has been duplicated. Changes cannot be made if even one file name has been duplicated. Change the settings so that duplication does not occur.

For a list of the rename window functions, refer to [p.98](#).

Maintaining the Order of Images in the Main Window

Where the order of images in the main window has been changed ([p.18](#)), you can change file names according to the order in which you have rearranged them and maintain the order.

- 1 Change the order of the images in the main window ([p.18](#)).
- 2 In the main window, select the images for which you want to maintain the order.
- 3 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Rename tool].
- 4 Select [Fit to main window].



- 5 Specify the required settings ([p.98](#)).

• To copy an image, checkmark [Copy & Rename].

- 6 Click the [Execute] button.

→ The file names are changed to maintain the order of the main window.

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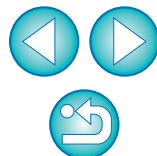
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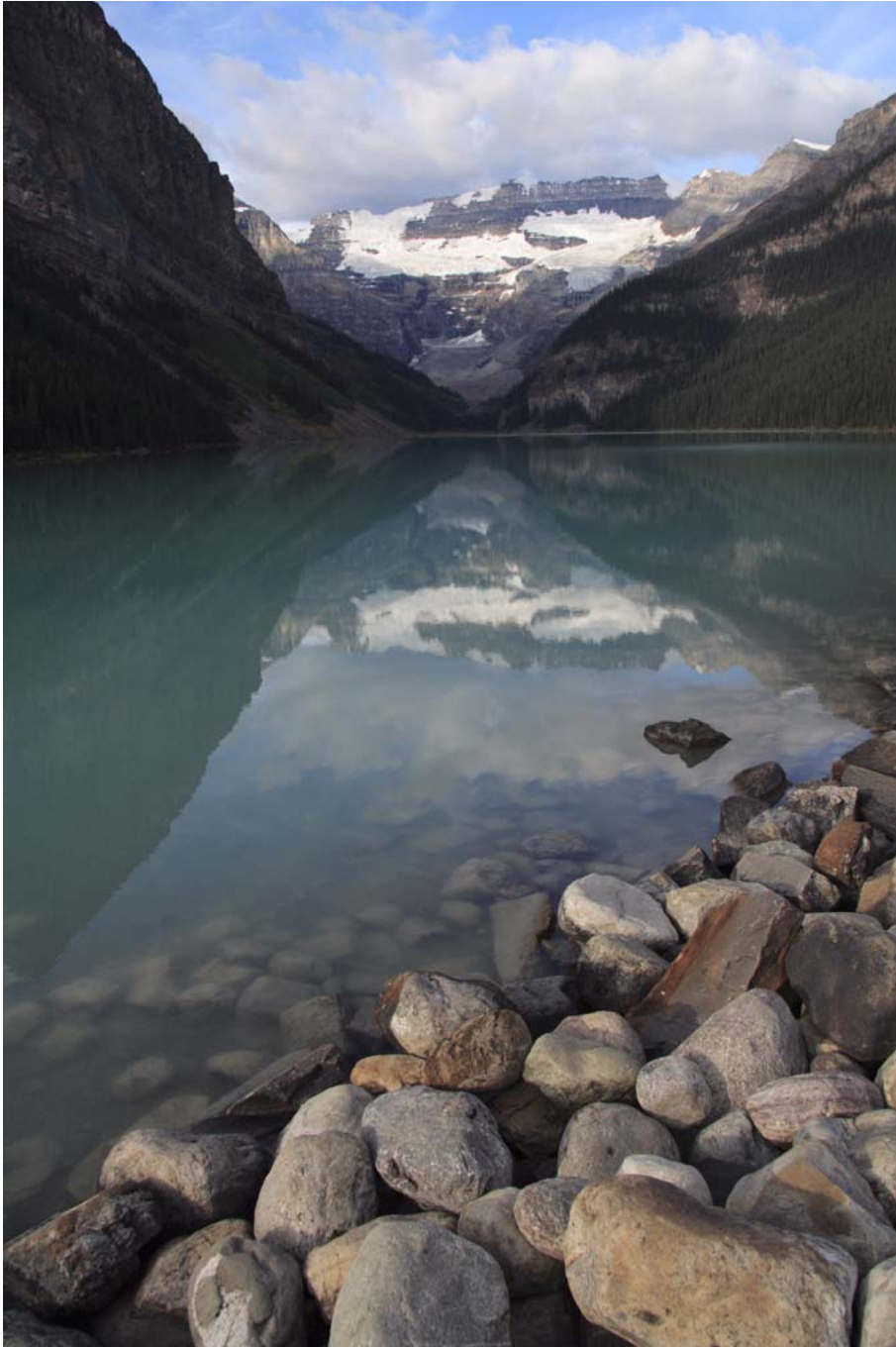
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5 Editing JPEG and TIFF Images



DPP is software mainly aimed for advanced RAW image editing, but it also has JPEG and TIFF image editing functions. Here, the editing and saving of JPEG and TIFF images are explained.

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Editing JPEG and TIFF Images

With DPP, you can adjust JPEG and TIFF images in the same way as RAW images using the [RGB] and [NR] tool palettes.

Because adjustment made with the tool palette only changes the image processing conditions, the “original image data itself” remains unaffected. Therefore, there are no problems with image deterioration that arise with editing and you can readjust your images any number of times.

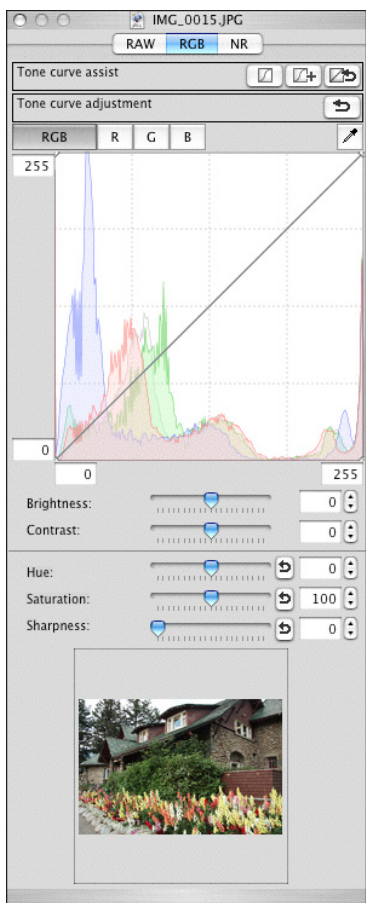


Image processing conditions information



Contents adjusted using the tool palette can be handled individually as a recipe file (extension “.vrd”).

In DPP all the adjustments (image processing conditions information) made with the tool palette can be saved in the image as data called a “recipe” (p.62), or can be saved, downloaded and applied to other images as a separate recipe file (extension “.vrd”).

About the RGB Tool Palette

With the functions in the [RGB] tool palette, you can adjust JPEG and TIFF images with the same functions as ordinary image editing software.

However, because the adjustment width of the adjustment functions in the [RGB] tool palette is wider than [RAW] tool palette, the image color may be saturated, or the image quality may deteriorate if you adjust too much. Therefore, take care not to adjust your images to an excessive degree.

You can adjust RAW images with the functions in the [RGB] tool palette. However, for functions other than tone curve adjustment (p.74) and automatic adjustment (p.70), we recommend adjusting RAW images using the same functions available in the [RAW] tool palette.

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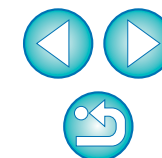
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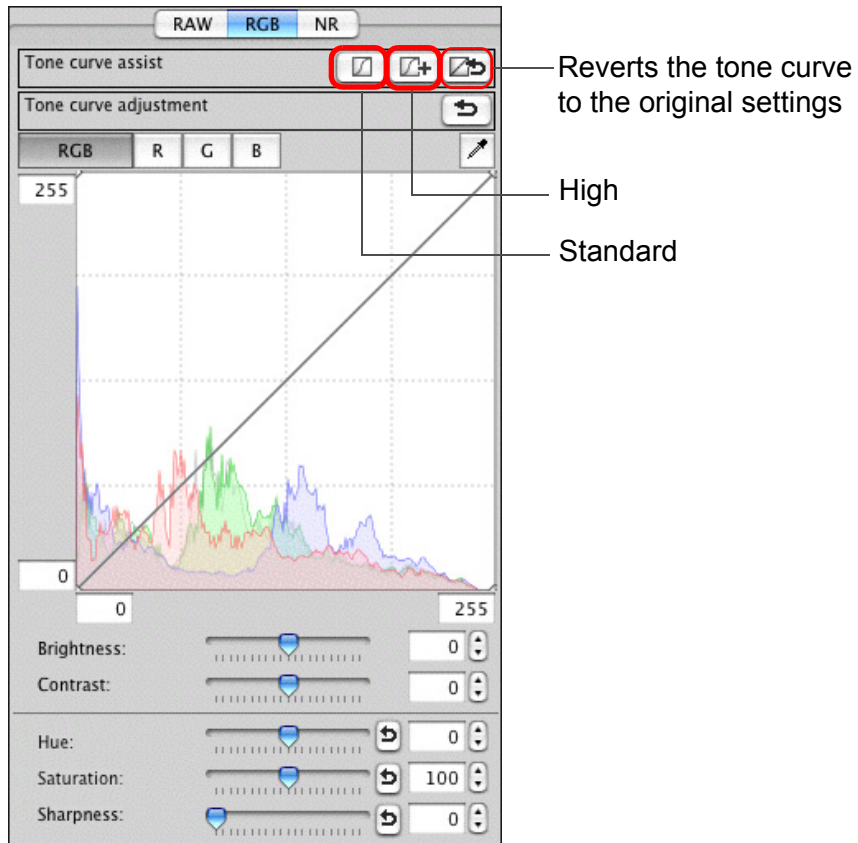
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Automatically Adjusting Brightness and Color (Tone Curve Assist)

In order to make the image a desirable standard image, automatically adjust the image tone curve (p.99). You can select the degree of automatic adjustment from “Standard” and “High”.

Click the desired automatic adjustment button.



→ The tone curve changes as adjusted.

- **Standard:** Standard automatic adjustment. Suitable for most images.
- **High:** Use when the effect achieved in standard automatic adjustment is not strong enough.



Images not suitable for automatic adjustment (tone curve assist)

The result of automatic adjustment (tone curve assist) may not be as expected with the following images:

- Images which have been shot with the proper exposure
- Images where the brightness is unbalanced
- Images which are too dark
- Images which have extreme backlighting



If you click the [↩] button, the tone curve as well as the [Hue] and [Saturation] revert to the default settings. Take care when adjusting the [Hue] and [Saturation] individually (p.73).

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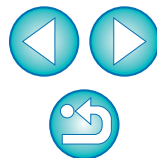
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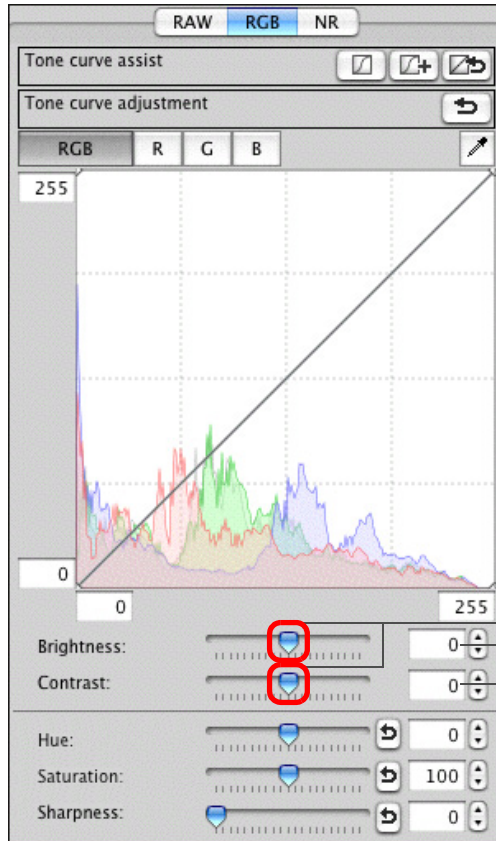
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Adjusting Brightness and Contrast

The brightness and contrast of an image can be adjusted.



Drag the sliders left or right

Enter numerical values

- **Brightness:** Move the slider to the right to make an image brighter and to the left to make an image darker.
- **Contrast:** Used to adjust modulation and degree of contrast of color. Move the slider to the right to make contrast of an image stronger and to the left to make contrast weaker.

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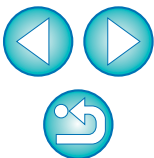
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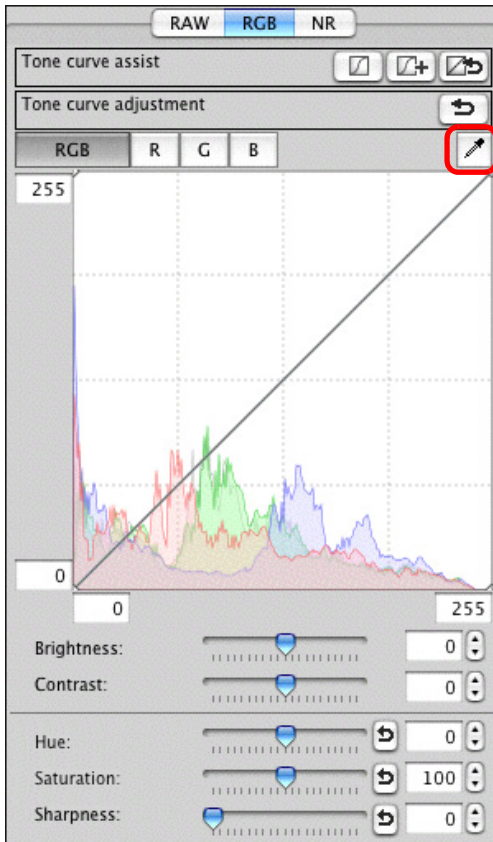


 The adjustment range is -100 to +100 (in 1-stop increments when entering a value).

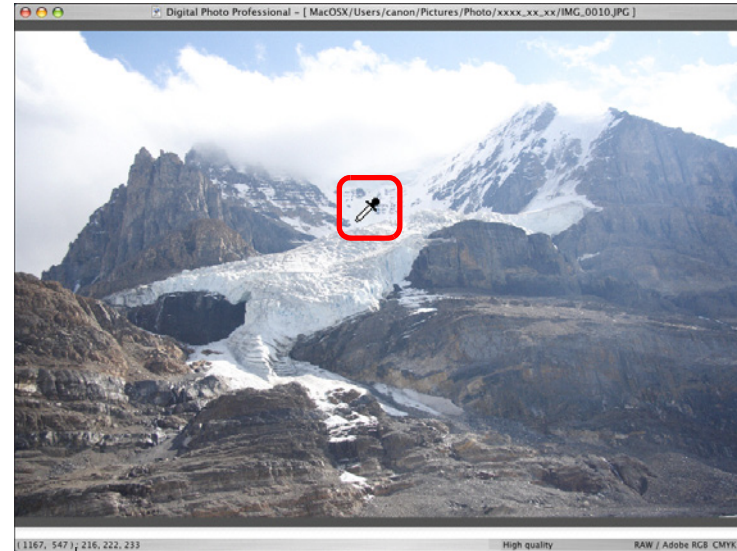
Adjusting Color Tone Using Click White Balance

You can adjust white balance using a selected part of an image as the standard for white to make the image appear natural. Using click white balance is effective when using it in parts of an image where white color tone has changed under the influence of a light source.


1 Click the [] button.



2 Click on a point that is to be the standard for white.



The coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion)

- The color of the image is adjusted with the point you selected as the standard for white.
- If you click on another point in the image, the white balance is adjusted again.
- To finish click white balance, click the [] button again.

? When there are no white areas in your image

When there are no white areas in your image, you can adjust the white balance by clicking on a neutral grey point of the image in step 2. This has the same adjustment result as selecting a white point.

- The image is adjusted based on the average value of 1 × 1 pixel range from the clicked point.
- The histogram display changes according to adjustment. You can also fix the histogram display to the display before any adjustments (p.58).

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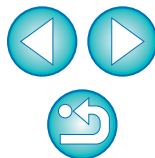
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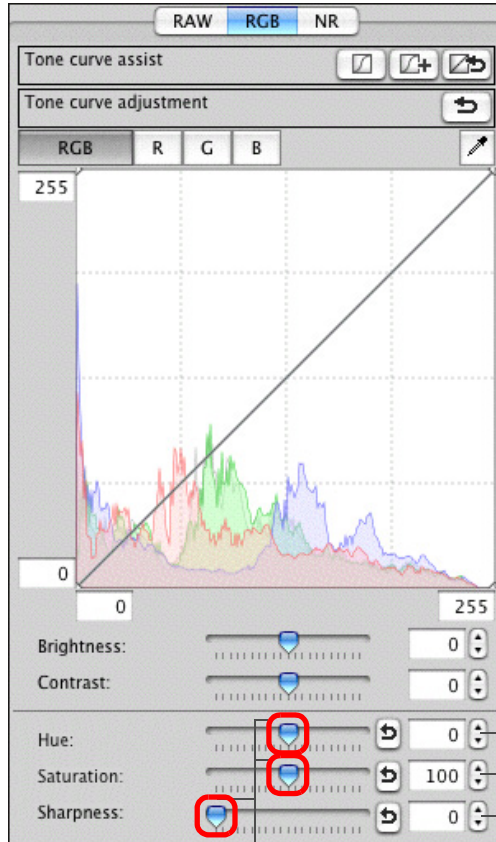
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Adjusting Hue, Saturation and Sharpness

You can adjust skin hue (tone) and overall saturation and make the overall atmosphere of an image harder or softer.




Drag the sliders left or right

- **Color tone:** Move the slider to the right to make color tones more yellow, and to the left to make color tones redder.
- **Color saturation:** Move the slider to the right to make the color deeper, and to the left to make the color weaker.
- **Sharpness:** Move the slider to the right to make an image harder, and to the left to make an image softer.

? Sharpness is unnatural

Adjust sharpness with the window view set to [100% view], [50% view] or [200% view]. If the view is set to [Fit to window] (full view), the sharpness will seem unnatural.

 The adjustment range is -30 to 30 for color tone, 0 to 200 for color saturation, and 0 to 500 for sharpness (in 1-stop increments when entering a value).

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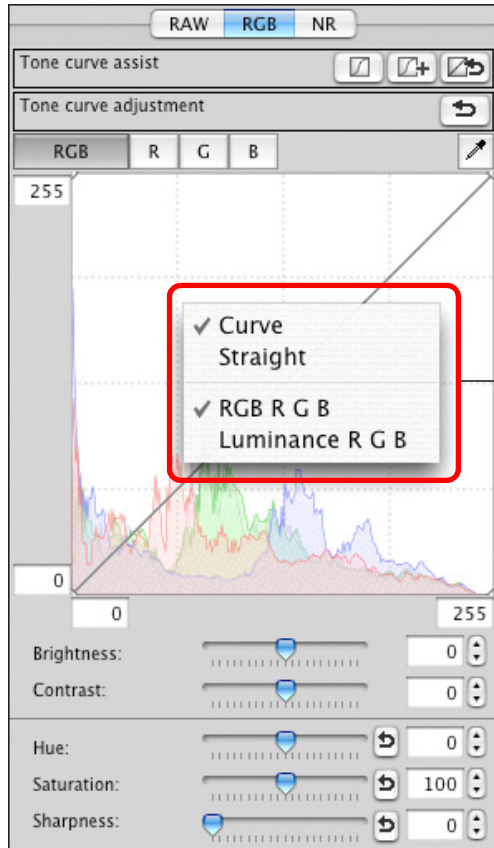
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Tone Curve Adjustment

You can adjust the brightness, contrast and color of a specific area by changing the tone curve (p.99).

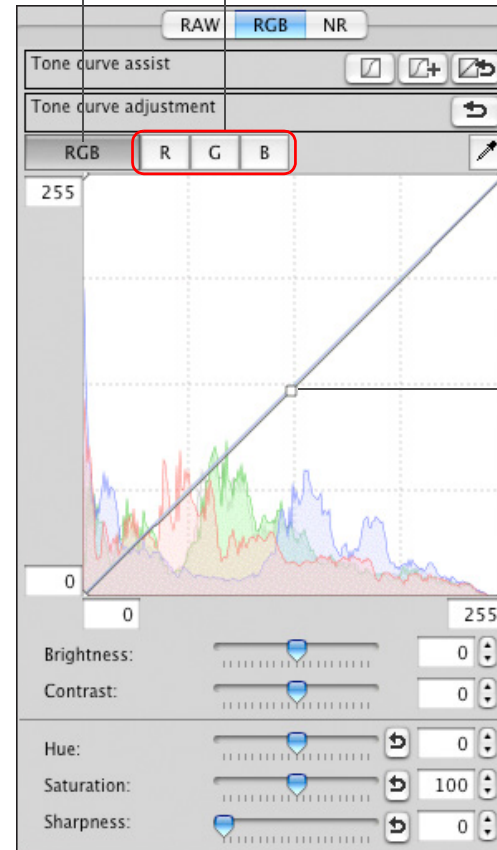
1 Select the tone curve mode and interpolation method.



<control> + click inside the graph to display the menu

2 Make adjustments.

Batch adjusts RGB
Adjusts each channel



Click to add a [□] (point)
Adjust by dragging [□]

- The horizontal axis shows the input level and the vertical axis shows the output level.
- The maximum number of [□] is 8.
- To delete a [□], double-click on the [□].

- The histogram display changes according to adjustment. You can also fix the histogram display to the display before any adjustments (p.58).
- The tone curve mode and interpolation method for a tone curve can also be changed in [Preferences] (p.58, p.59).

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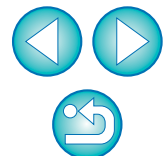
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Adjusting Dynamic Range

Dynamic range (width of gradation expression) from dark points to bright points in an image can be adjusted.

Move downwards
Output highlight points

Output highlight point numerical value

Move to the right
Input shadow points

Output shadow point numerical value

Input shadow point numerical value

Reverts the image to the original settings

Move to the left
Input highlight points

Input highlight point numerical value

Move upwards
Output shadow points

- The horizontal axis shows the input level and the vertical axis shows the output level.



- The setting range of shadow points is 0 to 247 (in 1-stop increments when entering a value).
- The setting range of highlight points is 8 to 255 (in 1-stop increments when entering a value).
- The histogram display changes according to adjustment. You can also fix the histogram display to the display before any adjustments ([p.58](#)).

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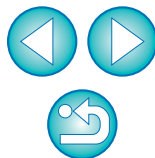
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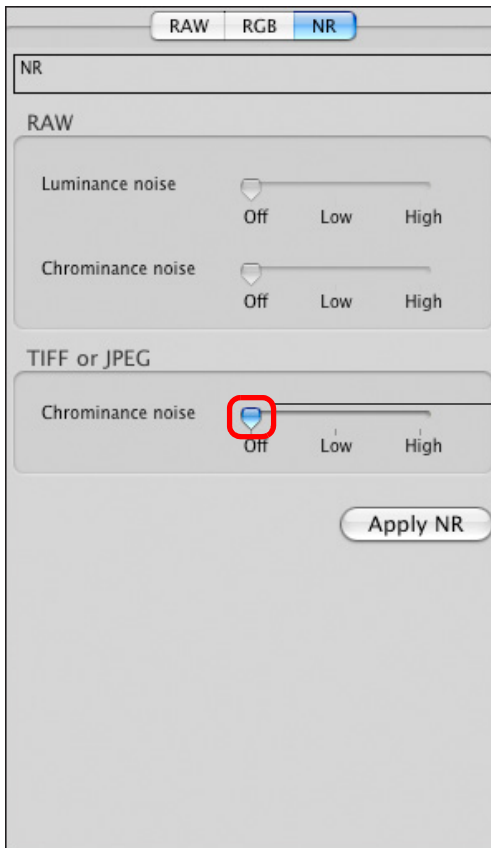


Reducing Noise

You can reduce noise that arises in JPEG and TIFF images that have been shot at night or with a high ISO speed.

1 Select the [NR] tab sheet on the tool palette.

2 Adjust an image.



Drag the slider right

3 Click the [Apply NR] button (p.91).

→ Noise reduction is applied to the image and the image is redisplayed.

4 The image is displayed enlarged in the [100% view] or [200% view].

→ You can check the noise reduction effect.

● In the [50% view] or [Fit to window] display, it is difficult to check the noise reduction effect, so noise reduction is not applied.

? To check the noise reduction effect, enlarge the image and display it

Noise reduction is applied when the image is displayed enlarged in the [100% view] or the [200% view] in the edit window or the edit image window. It is not applied in the [50% view] or the [Fit to window] display or any other window as the noise reduction effect is difficult to check.

- If [Chrominance noise] has been set, color bleeding may occur along with reduction of noise.
- For a list of tool palette functions, refer to p.91.

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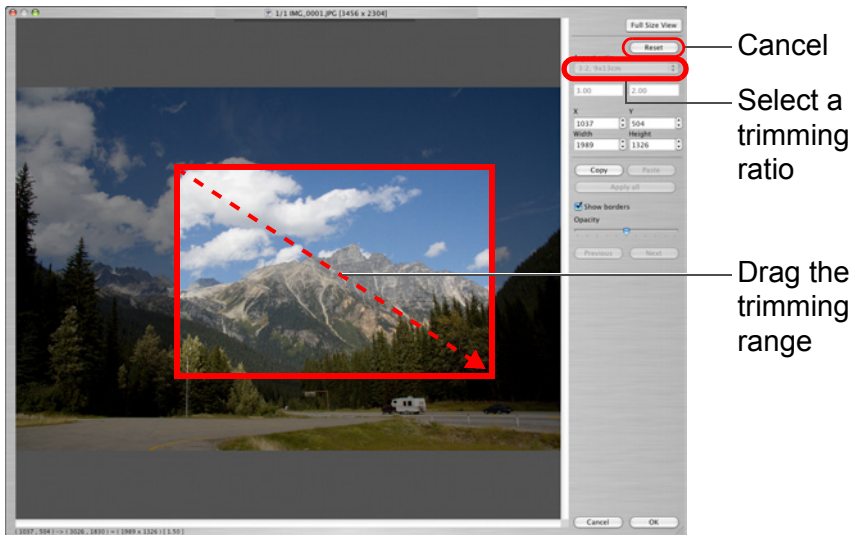


Trimming an Image

You can trim only the part of an image you need, or change the composition of an image where an image shot horizontally becomes vertical.

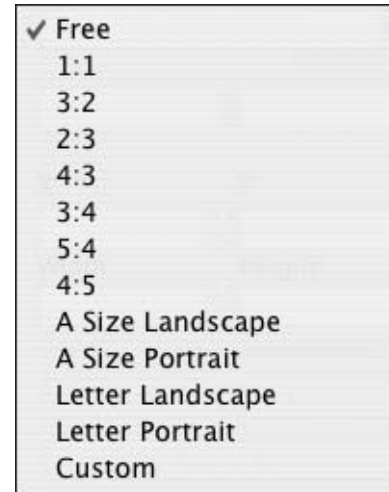
When aspect ratio information is attached to the shot image with a camera where you can set the aspect ratio, the trimming range is displayed based on the aspect ratio information.

- 1 Select the image to be trimmed.
- 2 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Trimming tool].
→ The trimming window appears.
- 3 When the image has redrawn itself, select a ratio and drag the trimming range.



- The trimming range can be moved by dragging.
- You can enlarge or reduce the size of the trimming range by dragging the four corners of the trimming range.

- List of aspect ratios (width : height)



[Free]: You can freely trim an image.

[Custom]: You can trim an image at the specified ratio.

- 4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.
→ The trimming range frame and [L] mark are displayed (p.88) in the trimmed image.
→ When the trimmed image is displayed in the edit window or the edit image window, it is displayed as a trimmed image.

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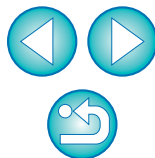
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? About trimmed images

- **The trimmed range can be reverted to its original condition at any time**
A trimmed image is displayed or printed as a trimmed image. However, since the image is not actually trimmed, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Reset] button in the trimming window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.83).
- **Display of the trimmed image in each window**
 - Main window: The frame showing the trimming range is displayed on the image, and the [□] mark is displayed (p.88).
 - Edit window: The image is displayed in its trimmed condition.
 - Edit image window: The thumbnail image is the same as the main window display, and the enlarged image is the same as the edit window display.
- **Printing a trimmed image**
You can print as a trimmed image by printing it in DPP.
- **The image becomes a trimmed image when saved as a separate image**
The trimmed JPEG or TIFF image actually becomes a trimmed image when saved as a separate image (p.83).
- **Images that have aspect ratio set display as trimmed images**
When aspect ratio information is attached to the shot image with a camera where you can set the aspect ratio, the trimming range is displayed based on the aspect ratio information. However, since the image is not actually trimmed, you can change the trimming range or revert to the condition before trimming.



Convenient functions of the trimming window

- **Switch between screens using the keyboard**
You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <⌘> + <F11> keys.
- **Operate using the menu**
Each operation can also be performed with the menu which appears by clicking on the image while holding down the <control> key.
- **Apply the trimmed range to another image**
You can apply the trimmed range to another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the trimmed range, displaying another image and then clicking the [Paste] button.
To batch apply a copied trimming range to multiple images, select the trimmed image and the multiple images to which you want to apply the trimmed range in the main window, and display the trimming window. With the trimmed image displayed, click the [Copy] button and then click the [Apply all] button. This will apply the trimming range to all the images selected when the trimming window is displayed.



For a list of the trimming window functions, refer to p.95.

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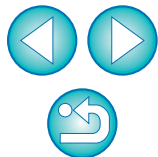
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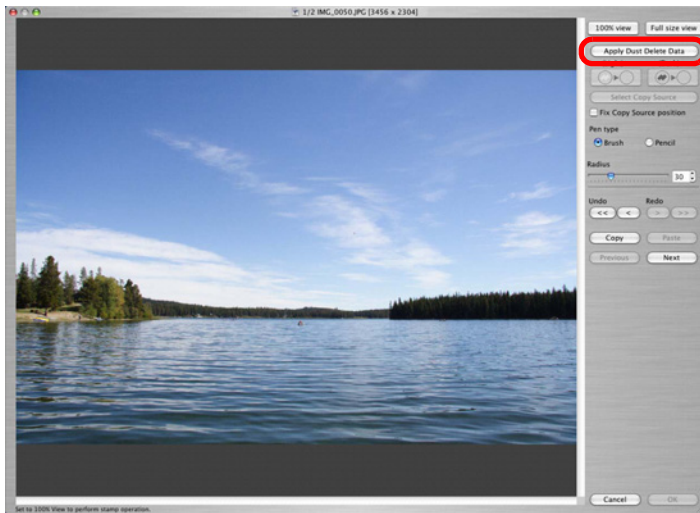
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Performing Automatic Dust Erasure Processing

The Dust Delete Data that is appended to images shot with the camera that can attach this data, can be used to automatically erase dust spots.

- 1 In the main window, select an image appended with Dust Delete Data.**
- 2 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Stamp tool].**
→ The copy stamp window appears.
- 3 When the image has redrawn itself, click the [Apply Dust Delete Data] button.**



→ Dust spots are erased in a single operation.

- 4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.**
→ The [📌] mark (p.88) is displayed on an image from which dust spots have been erased.

? About dust-erased images

- **The dust-erased image can be reverted to its original condition at any time**
A dust-erased image is displayed or printed as a dust-erased image. However, since the dust on the image is not actually erased, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Undo] button in the copy stamp window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.83).
- **Checking dust erasure in the copy stamp window**
Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window. Images before dust erasure are displayed in other windows and you will be unable to check them.
- **Printing dust-erased images**
You can print as a dust-erased image by printing it in DPP.
- **The [Apply Dust Delete Data] button cannot be clicked**
Even with an image that has Dust Delete Data attached to it in the camera, if there is no dust to remove by DPP from the image, the [Apply Dust Delete Data] button will be disabled.
- **To erase dust spots that cannot be erased with the automatic dust erasure processing**
In automatic dust erasure processing, dust spots are erased based on information relating to dust saved in the Dust Delete Data. However, there may be cases where you will not be able to erase dust spots depending on the type of dust. If this occurs, erase those dust spots using the repair function (p.81) or the copy stamp function (p.82).
- **The image becomes a dust-erased image when saved as a separate image**
The dust-erased JPEG or TIFF image actually becomes a dust-erased image when saved as a separate image (p.83).

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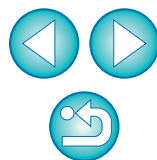
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Useful functions of the copy stamp window

● Checking the dust erased spots

After step 3, you can display and check in detail the erased dust spots one by one by pressing the <F> key. (Press the key to return to the previous dust spot.)

● Canceling a specified erased dust spot only


After step 3, you can press the <F> key or the key to display the erased dust spot, and then press the <delete> key to cancel only the erased dust spot displayed.

● Switch between full screen display/normal screen display using shortcut keys

You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Fn> + <F11> keys.

● Applying the dust erasure result to another image

You can apply dust erasure to the same place in another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the dust erasure results and then displaying the other image to which you want to apply the results and clicking the [Paste] button.

 For a list of the copy stamp window functions, refer to [p.96](#).

Automatic Dust Erasure Processing in the Main Window

In the main window, you can also automatically erase dust spots in multiple images appended with Dust Delete Data.

Select multiple images appended with Dust Delete Data, and then select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ [Apply Dust Delete Data].

→ Dust spots in all the selected images are erased in a single operation.

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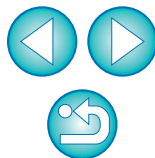
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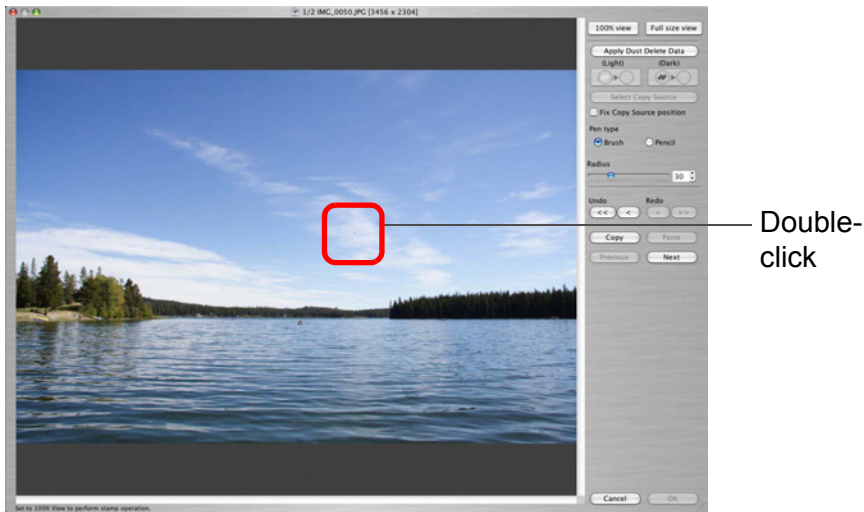
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Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function)


You can erase dust spots in an image by selecting them one by one.

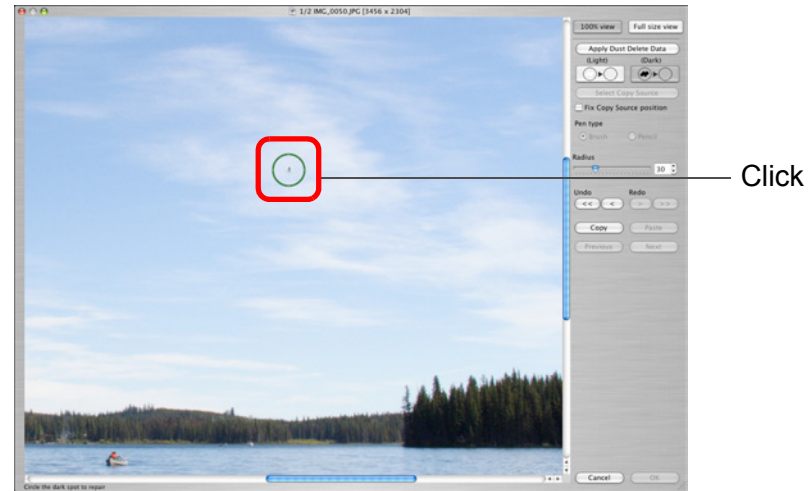
- 1** In the main window, select the image you want to erase dust spots.
- 2** Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Stamp tool].
→ The copy stamp window appears.
- 3** When the image has redrawn itself, double-click the point from where dust is to be erased.






- The display changes to 100% view.
- The display position can be changed by dragging.

- 4** Click the button that matches the dust spots to be erased.
 - If the dust spot is dark in color, click the [] button, and if the dust spot is light in color, click the [] button.
 - When you move the cursor over the image, the dust erasure range appears as [].

- 5** Place the dust spot to be erased within the [] and click.



- The dust spot within the [] is erased.
- Click on another part of the image to continue to erase dust spots in the image.
- To erase dust in another part of the image, click the button clicked in step 4 again to cancel dust erasure processing and perform the operation again from step 3.
- When the dust spot cannot be erased, [] is displayed.

- 6** Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.
→ The [] mark (p.88) is displayed on an image from which dust spots have been erased.

? Additional information

- **Click several times when dust spots are not erased completely**
Where unwanted dust spots are not erased even after performing step 5 once, they may be erased completely when you click several times.
- **Mainly spots of dust can be erased with the repair function**
Spots of dust can be erased with the repair function. You may be unable to erase lines of dust. In this case, use the copy stamp function (p.82).

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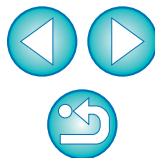
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Erasing Unwanted Parts of an Image (Copy Stamp Function)

You can correct an image by pasting a section copied from another part of the image to an unwanted part of the image.

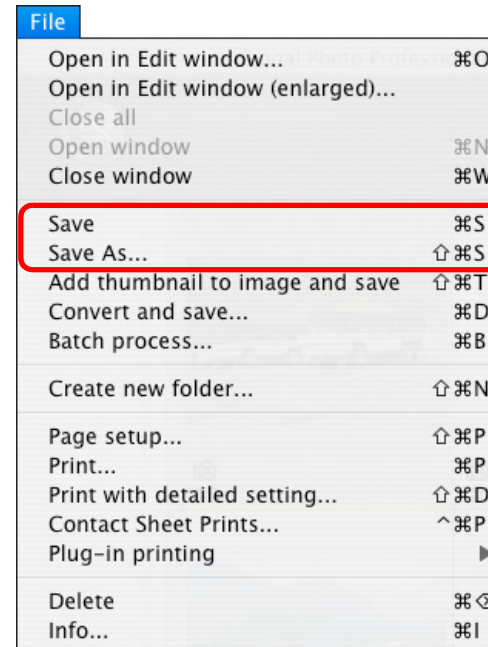
- 1 Follow steps 1 to 3 in “Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function)” (p.81).**
- 2 Specify the section to be copied.**
 - Click on the section that is to be the copy source while holding down the <option> key.
 - To change the section that is to be the copy source, perform the operation above again.
 - To fix the position of the copy source, checkmark [Fix Copy Source position].
- 3 Correct the image.**
 - Click or drag on the section you want to correct on the image. [+]
in the window indicates the copy source and [O] indicates the copy destination.
 - The copied image is pasted in the position to which it was dragged.
 - For [Pen type], you can select from [Brush] (the pasted image’s borders simulate a brush) and [Pencil] (the pasted image’s borders are sharp).
- 4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.**
 - The [🔒] mark (p.88) is displayed on a corrected image.

Saving Editing Results

Saving Editing Content to an Image

All the contents (recipe) adjusted with the tool palette (p.69 to p.76) as well as the trimmed range (p.77) and dust-erasure (p.79 to p.82) information can be saved to a JPEG or TIFF image, or to a separate JPEG or TIFF image.

Select the [File] menu ▶ desired item.



→ Your adjustments are saved to the image.

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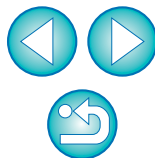
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Saving as a Separate Image

If a JPEG or TIFF image is adjusted with the tool palette (p.69 to p.76) and then saved in the same way as a RAW image as described below, the image can be saved as a separate image with the adjustments applied to it.

Furthermore, if a trimmed image (p.77) or dust-erased image (p.79 to p.82) is also saved in the same way, it actually becomes a trimmed or dust-erased image.

- Saving as a JPEG or TIFF Image (p.34)
- Batch save as JPEG or TIFF images (batch processing) (p.65)

By saving as a separate JPEG or TIFF image as explained above, the adjustments made with the tool palette are applied, and some image deterioration that accompanies editing/saving occurs as when editing with ordinary image editing software.

Applying Editing Contents to Another Image

You can copy editing contents performed on a JPEG or TIFF image and apply them to another image with the procedures below, in the same way as with RAW images.

- Applying adjustment contents to another image (p.63)
- Utilizing adjustment contents (recipe) (p.62)

Printing

Edited JPEG and TIFF images can be printed with the procedures below as with RAW images.

- Printing (p.35)
- Printing with shooting information (p.53)
- Printing a thumbnail list (contact sheet printing) (p.54)
- Printing RAW images on a high-end Canon printer (p.55)

Re-Editing an Image

Only the image processing conditions are changed in images adjusted with the tool palette (p.69 to p.76), so the “original image data itself” remains unaffected. Also, the trimming range or dust-erasure information of a trimmed image (p.77) or dust-erased image (p.79 to p.82) is simply saved to the image.

For this reason, you can undo any adjustments saved (p.82) to the image, trimming range and dust-erasure information, and revert to the condition when last saved, or when the image was shot.

- 1 Select the image that is to be re-edited.
- 2 Select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ desired item.

Adjustment	
Rotate Left	⌘L
Rotate Right	⌘R
Add check mark1	⌘F1
Add check mark2	⌘F2
Add check mark3	⌘F3
Clear check mark	⌘F4
Apply Dust Delete Data	
Work color space	▶
Tone curve assist – Standard	
Tone curve assist – High	
Revert to last saved settings	⇧⌘Z
Revert to shot settings	⇧⌘Z

→ The image reverts to the conditions of the selected item.

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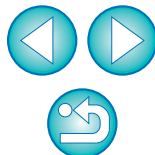
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This reference section has been provided to enhance your experience using DPP.

It contains various troubleshooting solutions, how to delete DPP from your computer, explanations of the various windows and a glossary. An Index is provided at the end of the chapter for you to easily find information you are looking for.

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Troubleshooting

If DPP is not operating correctly, refer to the items below.

Installation could not be completed correctly

- You cannot install software unless you are logged into an account with Administrator privileges. Log in again into an account with Administrator privileges. For how to log in and how to specify Administrator settings, refer to the User's Manual for the Macintosh computer you are using or for OS X.

DPP does not work

- DPP does not operate correctly on a computer if its system requirements does not meet. Use DPP on a computer with compatible system requirements (p.3).
- Even if your computer has the RAM capacity (memory) described in the system requirements (p.3), if other applications are running at the same time as DPP, you may not have sufficient RAM (memory). Quit any applications other than DPP.

Images do not display properly

- Images that are not supported by DPP do not display. There are various types of JPEG and TIFF images, so JPEG images other than Exif 2.2 and 2.21 compatible images and TIFF images other than Exif compatible images may not display properly (p.3).
- When a dust-erased image (p.49 to p.52, p.79 to p.82) is displayed in a window other than the copy stamp window, it is displayed as it was before dust erasure was performed. Check dust-erased images in the copy stamp window.

An image could not be adjusted

- The image adjustment function of the [RAW] tool palette cannot be used on JPEG and TIFF images. Adjust these images with the [RGB] tool palette (p.90).

A recipe could not be pasted (applied) to another image

- You cannot paste (apply) rotation (p.9, p.21, p.87, p.92, p.93), trimming (p.31, p.77), dust erasure (copy stamp) (p.49 to p.52, p.79 to p.82) of an image to another image as a recipe. Trim the image or erase dust of the image using the copy/paste function in each window and rotate each image individually.
- The adjustment contents (recipe) of RAW images that has been adjusted with the image adjustment function of the [RAW] tool palette cannot be applied to JPEG or TIFF images (p.90).

Color appears weak in the image when viewed with other software

- A RAW image which has a color space other than sRGB set (p.52, p.59, p.60) and is then converted and saved as a JPEG or TIFF image will appear weak in color when viewed in software that is only compatible with sRGB color space. In this case, set the RAW image color space to sRGB, convert again to a JPEG or TIFF image and save, and then view this image.

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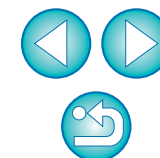
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The colors of the image displayed on screen and the colors of the printed image do not match

- If the color of the monitor that displays an image is not adjusted correctly, or if a profile for a printer that is to print images, has not been set up, the color of the image displayed on screen and the color of the printed photograph may differ greatly. If the color of the monitor that displays images is corrected (p.59, p.60) and a profile for a printer is set up correctly (p.59, p.60), the color of a printed photograph and the color of an image on screen can be more closely matched. Printing with a Canon printer (p.35, p.55, p.56) automatically sets up printer profiles, so you only need to set the color of the monitor to bring the colors closer together.
- When printing with Easy-PhotoPrint and the Easy-PhotoPrint automatic compensation function and the various types of image adjustment functions are operating, colors are not printed correctly. Cancel all Easy-PhotoPrint image adjustment functions (p.36).
- Even if you set a printer profile, if you use the color adjustment function of the printer driver, the image may print in colors different from those displayed on screen. Do not use the color adjustment function of the printer driver.

Printing a large number of images in batches cannot be performed

- If a large number of images are printed in batches, printing may stop in the middle or the images may not be printed. Reduce the number of images to print or increase the memory on your computer.

A file remains in the folder after images are deleted

- Delete [CRW_YYYY.THM] (camera index display image) if it remains in the folder from which images have been deleted (p.38).
* Numbers are entered for [YYYY] in the file name.

The image information does not display

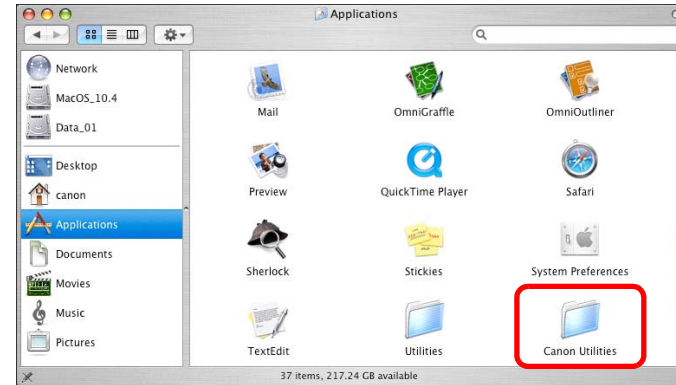
- A JPEG image set to Adobe RGB and shot with the EOS 10D and EOS DIGITAL REBEL/300D DIGITAL may not display image information (p.9, p.20).

Deleting the Software (Uninstalling)

- Quit any applications before uninstalling the software.
- Log into the account used when installation was performed.
- When you have moved the folders and the software to be deleted to the Trash, select the [Finder] menu ▶ [Empty Trash] and empty the Trash. You cannot reinstall the software until you have emptied the Trash.

1 Display the folder in which the software is saved.

- Open the [Canon Utilities] folder.



2 Drag the folder for the software to be uninstalled to the Trash.

3 Select [Finder] menu on the desktop ▶ [Empty Trash].

- The software is deleted.
- When uninstallation ends, restart your computer.

! You cannot retrieve data that you have emptied into the Trash and deleted, so be particularly careful when deleting data.

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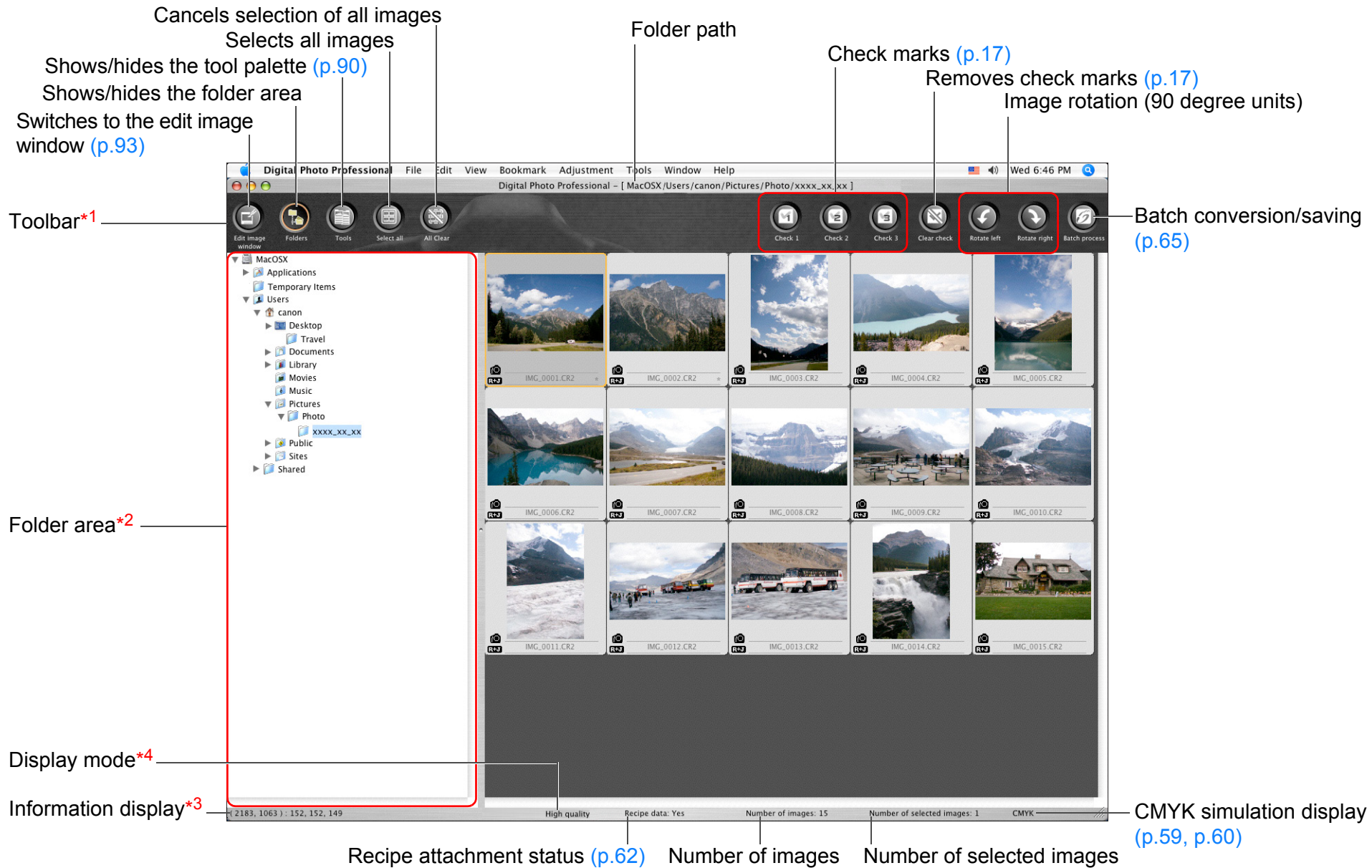
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List of Main Window Functions (p.9)



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*1 To switch between show/hide, select the [View] menu ► [Toolbar].

*2 The images inside the folders selected here are displayed in a thumbnail list on the right.

*3 Displays the coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion) when click white balance was performed with the tool palette.

*4 The item selected in [Viewing and saving RAW images] (p.57) of the [Preferences] window is displayed.

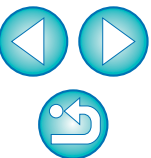
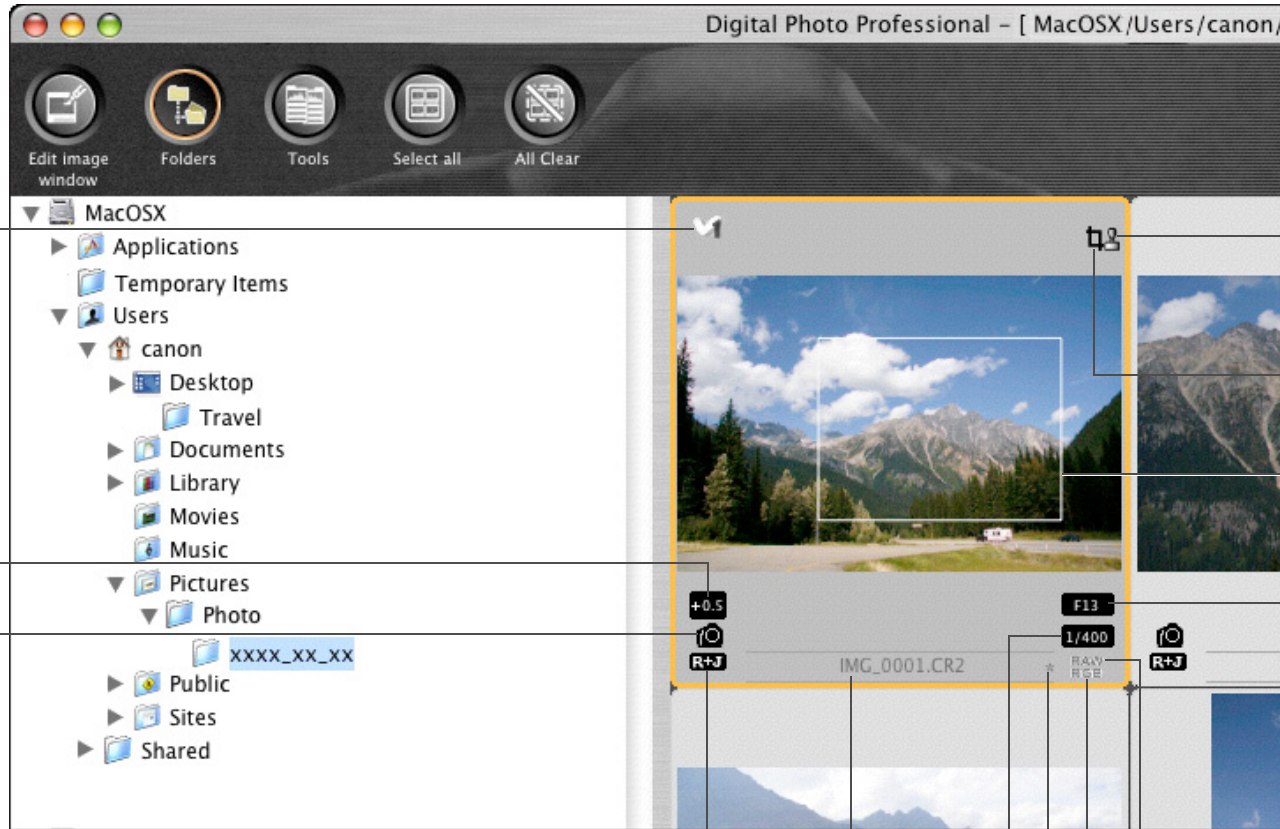


Image Frame Information in the Main Window and Edit Image Window (p.9, p.29)

Information displayed when [Large thumbnail] (p.9) is selected



Check mark
(p.16, p.17)

Brightness
adjustment value*1
(p.22)

White balance icon*1
(p.23)

Copy stamp mark
(p.49 to p.52, p.79 to
p.82)

Trimming mark
(p.31, p.77)

Trimming range*6
(p.31, p.77)

Aperture*3

Image type*2
File name
RAW adjustment mark*1*4
RGB adjustment mark*1*5
Shutter speed*3
Unsaved editing content mark

*1 Does not display with [Small thumbnail].

*2 Displays in RAW+JPEG images displayed as a single image (p.19).
[RAW] is displayed in RAW images. (In [Small thumbnail] (p.9), [R] is
displayed.)

*3 Does not display with [Medium thumbnail] or [Small thumbnail].

*4 Displays in an image edited with the [RAW] tool palette in the edit
window and the edit image window.

*5 Displays in an image edited with the [RGB] tool palette in the edit
window and the edit image window.

*6 When aspect ratio information is attached to the shot image with a
camera where you can set the aspect ratio, the image is displayed as
a trimmed image.

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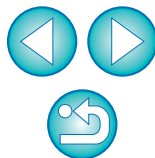
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List of Edit Window Functions (p.10, p.21)



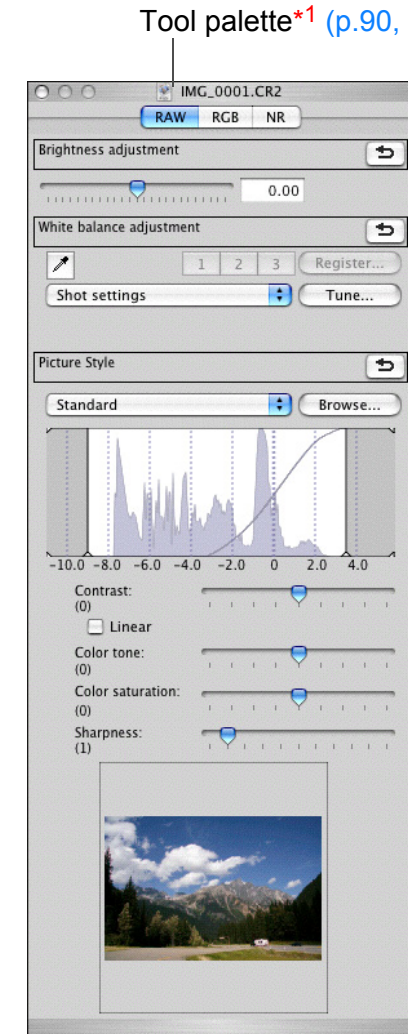
Path and file name of image

Information display*2

Display mode*4 (p.57)

CMYK simulation display (p.59, p.60)

Image color space*3 and work color space (p.52, p.59, p.60)



Tool palette*1 (p.90, p.91)

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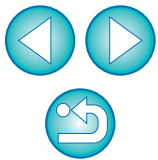
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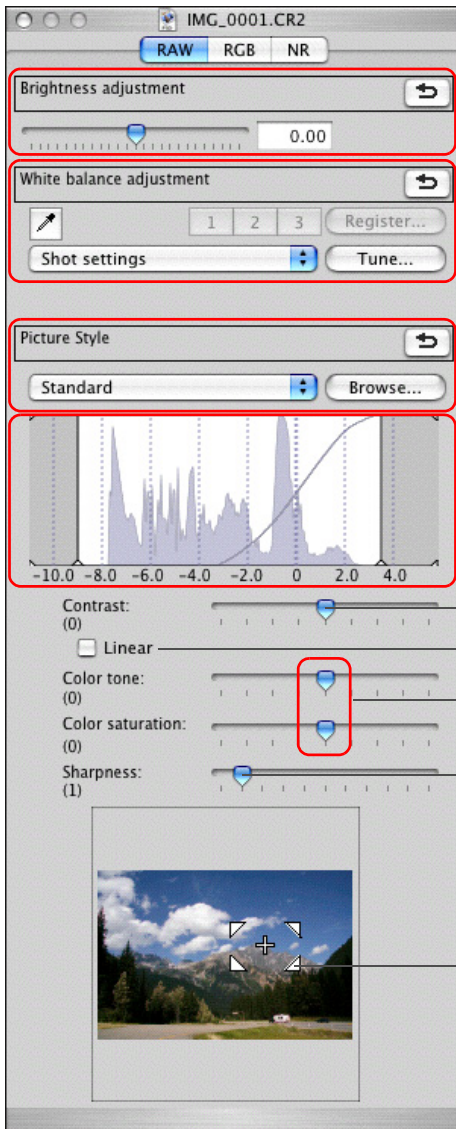


*1 To switch between show/hide, select the [View] menu ▶ [Tool palette].
 *2 Displays the coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion).

*3 RAW images are displayed with [RAW].
 *4 The item selected in [Viewing and saving RAW images] (p.57) of the [Preferences] window is displayed.

List of Tool Palette Functions

RAW Tool Palette (p.21)



Brightness adjustment (p.22)

White balance adjustment (p.23, p.24, p.44)

Picture Style settings (p.22, p.45)

Dynamic range adjustment (p.45)

Contrast adjustment (p.25)

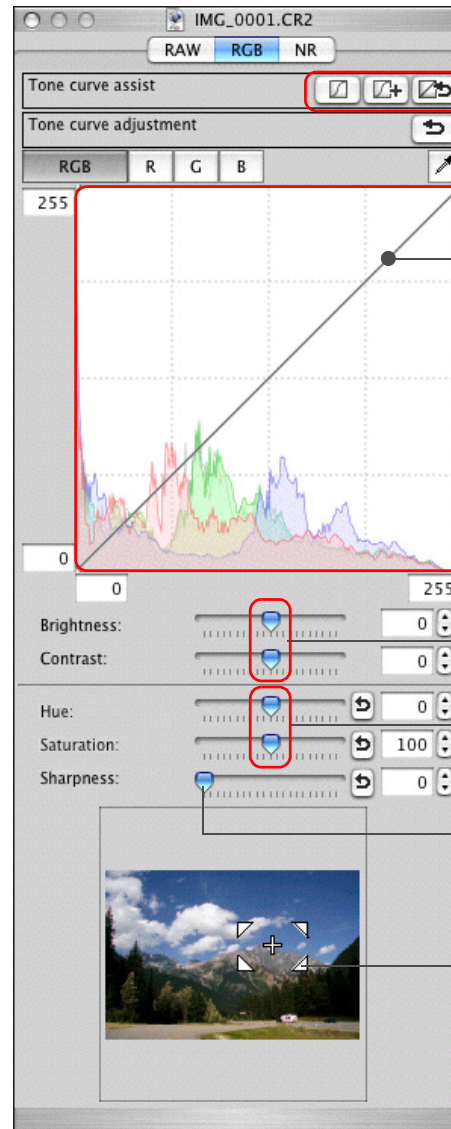
Linear setting (p.25)

Color tone and color saturation adjustment (p.25)

Sharpness adjustment (p.27)

Enlargement display position*1

RGB Tool Palette (p.47)



Automatic adjustment (tone curve assist) (p.28, p.70)

Click white balance (p.72)

Tone curve adjustment (p.46, p.74)

Dynamic range adjustment (p.75)

Brightness and contrast adjustment (p.71)

Hue and Saturation adjustment (p.73)

Sharpness adjustment (p.73)

Enlargement display position*1

*1 If an image is displayed enlarged, the enlargement display position can be moved by dragging. The enlargement display position appears when [Docking display] (p.58) has been set and the edit image window (p.93) has been enlarged.

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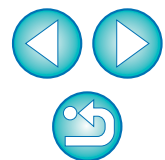
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NR Tool Palette (p.48)

(When a RAW image is selected)



Luminance noise reduction for RAW images (p.48)

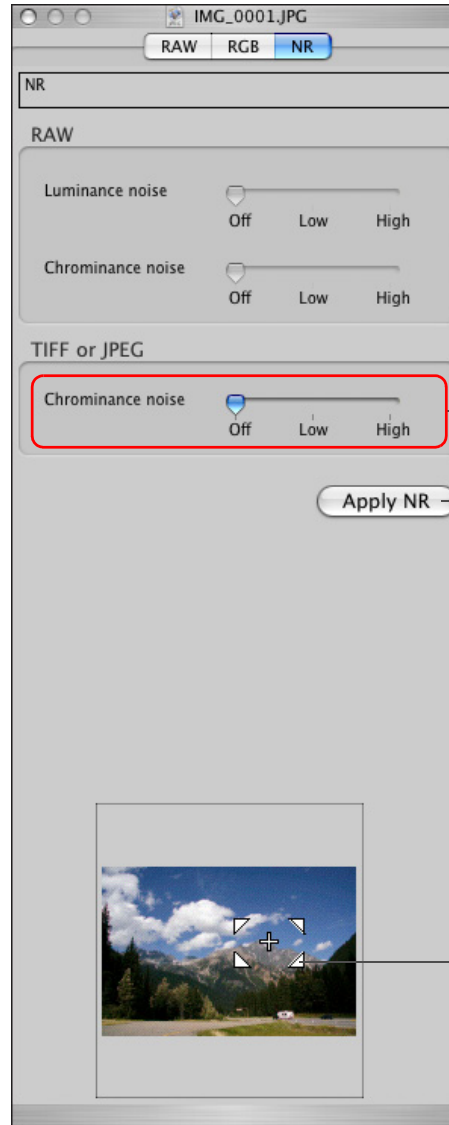
Chrominance noise reduction for RAW images (p.48)

Apply NR button (p.48)

Enlargement display position*1

NR Tool Palette (p.76)

(When a JPEG or TIFF image is selected)



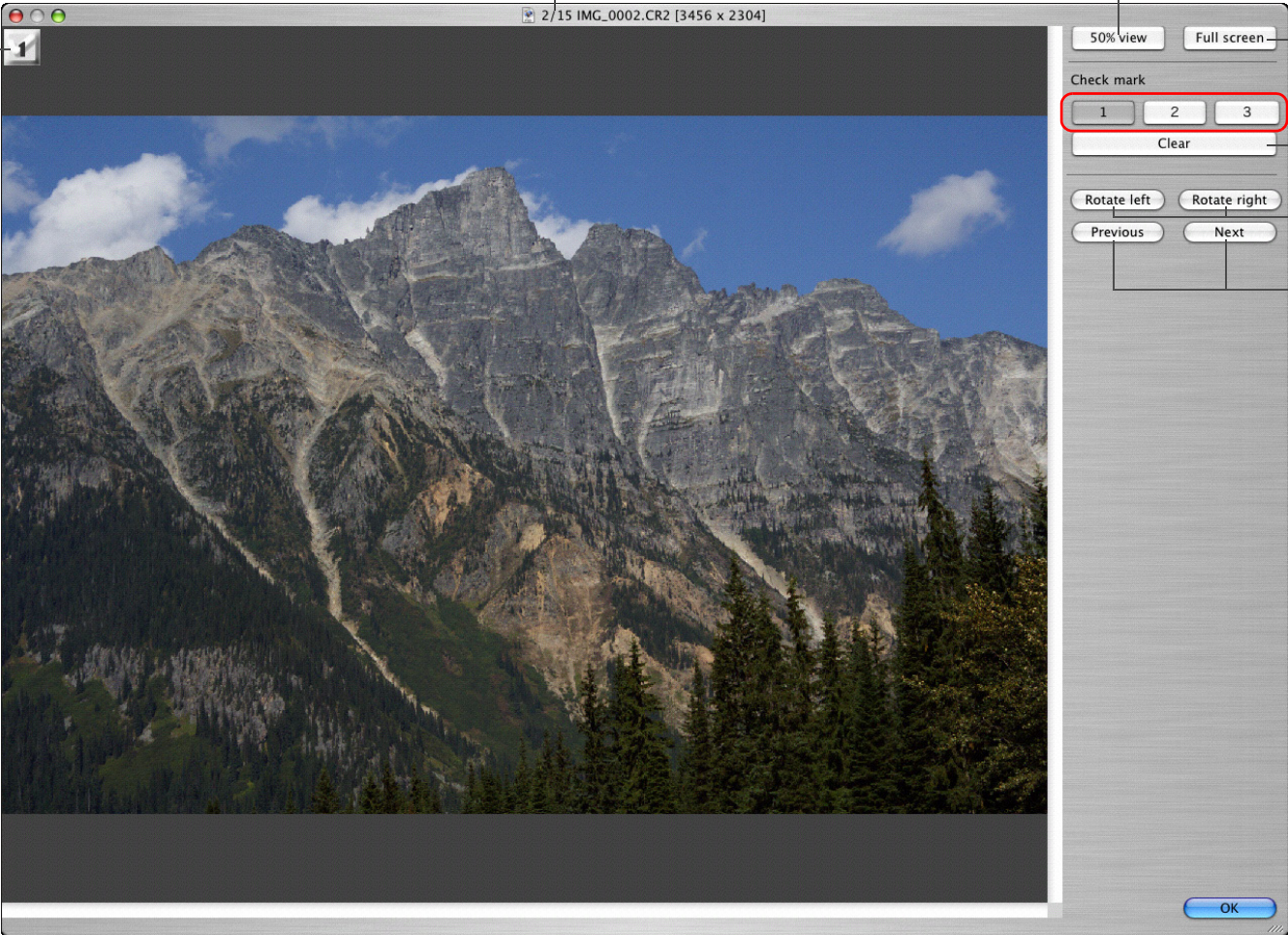
Chrominance noise reduction for JPEG and TIFF images (p.76)

Apply NR button (p.76)

Enlargement display position*1

*1 If an image is displayed enlarged, the enlargement display position can be moved by dragging. The enlargement display position appears when [Docking display] (p.58) has been set and the edit image window (p.93) has been enlarged.

List of Quick Check Window Functions (p.15, p.16)



The screenshot shows a window titled "2 / 15 IMG_0002.CR2 [3456 x 2304]". The main area displays a landscape image of a mountain range. On the right side, there is a control panel with the following elements:

- 50% view/full view*1**: A label pointing to the "50% view" and "Full screen" buttons.
- Check mark display**: A label pointing to a small icon in the top-left corner of the image area.
- Check mark**: A label pointing to the "Check mark" section of the control panel, which includes buttons labeled "1", "2", and "3".
- Clear**: A label pointing to the "Clear" button below the check mark buttons.
- Image rotation (90 degree units)**: A label pointing to the "Rotate left" and "Rotate right" buttons.
- Switches between displayed images**: A label pointing to the "Previous" and "Next" buttons.
- Displays the image in full screen*2**: A label pointing to the "Full screen" button.
- Check marks (p.16)**: A label pointing to the "1", "2", and "3" buttons.
- Removes check marks (p.16)**: A label pointing to the "Clear" button.

The control panel also includes an "OK" button at the bottom right.

- *1 In [50% view], you can move the display position by dragging.
- *2 To return to the normal screen, press the <esc> key.

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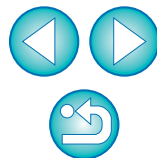
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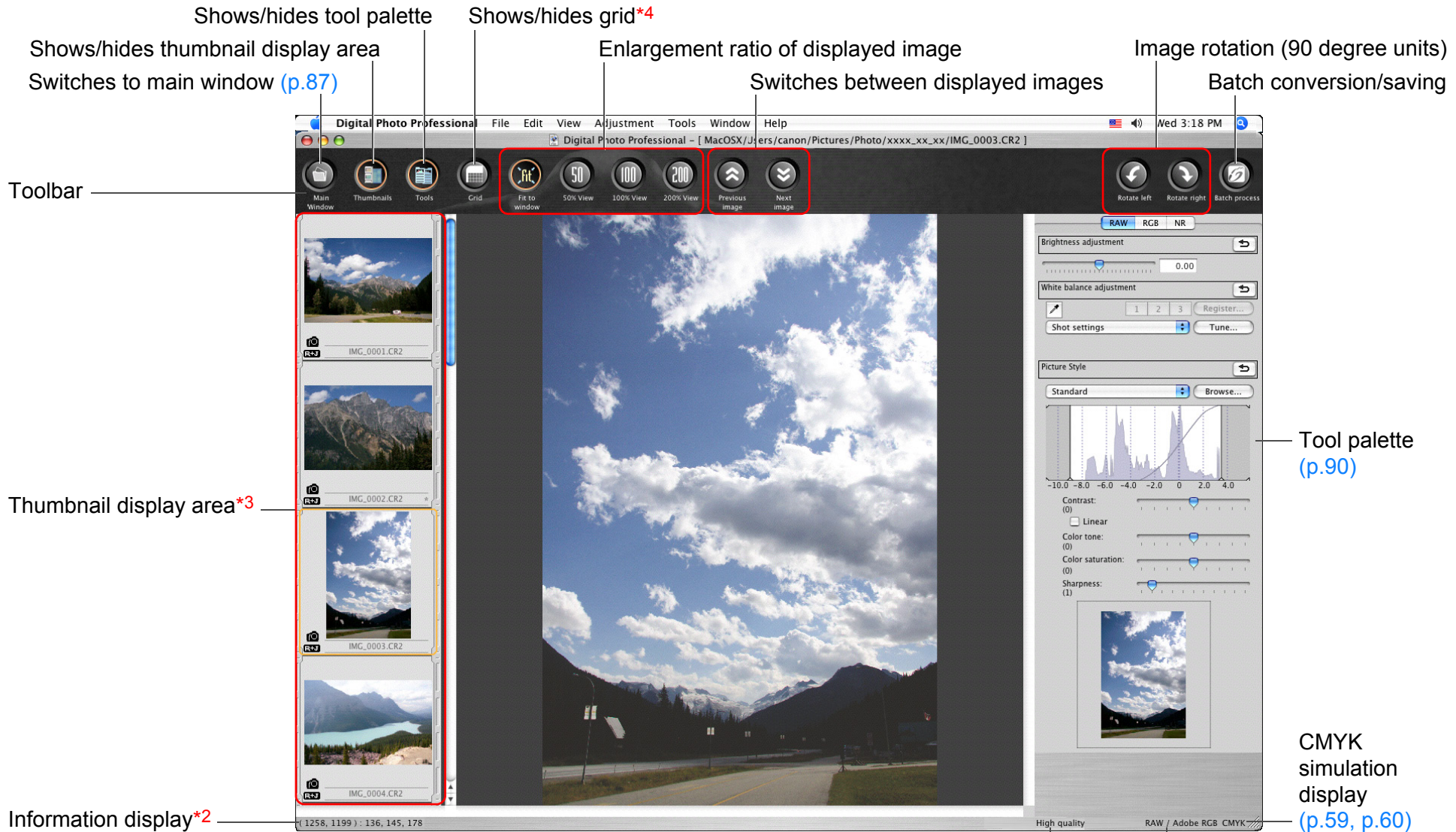
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List of Edit Image Window Functions (p.29, p.30)



- *1 RAW images are displayed with [RAW].
- *2 Displays the coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion).
- *3 Displays images selected in the main window. The image selected here is enlarged and displayed on the right.

- *4 You can set the grid spacing with [Grid pitch] in the [Preferences] (p.58).
- *5 The item selected in [RAW image display and save] (p.57) of the [Preferences] window is displayed.

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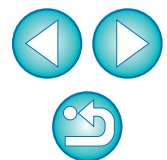
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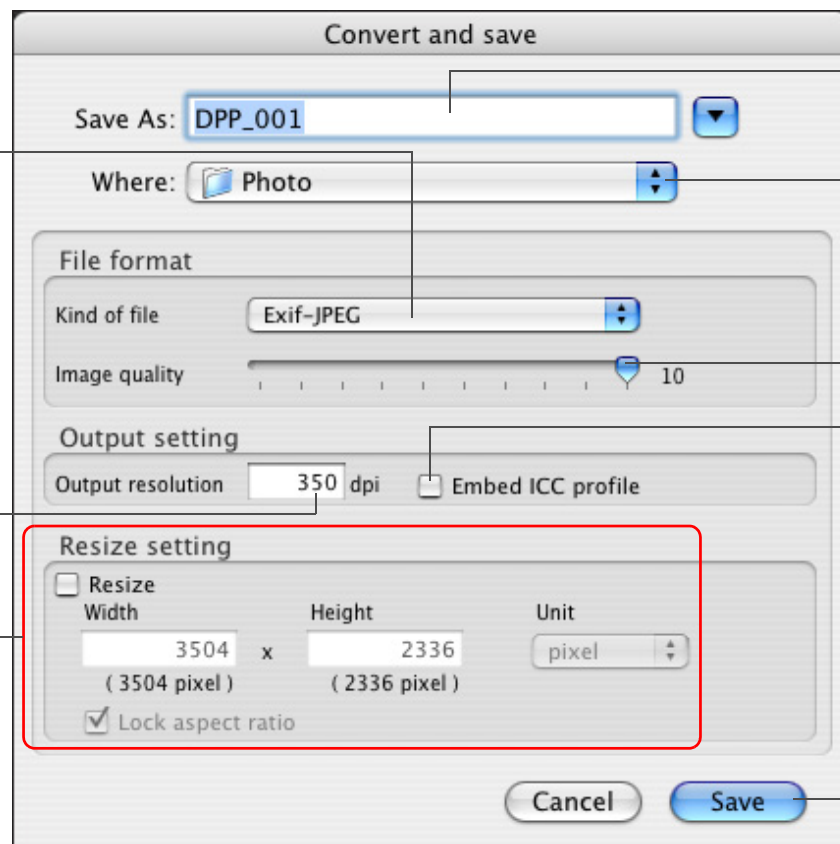
List of Convert/Save One Image Window Functions (p.34)

Types of image

Type of image	Extension
Exif-JPEG	.JPG
Exif-TIFF 8bit	.TIF
TIFF 16bit	.TIF
Exif-Tiff 8bit+Exif-JPEG	.TIF/.JPG
TIFF 16bit+Exif-JPEG	.TIF/.JPG

Resolution*1

Size changing*4



File name

Save destination

JPEG compression rate*3

Embeds of ICC profiles*2 (p.99)

Save

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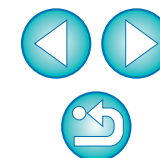
*1 The setting range is 1 to 60,000 dpi.

*2 Color space (p.52, p.59, p.60) information that is set in an image is attached to an ICC profile.

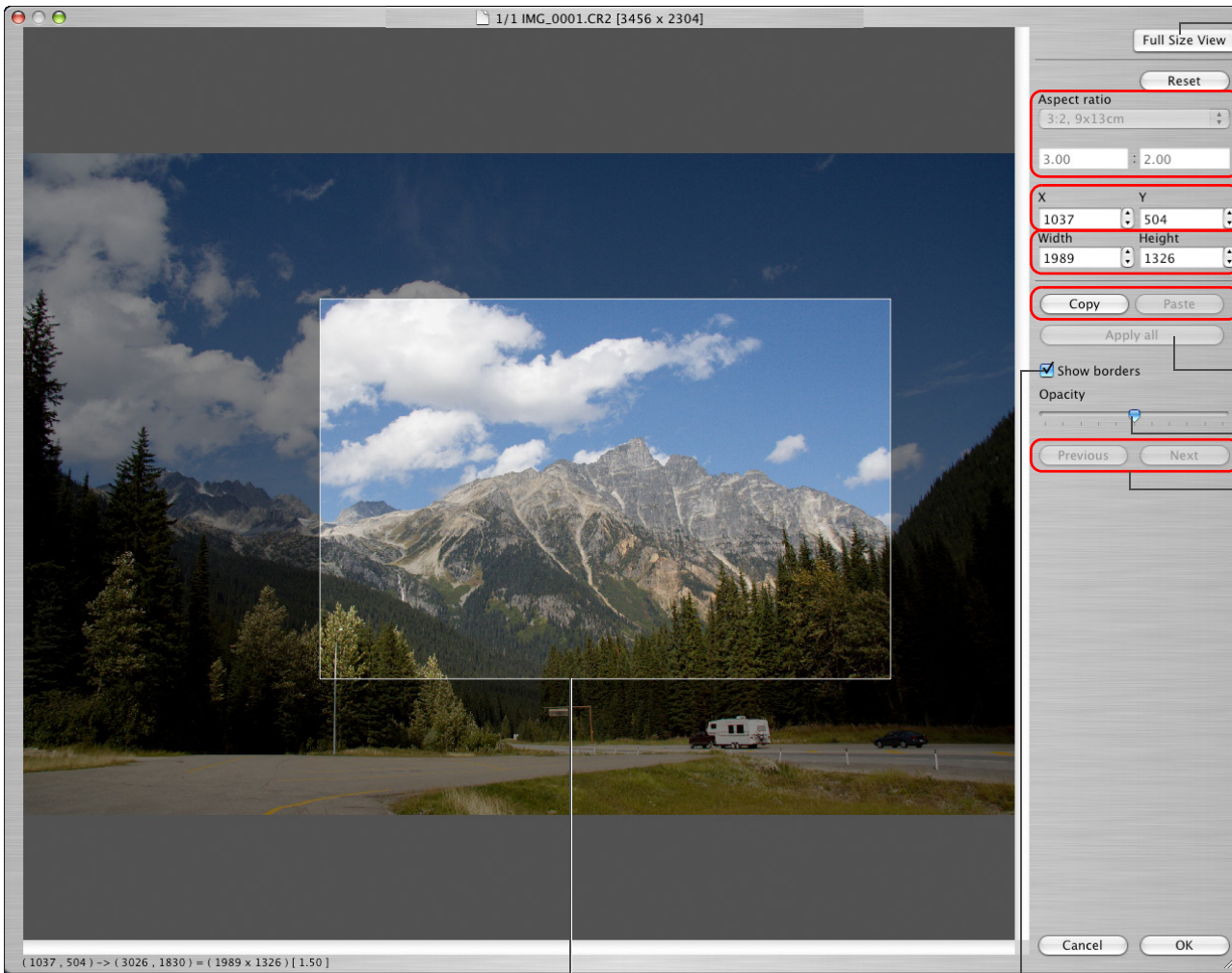
Even if you remove the check mark from images that have been set to Apple RGB, ColorMatch RGB or Wide Gamut RGB color space (p.52, p.59, p.60), the ICC profiles are embedded automatically.

*3 The setting range is 1 to 10. The higher the numerical value, the higher the image quality becomes.

*4 The larger of the two values set in [Width] and [Height] is applied to the longer edge of an image and change its size.



List of Trimming Window Functions (p.31, p.77)



Borders around a trimming range

Displays borders around a trimmed range

Full screen display/returns to normal screen

Ratio of trimming range (you can also enter numerical values if you have selected [Custom])^{*1}

Upper left coordinates of trimmed range (you can also enter numerical values)

Size of trimmed range (you can also enter numerical values)

Copies the trimmed range and applies (pastes) it to another image^{*2}

Applies the copied trimming range to other images^{*2}

Level of opacity outside a trimmed range

Switches between displayed images^{*2}

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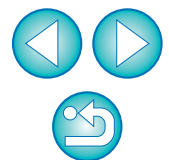
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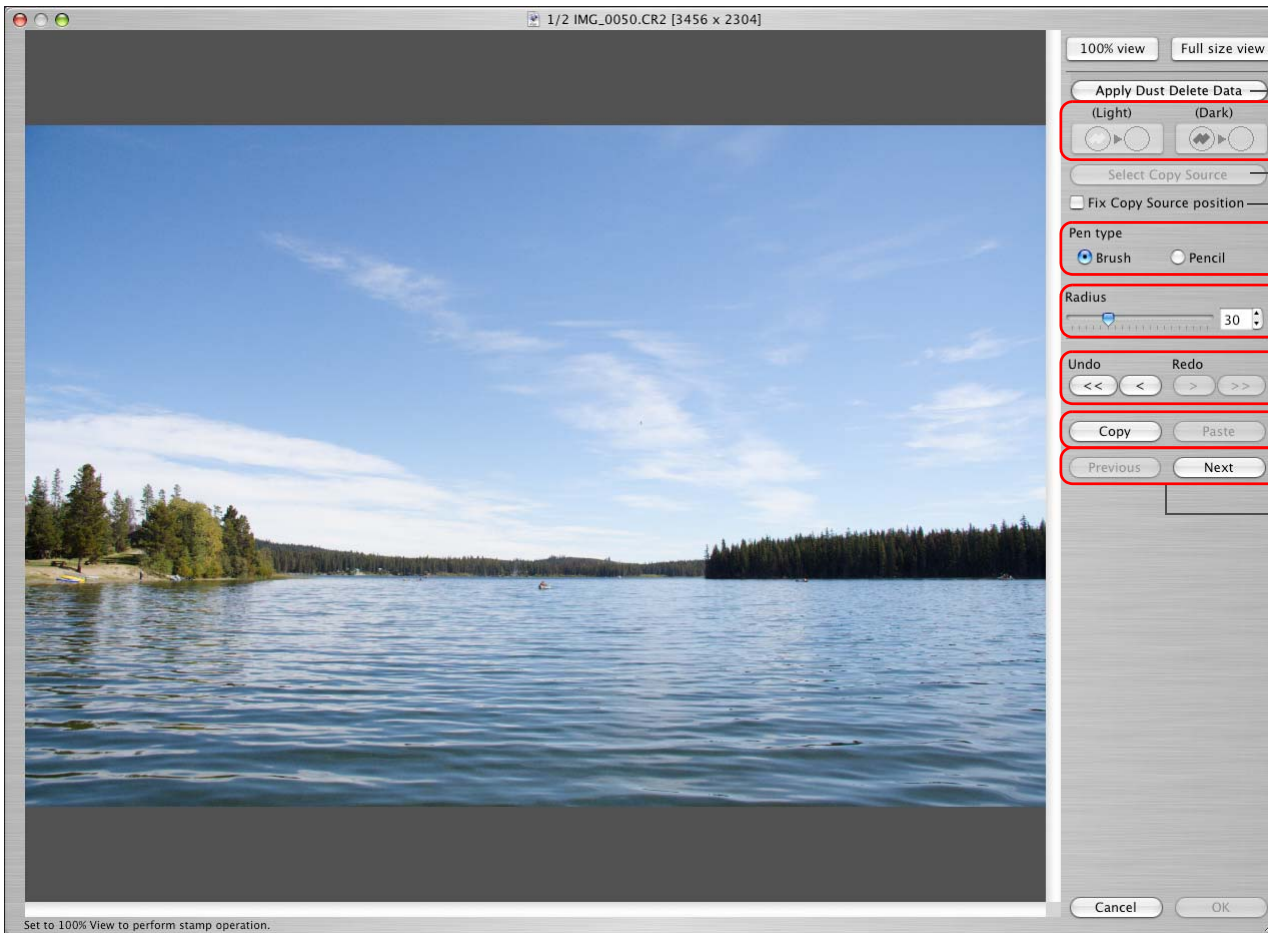
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^{*1} If [Free] has been selected in the [Aspect ratio] list box, you can also drag the borders of the trimmed range to change its range.

^{*2} Operates when you have selected multiple images and the trimming window is displayed.

List of Copy Stamp Window Functions (p.49 to p.52, p.79 to p.82)



- Full screen display/returns to normal screen
- Applies Dust Delete Data (p.49, p.79)
- Types of dust to be erased (p.51, p.81)
- Specifies the copy source (p.52, p.82)
- Fixes the copy source position (p.52, p.82)
- Types of stamps (p.52, p.82)
- Sets the size of the dust erasure range (p.51, p.81) or copy range (p.52, p.82) in a range of 5 to 100 (in one pixel units) (you can also enter a numerical value)
- Restores/redoes the image
- Copies the dust erasure range or copy range and applies (pastes) it to another image
- Switches between displayed images*

* Operates when you have selected multiple images and the copy stamp window is displayed.

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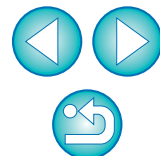
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List of Convert/Save Multiple Images Window (Batch Processing) Functions [\(p.65\)](#)

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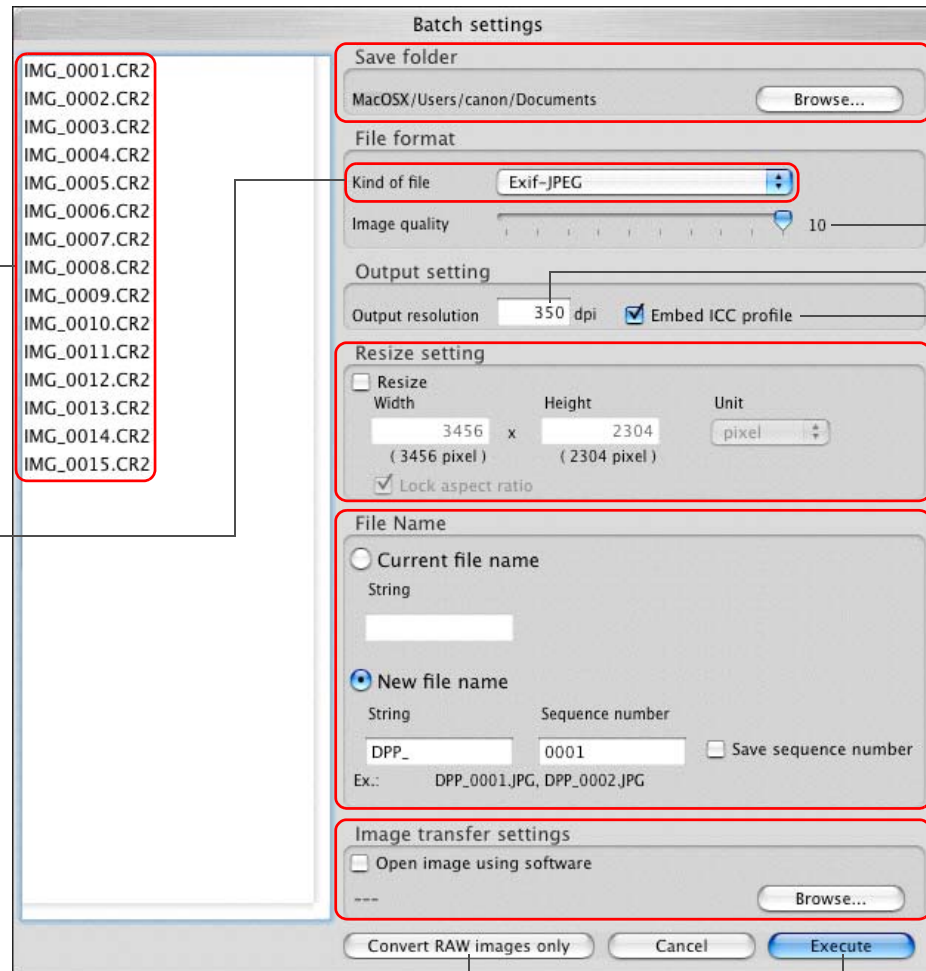
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File names of images to be batch saved

Types of image

Type of image	Extension
Exif-JPEG	.JPG
Exif-TIFF 8bit	.TIF
TIFF 16bit	.TIF
Exif-Tiff 8bit+Exif-JPEG	.TIF/.JPG
TIFF 16bit+Exif-JPEG	.TIF/.JPG



Save destination

JPEG compression rate*3

Resolution*1

Embeds ICC profiles*2 (p.99)

Size changing*4

File name

Batch transfer to other image editing software (p.66)

Images to be converted are limited to RAW images*5

Save

*1 The setting range is 1 to 60,000 dpi.

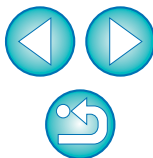
*2 Color space (p.52, p.59, p.60) information that is set in an image is attached to an ICC profile.

Even if you remove the check mark from images that have been set to Apple RGB, ColorMatch RGB or Wide Gamut RGB color space (p.52, p.59, p.60), the ICC profiles are embedded automatically.

*3 The setting range is 1 to 10. The higher the numerical value, the higher the image quality becomes.

*4 The larger of the two values set in [Width] and [Height] is applied to the longer edge of an image and change its size.

*5 Appears when you click the [Batch process] button (p.87, p.93) without an image selected in the main window or the edit image window. To convert RAW images only, instead of clicking the [Execute] button, click this button.



List of Rename Window Functions (p.67)

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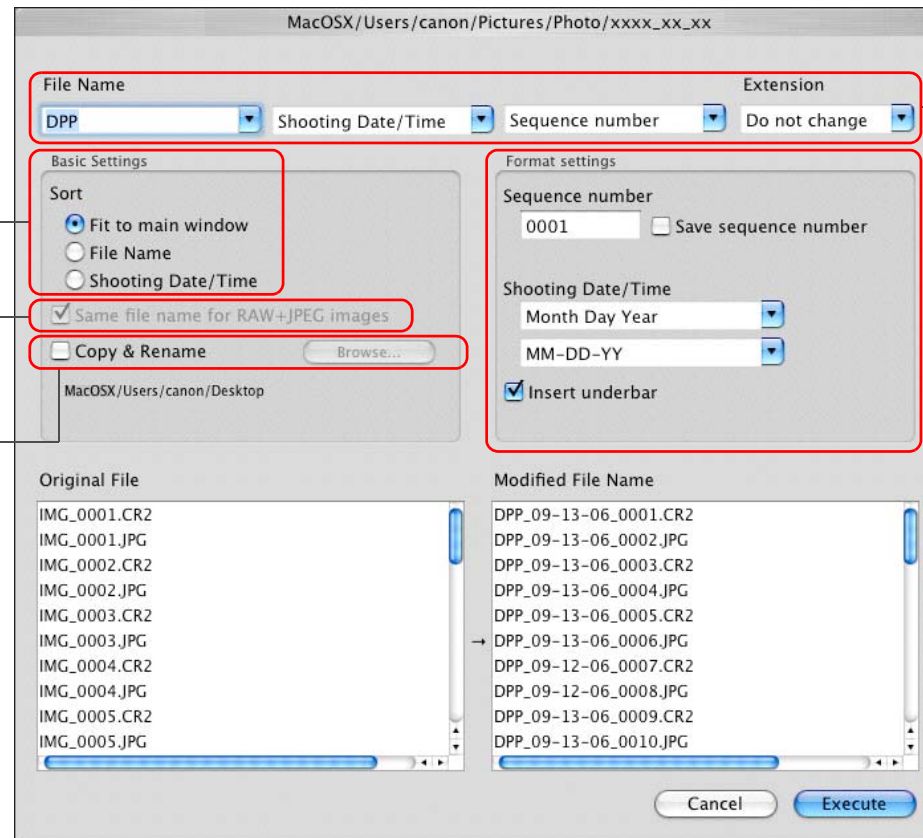
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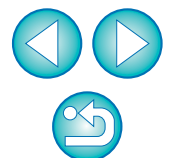
Sets the new file name

Sets the format of information in the file name

Order in which images are sorted

Check mark to apply the same name to RAW images and JPEG images recorded simultaneously

Check mark to copy the images
Click the [Browse] button and set the save destination



Glossary

RAW image

EOS DIGITAL camera RAW images are recorded in an uncompressed 14bit or 12bit format.

Because RAW images are special images in an undeveloped status, you need software with development processing functions such as DPP in order to view them. The advantage of the undeveloped RAW images is that you can make a variety of adjustments to RAW images with almost no deterioration of the image.

* “RAW” meaning “in a natural condition” or “not processed or refined”.

JPEG image

The most ordinary image in non-reversible compressed 8bit format. The advantage of this is that by saving at a high compression rate, the file size can be small of even image data that has a high pixel count. Because during saving and compression part of the data is thinned out to make the file size small, every time you edit or save, the image deteriorates.

With DPP, even if you repeat editing/saving, only the recipe data is modified, and no overwriting or compression occurs so the original image data does not deteriorate.

* JPEG is an abbreviation of “Joint Photographic Experts Group”.

TIFF image

Bitmap-format image recorded in a 8bit/16bit uncompressed format. Because TIFF images are in uncompressed format, they are suitable for saving an image while maintaining the original high image quality.

* TIFF is an abbreviation of “Tagged Image File Format”.

Recipe

The “Image processing conditions information” for RAW images that can be edited in DPP is called a “recipe”.

Further, in DPP, you can perform image editing on JPEG and TIFF images that use “recipes” as with RAW images.

bit number

Binary unit of information volume in the color of an image. The number shows the number of bits per pixel.

The larger the number of bits, the more the color numbers and the gradation becomes smoother. A one-bit image is a black-and-white image.

Color Management System (Color Matching)

Digital cameras that shoot images, monitors that display images, and printers that print images each have a different way of creating color. For this reason, there may be a difference between the color of an image you view on a monitor and the color of an image you have printed.

A color management system is a system for managing color in order to bring these colors closer together. With DPP, you can more closely match color between different devices using ICC profiles between different devices.

ICC profiles

ICC profiles are files containing color information such as color characteristics and color space for various devices, set by the ICC (International Color Consortium). Most devices such as the monitor we use to view images or the printer we use to print images can be managed (color management) using these ICC profiles and the color between different devices can be more closely matched.

DPP has color management that uses these ICC profiles.

Tone Curve

A tone curve shows values before adjustment (input) as the horizontal axis on a graph, and the values after adjustment (output) as the vertical axis. Since the values of before adjustment and after adjustment are the same before any adjustment is made, the tone curve displays as a straight line from bottom left to top right, and by changing this tone curve, you can adjust in detail the image’s brightness, contrast and color. The more you go right on the horizontal axis, the more the plus value it becomes, and the higher you go on the vertical axis, the more the plus value it becomes.

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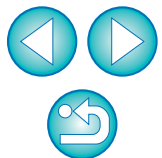
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Color space

A color space is the reproducible color range (color gamut characteristics). DPP supports the following five kinds of color space.

sRGB : Standard color space for Windows. Widely used for the standard color space of monitors, digital cameras, and scanners.

Adobe RGB : A wider color space than sRGB. Mainly used for printing for business purposes.

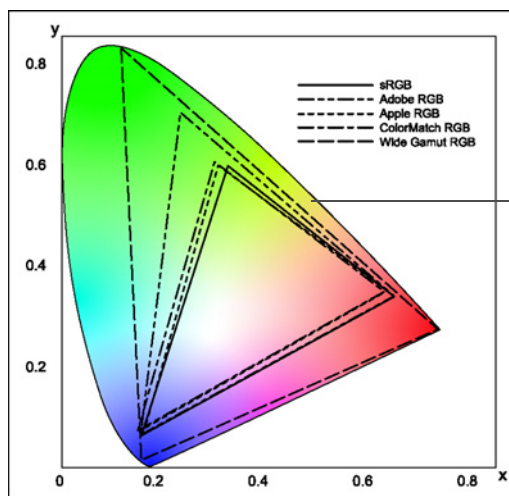
Apple RGB : Standard color space for Macintosh. A slightly wider color space than sRGB.

ColorMatch RGB : A slightly wider color space than sRGB. Mainly used for printing for business purposes.

Wide Gamut RGB : A wider color space than Adobe RGB.

Refer to the color chart below for the color area of each color space.

Color chart of color spaces compatible with DPP



Color range that can be seen by the human eye

		Gamma value	White point (color temp.)
—————	sRGB	2.2	6500K(D65)
-----	Adobe RGB	2.2	6500K(D65)
-----	Apple RGB	1.8	6500K(D65)
-----	ColorMatch RGB	1.8	5000K(D50)
-----	Wide Gamut RGB	2.2	5000K(D50)

CMYK simulation profiles

A profile that simulates colors when printing in a CMYK environment (printing machine, etc.). With DPP, you can simulate color with four types of profile.

Euro Standard : Profile normally used for book printing in Europe, suitable for simulation of standard European printing.

JMPA : Profile normally used for book printing, etc. in Japan, suitable for simulation of magazine advertising standard color printing.

U.S.Web Coated : Profile normally used for book printing in North America, suitable for simulation of North American standard printing.

JapanColor2001 type3 : Profile becoming a standard in the Japanese printing industry, suitable for simulation of JapanColor standard printing.

Rendering intent

Rendering intents are color conversion methods when printing an image. The conversion method of each rendering intent is shown below.

Perceptual : Before and after conversion, all colors are converted to maintain the relationship between colors. Even where colors slightly change, you can print a natural-looking image which has maintained color harmony. However, depending on the image, the saturation may change overall.

Relative Colorimetric : There will not be much conversion to colors which are similar before and after conversion, but colors which are not similar are converted appropriately. Because there are little changes to similar colors which comprise most of an image, you can print a natural-looking image in which the saturation has not changed greatly. However, depending on the image, there are cases where the overall tone of an image changes somewhat as colors which are not similar and highlights change.

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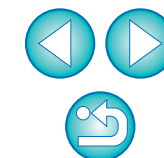
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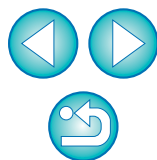
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